

INTEGRATED ANNUAL REPORT

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Group Five is a leading African construction, concessions and manufacturing group with the capability to deliver across the full infrastructure lifecycle.

Our offering includes project development, investment, design, construction, operations and maintenance, as well as manufacturing and supply of materials.

We operate in the infrastructure, energy, resources and real estate sectors. Our operations are largely focused on South Africa and the rest of Africa, with operating experience in 26 countries. We also have established road concessions in Eastern Europe.

This integrated annual report outlines the group's strategy, structure, year under review and future focus.

ABOUT THIS REPORT

REPORT APPROACH

This integrated annual report covers the activities of Group Five for the 12 months to 30 June 2015.

The board of directors approved this report on 7 August 2015.



PRINTED SECTION

The printed section of the integrated annual report aims to provide concise, relevant and reliable information addressing the group's issues and activities.

PAGE

This icon indicates where readers can find additional information in the printed integrated annual report.



ONLINE SECTION

An additional section is available on the group's website (www.groupfive.co.za), which expands on the group's issues and individual stakeholder requirements.

WEB

This icon indicates where readers can find additional information on the group's website.

These two sections create the group's integrated annual report.

MATERIAL ISSUES AND STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

The group engages with a range of stakeholders throughout the year.

The issues communicated to management by our stakeholders were considered during the compilation of this integrated annual report. For information on stakeholder engagement, refer to page 28.

The board considers what constitutes material issues to the group. This year, we continued to interrogate the material issues through various forums, such as our main board and sub-committee board meetings.

SCOPE AND BOUNDARY

The group operates in South Africa, the rest of Africa and Eastern Europe.

This integrated annual report was compiled whilst considering the recommendations of the new Global Reporting Initiative (GRI G4), the King III Report on Corporate Governance (King III) for South African reports and the International Integrated Reporting Council. We have documented our assessment of the 75 King III principles in a register. Although we are not in a position to fully report against G4, we outline a response table to certain of the new relevant GRI indicators. These can be found in the online section of the integrated annual report.

The printed section of the integrated annual report includes audited summarised consolidated annual financial statements on pages 148 to 158, which were extracted from the audited consolidated annual financial statements. The complete set of these statements is available in the online section of the integrated annual report. The annual financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), JSE Listings Requirements and the South African Companies Act.

APPROVALS

The audit committee is responsible for overseeing the content of the integrated annual report and recommended the integrated annual report to the board for its approval.

Our independent auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers Inc., issued an unmodified audit opinion on the consolidated annual financial statements and on the summarised consolidated annual financial statements. The unmodified audit opinion on the group's consolidated annual financial statements is incorporated in the consolidated annual financial statements. The unmodified audit opinion on the summarised consolidated annual financial statements can be found on page 141 of this integrated annual report. References to future financial performance in the integrated annual report have not been reviewed or reported on by our auditors.

We are pleased to have again published our integrated annual report on the same day as our results release date, which is within 50 days of the group's year end.

WE WELCOME FEEDBACK ON OUR INTEGRATED ANNUAL REPORT

Please contact us at

info@groupfive.co.za or +27 10 060 1555

PERFORMANCE AT A GLANCE



ERIC VEMER

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

"Against a very disappointing performance, we examined what needs to be fixed in our business and established clear plans to tackle the difficult issues head on, agree a common way forward and deliver on action plans. Measures taken have included increasing our team's responsibility, accountability and consequences for poor delivery."

"Whilst a weak South African market exacerbated our poor performance, we acknowledge that a large part of our under-delivery was due to internal execution issues in our Civil Engineering segment. We acted promptly by restructuring and rightsizing this segment. The business is now more competitively placed to secure a fair share of available work, as well as being sized appropriately to the anticipated future market demand."

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32



CRISTINA FREITAS TEIXEIRA

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

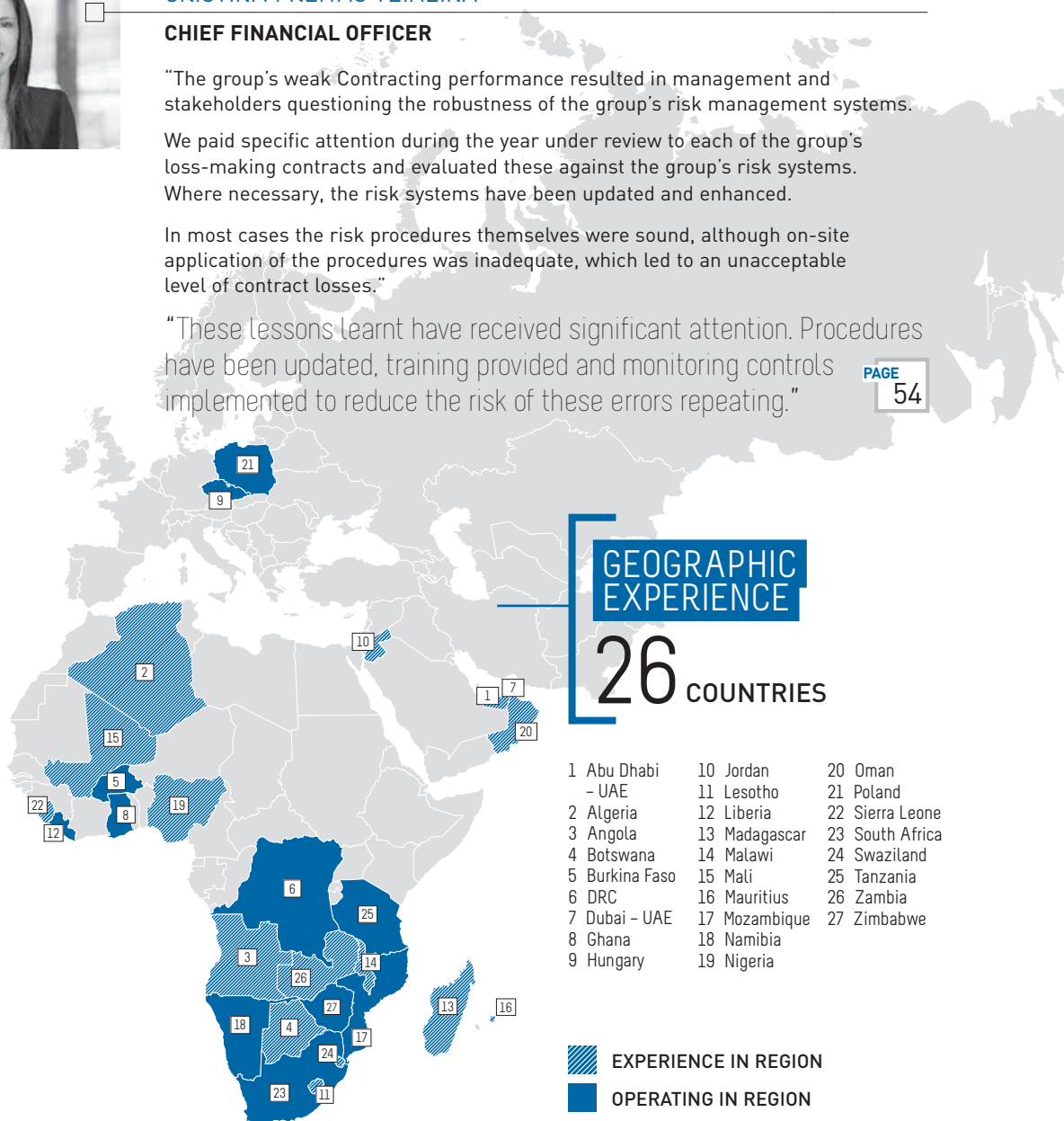
"The group's weak Contracting performance resulted in management and stakeholders questioning the robustness of the group's risk management systems."

We paid specific attention during the year under review to each of the group's loss-making contracts and evaluated these against the group's risk systems. Where necessary, the risk systems have been updated and enhanced.

In most cases the risk procedures themselves were sound, although on-site application of the procedures was inadequate, which led to an unacceptable level of contract losses."

"These lessons learnt have received significant attention. Procedures have been updated, training provided and monitoring controls implemented to reduce the risk of these errors repeating."

PAGE
54



PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

zero
FATALITIES



GROUP LTIFR[~]
IMPROVED FROM

0.17 to 0.15

[~] Lost-time injury frequency rate.

EMPLOYEES

12 178

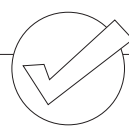
at 30 June 2015



BBBEE[#]
SCORECARD
RATING

Level 2

[#] Broad-based black economic empowerment.



CONTRACTING
ORDER BOOK

up 13% to

R14,1 billion

June 14 = R12,5 billion

OPERATIONS
AND MAINTENANCE
ORDER BOOK

up 2% to

R4,7 billion

June 14 = R4,6 billion

RESULTS SUMMARY

REVENUE

down 10% to
R13,9 billion

June 14 = R15,4 billion*

OPERATING PROFIT

down 43% to
R366 million

June 14 = R643 million*

EARNINGS PER SHARE

down 45% to
222 cents per share

June 14 = 401 cents

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

up 16% to
R3,4 billion

June 14 = R2,9 billion

RETURN ON EQUITY

down to
8.1%

June 14 = 16.8%

TOTAL DIVIDENDS PER SHARE

down 45% to
55 cents per share

June 14 = 100 cents

CORE OPERATING PROFIT CONTRIBUTION

(R'000)

Engineering & Construction

- Building & Housing
- Civil Engineering
- Projects
- Energy

Investments & Concessions

Manufacturing

2015

2014*

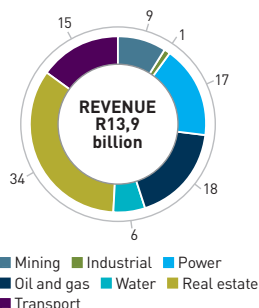
Engineering & Construction	43 836	370 860
Building & Housing	91 383	90 817
Civil Engineering	(96 263)	66 567
Projects	20 411	119 661
Energy	28 305	93 815
Investments & Concessions	236 638	197 021
Manufacturing	67 894	82 289
	348 368	650 170

PAGE

Refer to the CEO's review on page 32 and the CFO's review on page 54.

STRATEGY MEASURES

ESTABLISHED PRESENCE IN SEVEN SECTORS



Revenue from over-border operations **27%**

Percentage of Contracting revenue from multi-disciplinary and EPC[^] contracts **42%**

Percentage of annuity^{^^} profit to core operating profit **87%**

[^] Engineer, procure and construct.

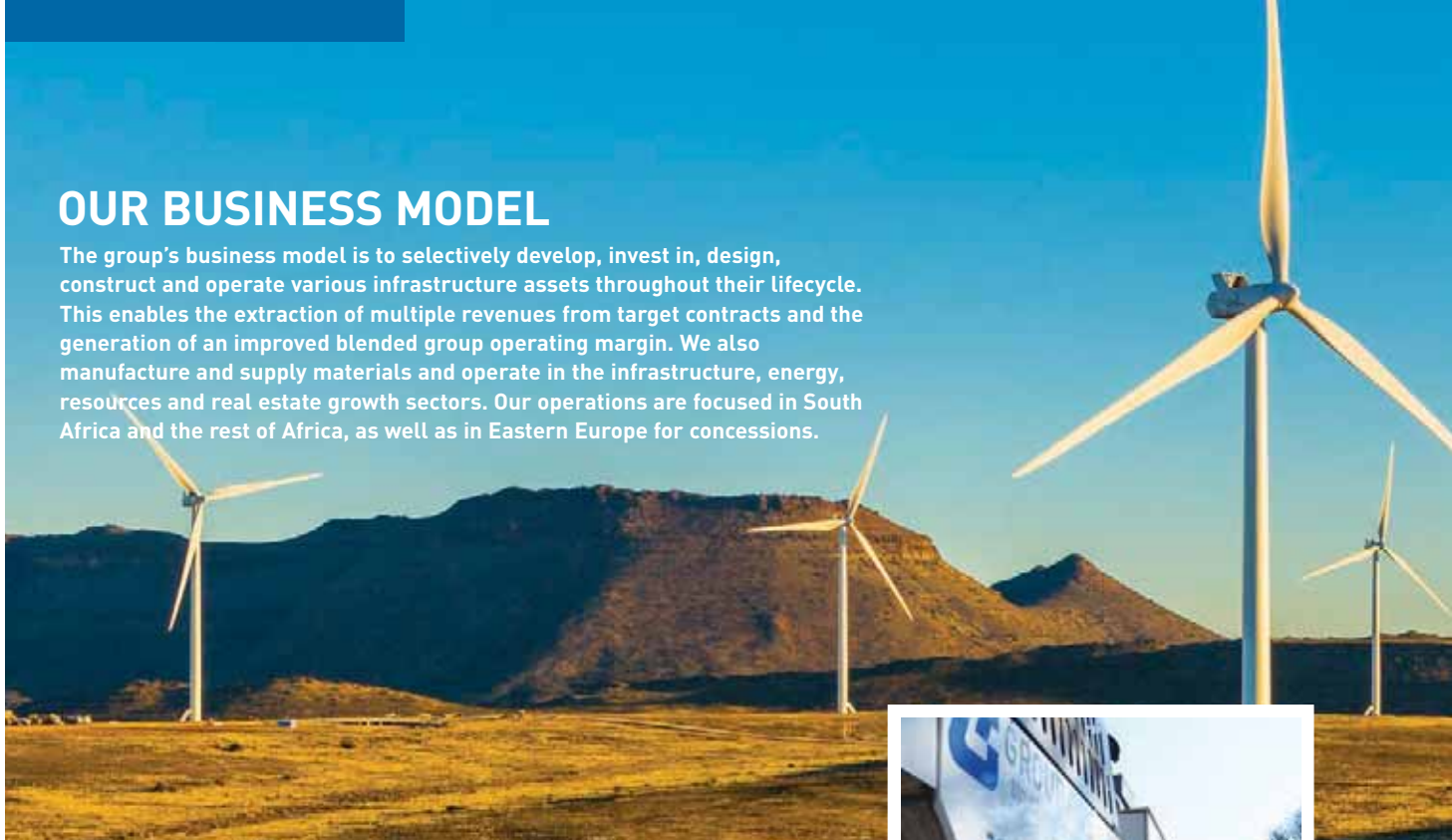
^{^^} Non-Contracting businesses.

* Restated for the application of IFRS 5 – Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations, as a result of the decision to transfer the remaining business within the discontinued cluster of Construction Materials into continuing operations within the Manufacturing cluster.

STRATEGY AND STRUCTURE

OUR BUSINESS MODEL

The group's business model is to selectively develop, invest in, design, construct and operate various infrastructure assets throughout their lifecycle. This enables the extraction of multiple revenues from target contracts and the generation of an improved blended group operating margin. We also manufacture and supply materials and operate in the infrastructure, energy, resources and real estate growth sectors. Our operations are focused in South Africa and the rest of Africa, as well as in Eastern Europe for concessions.



OUR STRATEGY AT WORK

A key element of the evolution of the strategy to a broader infrastructure group is securing a growing percentage of annuity income through the group's concessions and manufacturing activities to balance the cyclicity of construction revenues and earnings. Annuity income has grown from 47% to 87% of group operating profit since 2006.

As outlined in the case studies on the right, over the last decade the group has evolved from a contractor and manufacturer to an integrated multi-disciplinary project development, construction and infrastructure services group.



ZIMBABWE

PRIVATE PUBLIC PARTNERSHIP

This private public partnership was awarded to Group Five in 2013 for the construction and design of an 822 kilometre road upgrade in Zimbabwe.

Group Five Civil Engineering secured the construction and Intertoll the operations and maintenance contract.

During the year, we completed the road rehabilitation and toll plaza construction. The operations and maintenance contract is also well underway. This flagship contract entails the design, build, operate and transfer, with Intertoll managing toll operations, system integration and routine road maintenance for more than ten years. Group Five implemented its own innovative systems and tolling solutions.



REIPP* WIND CONTRACT – NOBLESFONTEIN
South Africa



KUVANINGA

GAS-FIRED EPC GREENFIELD CONTRACT

Kuvaninga is a gas-fired engineer, procure and construct (EPC) greenfield contract in Mozambique, designed to produce 40.29 MW of power. The contract is run as a partnership between Group Five Energy and Projects. The contract is due for completion in September 2015. The contract value is

USD58
million.

The contract includes the installation of gas engines, the construction of a yard, modifications to the existing sub-station, transmission lines and a housing compound for the managers at the plant.



CAPITAL PLACE

CAPITAL PLACE OFFICE PARK

During the year, construction of the 5 005 m² Capital Place, an office park development located in Accra, Ghana, was completed. Group Five has a

30% share in the development.

The construction of the office park was done by Group Five Building and the development by Group Five Properties.

* Renewable Energy Independent Power Producer Programme.

STRATEGY AT A GLANCE

Although significant time was spent on addressing key problem areas identified within the group, under the guidance of the new CEO we did not lose sight of specific actions required to drive the agreed strategy. During the year, the strategy was reviewed and reaffirmed by the CEO, executive team and the board, with specific focus on the entrenchment and delivery of the strategy.

PROGRESSION OF OUR STRATEGY



01

FOCUS

SECTOR-LED GROWTH

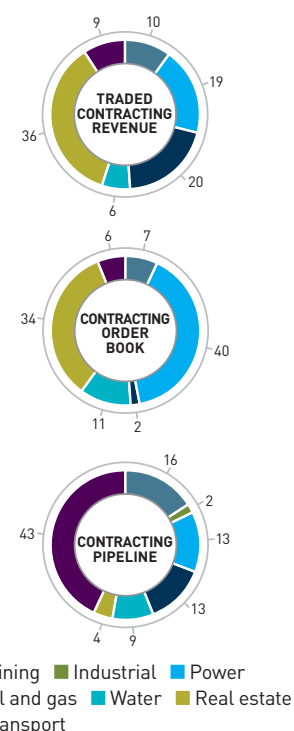
PROGRESS

We created a focused Developments team led by a group executive committee (exco) member to drive targeted sector business growth.

We designed and implemented an integrated stakeholder engagement strategy to create clear lines of accountability for core target client management, aligned to our sector focus.

Group executive and senior management market engagements in selected sectors were increased through a co-ordinated programme of client, partner, financier and technology supplier roadshows to position Group Five as a key project enabler.

Tender approval and risk review processes were streamlined to ensure tactical alignment of target tenders to our sector strategy, with full support, ownership and accountability of segment management.



02

FOCUS

GEOGRAPHIC FOCUS AND PENETRATION

PROGRESS

Dedicated resources were appointed for the group Developments team and at segment level to specifically target and grow our expansion plan in the rest of Africa.

Additional development resources in Intertoll Europe were appointed to increase our portfolio of target projects in Eastern Europe.

Small regional offices were established in Ghana and Mozambique, along with an early-stage development office in Russia. The USA is being evaluated. These offices are being established with low holding costs to fast-track access in these markets.

23% of total revenue was generated in the rest of Africa and

4% in Eastern Europe.

Our Contracting order book is **39%** over-border.

84% of the group's Operations & Maintenance order book is over-border.

59% of our pipeline represents possible contract opportunities in the rest of Africa.



03

FOCUS

MULTI-DISCIPLINARY CAPACITY

PROGRESS

The Construction and Engineering functions and segments were consolidated into a single cluster, Engineering & Construction.

One leadership team was put in place, with a focus on improved inter-segment engagement and delivery and standardisation of processes.

The team's incentivisation on multi-disciplinary contracts was changed to ensure a one-team approach, with remuneration linked to the outcome of the contract, not individual segment performance criteria.

MULTI-DISCIPLINARY CONTRACTS %

30% Traded Contracting revenue

11% Contracting order book

11% Contracting pipeline

ENGINEER, PROCURE AND CONSTRUCT (EPC) CONTRACTS %

12% Traded Contracting revenue

33% Contracting order book

12% Contracting pipeline



04

FOCUS

CREATING ANNUITY STREAMS

PROGRESS

In Investments & Concessions, the team is focusing on further expanding its reach in Eastern Europe. We also established an early-stage development office in Russia and are evaluating the USA to target concessions and operations and maintenance transport contracts. The possible entry into the USA is on the back of relationships with our international partners who have successfully secured concessions projects in this region.

In Manufacturing, our annuity growth occurred on the back of our strategy of creating alternative revenues by continuing to add new earnings-enhancing and sustainable traded goods to our traditional fibre cement building materials range. Our focus on exports has yielded new territories and the potential to grow our effective target market.

Investments & Concessions contributed

7% to total group revenue
68% to core group operating profit

Manufacturing contributed

8% to total group revenue
19% to core group operating profit

Secured Operations & Maintenance order book of **R4,7 billion** is focused on the transport, oil and gas, industrial and power sectors.

OUR STRUCTURE

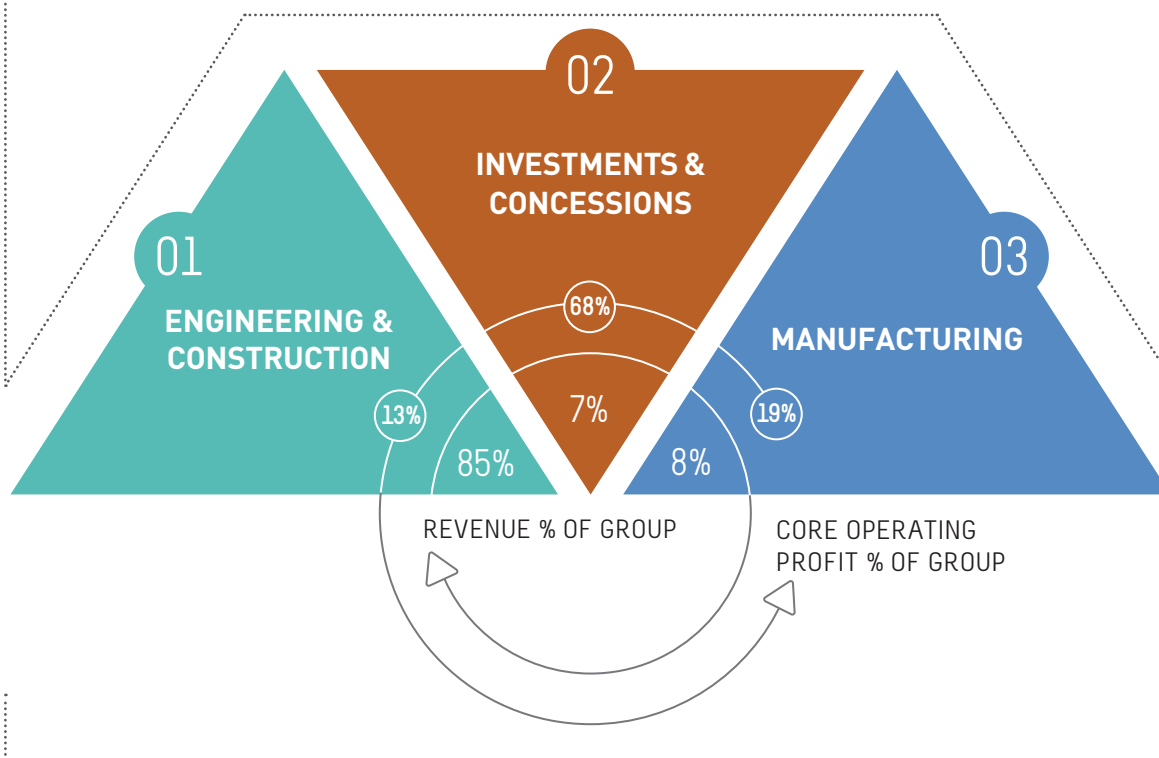
During the year, to ensure improved accountability, responsibility and focused delivery, a simplified group structure was introduced. The group was restructured from four to three clusters, with the consolidation of all the construction and engineering functions and segments into one cluster, Engineering & Construction, under a single leadership team.



DEVELOPMENTS

Developments supports the group in identifying and developing significant contract opportunities in line with the group's strategy in target sectors.

It takes the lead in co-ordinating the group's business development activities for agreed target contracts to ensure alignment of effort. It also develops key relationships in target African geographies, leads project finance partner relationships and provides the appropriate expertise for the development of public private partnerships and concessions.



CORPORATE SUPPORT



BUILDING & HOUSING

COMPETENCIES Design to build and construction of large buildings, low-cost and affordable mass housing and residential and mine housing solutions.

CIVIL ENGINEERING

COMPETENCIES Construction of large structures in public and private infrastructure, including heavy civil, mining and industrial structures, roads, ports, airports and pipelines.

PROJECTS

COMPETENCIES Multi-disciplinary plant construction covering structural, mechanical, electrical, instrumentation and piping.

ENERGY

POWER

COMPETENCIES Multi-disciplinary EPC[^] contract delivery from feasibility through to supporting bankability and implementation, including plant operations and maintenance.

OIL & GAS

COMPETENCIES Core maintenance, shutdowns and turnarounds, above-ground storage tank design and construction, repairs and maintenance, as well as new-build oil and gas contracts.

NUCLEAR

COMPETENCIES Nuclear readiness certification implementation and local nuclear plant services and refurbishment.

ENGINEERING SERVICES

COMPETENCIES Technical support, design, engineering and construction methodologies and innovative solutions for the Engineering & Construction cluster and in support of developing multi-disciplinary and EPC[^] solutions.

[^] Engineer, procure and construct.



TRANSPORT

COMPETENCIES Investment in and implementation of concessions and private public partnerships, including operations and maintenance. Toll road development and operation under the Intertoll brand.

PROPERTY

COMPETENCIES Development, ownership and management of selected A-grade property assets generating development and investment returns.



FIBRE CEMENT

COMPETENCIES Exterior and interior walling, ceiling boards, roofing systems and pipes and fibre cement-clad, steel-framed modular housing systems.

STEEL

COMPETENCIES Large bore spiral welded steel pipes for mainly water transport systems and steel reinforcing and mesh for use in concrete structures.

OUR TEAM

The board has a diverse set of skills to support the team in the execution of its strategy.

Following significant changes made to the board last year, this year the focus was on ensuring the members were fully engaged through their respective board roles in Group Five to allow them to contribute their full value.



01

P (PHILISIWE) MTHETHWA (51)

CHAIRPERSON

Chairperson of main board and
nominations committee

BA Economics, MSC in Economics
(University of Paris, Sorbonne), MBA (UK)



02

SG (STUART) MORRIS (69)

**LEAD INDEPENDENT
NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

Chairperson of audit committee,
member of nominations committee,
member of risk committee

BCom, CA(SA)

**CM (CRISTINA)
FREITAS TEIXEIRA** (42)

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Executive committee member,
member of social and ethics
committee

BCom, BCompt (Hons), CA(SA), AMP
(Insead France)



03

NJ (JUSTIN) CHINYANTA (55)
(ZAMBIAN)

**INDEPENDENT
NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

Member of risk committee,
member of remuneration committee

Bachelor of Law Degree (Zambia),
Fellow: Weatherhead Centre for
International Affairs (Harvard), Master
of Law (Private International Law),
Specialisation in International Business
Transactions and Financial Law
(Fletcher School, Tufts University)



05

ECJ (ERIC) VEMER (50)

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Executive committee member, member of risk committee, member of social and ethics committee

BSc Eng (Civil) (Hons), MBA

04



01 PHILISIWE provides strategic input to the group through her diverse knowledge of banking, capital markets and international investment in South Africa. As a skilled executive in both the private and public sectors, she provides insight in terms of the South African landscape, with a particular focus on economic requirements and the strategic direction of policymakers. She has strong international business acumen, which has been very valuable to the group in both its South African and African public sector engagements.

02 ERIC has more than 25 years' experience in business, spanning the financial, manufacturing, infrastructure and construction markets. He has a rare mix of experience covering mega projects, project financing and corporate mergers and acquisitions.

This, combined with solid operational and financial experience, brings a unique value offering to the group.

Eric is a strong team player who takes a hands-on approach in decisively dealing with matters.

Since joining the group in 2005, Eric has proven his capability through the improvement, leadership and performance of the Investments & Concessions cluster, and through his contributions as an executive committee member, particularly covering strategy, transformation, financial partner relationships and mega-project development.

03 CRISTINA has a deep understanding of the group's businesses and instils rigorous systems and a disciplined approach to the financial and administration function across the group. This has been a key factor in her track record of successfully managing the group's complex and demanding local and

global financial environment. Under her guidance, the group's financial position has been very robust and has gained the confidence of the group's business partners. She is also a valuable member of the group's strategic development team. Cristina has led the group's reporting strategy. This has been recognised through a number of awards for reporting and disclosure, including the Investment Analysts Society (IAS) Award seven times, as well as being the overall South African winner in 2010 and being the overall integrated annual report winner at the 57th Institute of Chartered Secretaries/JSE Annual Report Awards in 2012.

04 STUART is an experienced executive in South Africa, with an ability to critically assess controls and financial risks and to advise on the adequacy of systems and procedures. He provides a solid sounding board to the group's financial team and the chief financial officer. Stuart is also the board's lead independent non-executive director. During the year, he continued to provide substantial value with respect to material matters the group had to deal with.

05 JUSTIN is the founder and chairperson of the Loita Group, a pan-African investment banking firm. A lawyer by profession, Justin is a specialist in the financial markets of sub-Saharan Africa, with extensive experience in the commercial and investment banking industries in Africa. Justin brings strong commercial and project finance experience to the board and extensive pan-African business networks.



07

**B (BABALWA)
NGONYAMA** (40)

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Chairperson of social and ethics committee, member of audit committee

BCom, CA(SA)

W (WILLEM) LOUW (61)

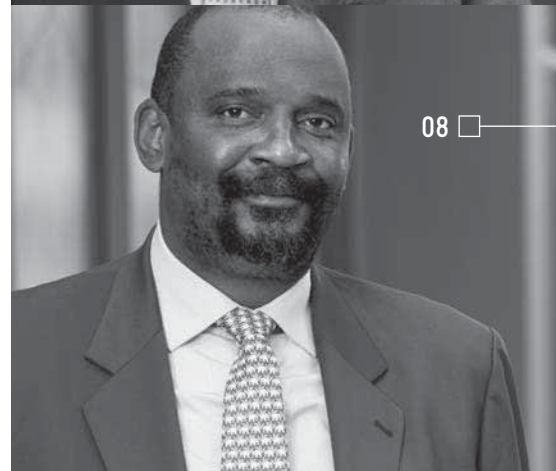
INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Member of risk committee, member of social and ethics committee

B Engineering (Civil) and M Engineering (Civil/Construction Management) (University of Stellenbosch), Graduate Development Programme (Project Management) (University of South Africa)



06



08

VM (VINCENT) RAGUE (62)
(KENYAN)

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Member of audit committee, member of risk committee

BA (Hons) Economics and Stats, MBA (Darden) and EDP Harvard



09

MR (MARK) THOMPSON (62)

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Member of audit committee, member of remuneration committee

BCom, BAcc, LLB, CA(SA)



11

DR JL (JOHN) JOB (70)

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Chairperson of remuneration committee, member of audit committee, member of risk committee

BSc (Hons), PhD in Physical Chemistry

KK (KALAA) MPINGA (54) (CONGOLESE)

INDEPENDENT NON- EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Chairperson of risk committee, member of audit committee, member of nominations committee

BSc Agricultural Economics, MSc International Agricultural Development



10

06 JOHN brings significant operational, executive and strategic leadership to the group. He assists the group and management with evaluating new opportunities and is able to question decisions on a very practical level.

He has a particularly strong ability to identify potential problem areas and provide advice on resolutions.

07 WILLEM is a civil engineer with extensive technology and technical management skills, including capital project skills and new business development and acquisition integration management experience in the energy and chemical industry, both in South Africa and over-border. Willem brings relevant industrial and engineering and project management experience to the board.

08 KALAA brings significant experience in mining, construction, operations and relationships in Africa. He has a clear understanding of the over-border political and operating environment, with keen insight into effective risk management. His experience as an executive and shareholder of his own businesses also offers a constructive perspective to assist the board and management team. He is a strong supporter of the group's African expansion strategy.

09 BABALWA is a chartered accountant with significant experience in the auditing, finance and mining industries. She has several business interests and actively participates in numerous national forums on economic growth and development. Babalwa brings additional auditing and financial experience to the board.

10 VINCENT is the co-founder and director of Catalyst Principal Partners, a private equity group based in Nairobi, Kenya. His experience in advisory services, investments, project and corporate finance, as well as banking, spans Latin America, Europe, Africa and Asia. Vincent brings investment, project and corporate finance experience to the board.

11 MARK is a qualified lawyer and chartered accountant, with extensive international finance and general business experience amassed during his tenure as chief financial officer with Sappi Limited, prior career appointments and from his current other non-executive positions. Mark brings accounting and corporate financial management experience to the board.



N (NONQABA) KATAMZI (46)

COMPANY SECRETARY

BA Law, LLB, CIBM

NONQABA has solid experience in the company secretarial field, with particular knowledge of governance issues and JSE compliance. This allows her to effectively advise the board on all legislative requirements.

The executive team (exco) works with the board on the execution of our strategy. To further strengthen the team, in addition to the new CEO appointed in December, two new exco appointments, Jon Hillary and Themba Mosai, were made from within the group. Willie Zeelie, previously exco member responsible for the Energy segment, was appointed exco member of the combined Engineering & Construction cluster. These members bring extensive experience to their portfolios.

03 WI (WILLIE) ZEELIE (53)

EXECUTIVE – ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION

Member of risk committee

Higher National Diploma Electrical Engineering, Pr Tech Eng, MSAIEE

During the year, Willie became head of the newly restructured Engineering & Construction cluster, which houses all the group's Engineering and Contracting businesses. This restructuring will harness Willie's strength of increasingly driving single company delivery into the rest of Africa.

Willie brings 30 years of experience in multi-disciplinary engineering and infrastructure contracts, with a robust marketing and business development ability. He has an established track record in the power and energy sectors and has successfully led the team that developed the group's engineer, procure and construct (EPC) capability through which numerous infrastructure and power plant contracts in South Africa and the rest of Africa have been delivered. Willie has also been instrumental in developing the group's technical abilities in oil and gas and the renewable energy markets and the early identification of contracts from development to closure.

04 JW (JON) HILLARY (42)

EXECUTIVE – INVESTMENTS & CONCESSIONS

BCompt (Hons), CA(SA)

Jon was appointed to exco during the financial year.

Prior to this, Jon ran the successful business of Intertoll, comprising Eastern Europe and Africa, for a number of years.

Jon joined the group in 2004 as financial director of the Investments & Concessions cluster, before being appointed as the managing director of the group's property business in 2009.

Jon possesses a broad range of internationally-based finance and commercial experience. His focus on execution and delivery bodes well for the cluster going forward. Jon has a clear mandate to deliver on growth over the short to medium term.

01 ECJ (ERIC) VEMER (50)

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The CEO is a main board member. His CV is contained on

PAGE
13

02 CM (CRISTINA) FREITAS TEIXEIRA (42)

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

The CFO is a main board member. Her CV is contained on

PAGE
13



05 JA (JOHN) WALLACE [57]

EXECUTIVE – MANUFACTURING

BCom, Hons Programme in Advanced Marketing and Executive Management Programme

John has been with Group Five Manufacturing for 13 years. During this time, Manufacturing has built an impressive track record despite extremely difficult economic conditions. John has an exceptionally strong strategic ability, which has been invaluable to the group in driving executive focus on shareholder value-creation opportunities. He has a particular ability to effect change and repair problem entities. For example, he successfully transformed Everite from an asbestos problem-beset company many years ago to a segment that continues to consistently produce strong earnings today. John has applied this expertise in the honing of the Manufacturing business portfolio and in the pursuit of opportunities to support the current business and to expand into new aligned areas in the future.

06 ST (THEMBA) MOSAI [39]

EXECUTIVE – DEVELOPMENTS

BSc Electrical Engineering, MBA (Cum Laude)

Themba was appointed to exco during the financial year to lead the Developments team.

Prior to joining exco, Themba was the managing director of Intertoll Africa, having successfully led the company for the previous seven years. During his time at Intertoll Africa, Themba was instrumental in driving growth into new markets in Africa, including Zimbabwe.

Themba is a strong relationship builder, and has a good ability to match client aspirations to the realities of developing, financing, constructing and operating infrastructure assets across Africa.

Themba is technical and practical, supported by his Electrical Engineering qualification, as well as tactical, business-minded and strategic, supported by his MBA degree. Since taking on his new role, he has already made great strides in further enhancing our position across target African geographies and our profile with both public sector and private sector clients, as well as securing new work and resolving legacy matters in key markets.

07 GD (GUY) MOTTRAM [49]

EXECUTIVE – RISK

Member of risk committee, member of social and ethics committee

BCom, LLB

Guy has solid experience in commercial matters. This, together with his formal legal training, ensures that opportunities and risks are approached with a business sense, whilst being rooted in an understanding of legal requirements. As a member of the Engineering and Construction Risk Institute, he is able to consider leading global trends for application in the group.

08 J (JESSE) DOORASAMY [44]

EXECUTIVE – HUMAN RESOURCES

Member of social and ethics committee

BSoc Sc, BCom (Hons), PG DIP IR

Jesse has almost ten years of in-depth experience in the group from both an operational and strategic perspective. He held the role of Human Resources Director: Construction before his appointment as HR executive as part of the executive committee. Prior to that, Jesse was the HR director for the Projects segment. Jesse's experience in the group allows him to bring strong operational knowledge to the group level. As he worked in the group's most internationally-focused Construction cluster, he has a particular ability to manage human capital issues in the rest of Africa, something that is crucial in the group's continued expansion strategy.



THE SENIOR
MANAGEMENT TEAM
AT THE GROUP:



ERIC VEMER
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

CRISTINA FREITAS TEIXEIRA
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION



MARK HUMPHREYS
OPERATIONS DIRECTOR



TIM NICHOLS
MANAGING DIRECTOR:
BUILDING



FRANK ENSLIN
MANAGING DIRECTOR:
HOUSING



EDUAN VAN ROOYEN
MANAGING DIRECTOR:
COASTAL

BUILDING & HOUSING



STEVE RYNINKS
MANAGING DIRECTOR:
CIVIL ENGINEERING



FRANCO ERMACORA
GENERAL MANAGER:
PLANT & EQUIPMENT
& FORMWORK



TONY DE LA MOTTE
MANAGING DIRECTOR:
PROJECTS

CIVIL ENGINEERING

PROJECTS



PETER DE VRIES
MANAGING DIRECTOR:
POWER



DAVE MORGAN
GENERAL MANAGER:
OIL & GAS



DES MULLER
GENERAL MANAGER:
NUCLEAR
CONSTRUCTION
SERVICES



HANS ROSSOCHA
GENERAL MANAGER:
ENGINEERING
SERVICES

ENERGY

TEAM



WILLIE ZEELIE
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBER



THEMBA MOSAI
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
MEMBER

JESSE DOORASAMY
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
MEMBER

GUY MOTTRAM
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
MEMBER

DEVELOPMENTS

HUMAN RESOURCES

RISK

INVESTMENTS & CONCESSIONS



TEAM

JON HILLARY
INTERIM MANAGING
DIRECTOR:
INFRASTRUCTURE
CONCESSIONS:
INTERTOLL AFRICA



ZOLTAN PAP
MANAGING DIRECTOR:
INFRASTRUCTURE
CONCESSIONS:
INTERTOLL EUROPE



KUSHIL MAHARAJ
MANAGING DIRECTOR:
GROUP FIVE
PROPERTIES

INVESTMENTS & CONCESSIONS

JON HILLARY
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBER

To support Willie Zeelie in his expanded role as head of Engineering & Construction, Mark Humphreys was appointed operations director for the cluster. Mark ran the highly successful Construction business, Projects, for many years. In his new role Mark will instil the same discipline present within Projects across all segments. As he is directly responsible for operational performance on contracts, his proven execution skills will be instrumental in managing the weak performance we are currently experiencing on certain contracts and implementing corrective action to ensure these issues are not repeated.

Tim Nichols and Tony de la Motte were appointed as managing directors for the Building and Projects segments respectively. Tim was the commercial director for Building for two years and estimating director for four years prior to his appointment. Tony was a senior contracts director within the Projects segment, working with Mark for nearly seven years.

These appointments are testimony to the group's strong focus on succession and progression of internal talent.

MANUFACTURING



TEAM



JURGEN STRAGIER
MANAGING DIRECTOR:
EVERITE AND ABT



CEDOMIR DJORDJEVIC
TECHNICAL DIRECTOR:
MANUFACTURING AND
MANAGING DIRECTOR:
STEEL

MANUFACTURING

JOHN WALLACE
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBER

SECTION

01





PAGE

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CHAIRPERSON'S
REVIEW

YEAR UNDER REVIEW AND FUTURE FOCUS

PAGE

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE
OFFICER'S
REVIEW

PAGE

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CHIEF FINANCIAL
OFFICER'S
REVIEW

CHAIRPERSON'S REVIEW



Philiswe Mthethwa CHAIRPERSON

Despite slow trading conditions in our home market, the rest of Africa offers an attractive number of sectors within which to grow our business.

OUR OPERATING CONTEXT

Whilst our domestic and continental markets are competitive, our unique African offering, which incorporates a complete solution to developing, financing, constructing and operating infrastructure assets, as well as our ability to operate in remote areas, presents us with a strong competitive advantage in securing order book in the rest of Africa.

We have a very clear geographic strategy of growing into high-growth countries in the rest of Africa in our seven target sectors. Refer to pages 44 to 49 for additional information.

However, our current board and management priority is to ensure that our South African industry issues are resolved, including closing out Competition Commission legacy matters, addressing distrust between the public and private sectors and assisting the roll out of public infrastructure. It is only with firm alignment and certainty of government support for our sector in South Africa, together with our associated endeavours in the rest of Africa, that we will be able to sustainably grow our competitive advantage.

Intertoll's international markets in Eastern Europe are offering improving prospects as national and intra-regional programmes exist in those regions for renewing, upgrading and expanding key routes.



CENTRAL BASIN - ACID MINE TREATMENT PLANT
South Africa

73%

OF GROUP REVENUE

SOUTH AFRICA



The **South African market** continued to experience difficult market conditions, with the construction and civil engineering sector particularly affected.

The domestic economy grew by an estimated 1.4% in 2014 from 1.8% in 2013, and is not expected to improve much from these levels of growth through calendar 2015.

PAGE

Refer to pages 54 to 75 for additional information on how the group navigated market conditions.

KEY MARKET DYNAMICS

- › Continued lack of traction in large-scale public infrastructure, with fixed investment at historically low levels
- › Ongoing consumption-driven economic activity, supporting retail and residential real estate and other consumer-related sectors
- › A relatively weak Rand
- › More hawkish interest rate outlook (especially as US interest rates start to rise)
- › A rising inflationary outlook, driven by increasing energy prices and import inflation
- › Power interruptions due to Eskom power outages
- › Further roll out of the renewable energy independent power producer procurement power programme, and investment in base-load coal-fired power stations
- › Continued labour unrest in many sectors
- › Inflationary impact of wage settlements
- › Low commodity prices
- › South African sovereign credit rating downgraded to one notch above “junk bond” status

KEY IMPACTS ON GROUP FIVE

ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION

- › Although there were some increased levels of activity in especially the Building & Housing sector, the overall conditions remain tight and competitive. This affected the order book, revenue traded and operating margins
- › In the first half of F2015, the order book reached record lows, with limited new order intake
- › Although there are several tenders, awards tend to be smaller. This resulted in a lower conversion rate into orders. Smaller contracts have also increased the number of competitors for the limited supply of contracts, placing further pressure on margins
- › Although man days lost due to labour unrest remained constant from last year, a number of sites continued to be impacted by labour action
- › The City of Tshwane Building public private partnership was closed, with construction activities commencing
- › A reduction in mining opportunities impacted the order book
- › The Civil Engineering market is at an all-time low



HOW WE ARE ADDRESSING THIS

- › Continued engagement with the public sector to establish the best process to unlock infrastructure spend
- › Improving the contract targeting focus and offering across all businesses, including multi-disciplinary contracts. For example, the team refocused the Projects segment activities on contracts which support the group's multi-disciplinary offering within the energy sector to counter the quiet mining sector
- › Aligning the size and cost structure of the business to that of forecast market activity. This included rightsizing the Civil Engineering segment
- › Against slow South African markets, the group continues to expand into regional markets

INVESTMENTS & CONCESSIONS

- › The South African concessions market is almost non-existent for new infrastructure and real estate projects
- › The Comprehensive Toll Road Operations and Maintenance (CTROM) market for Intertoll Africa remains flat, with little prospect for growth
- › Group Five Properties successfully closed a new project in the active residential apartment sector, as well as making solid progress on new retail, mixed-use and commercial projects

- › Remaining vigilant to any potential concessions projects, whilst continuing to evaluate prospects for unsolicited proposals. Continue to support clients on secured or current in-tender projects

MANUFACTURING

- › This business was impacted by decreased market demand, the July steel sector strike, the impact of the weak Rand on imports of raw materials and power outages



- › Introduced additional product ranges and improved efficiencies, as well as increased focus on exports
- › Restructured the plant to allow for a material decrease in power utilisation during Eskom power outage periods without requiring complete shutdown of the plant

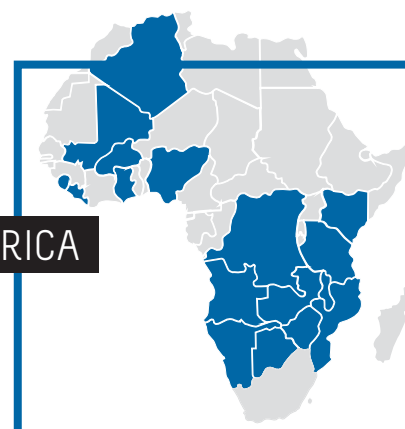


CHIRODZI COAL MINE
Mozambique

23%

OF GROUP REVENUE

REST OF AFRICA



According to the 2014 IMF World Economic Outlook, six of the ten fastest-growing economies globally are African. It is forecast that seven of the ten highest growth economies in the coming five years will be in the **rest of Africa**.

As outlined in a recent Deloitte Africa report, to achieve this growth, and to continue building on this momentum, accelerated infrastructure growth is imperative, specifically infrastructure development that facilitates manufacturing and intra-African trade.

PAGE

Refer to pages 54 to 75 for additional information on how the group navigated market conditions.

KEY MARKET DYNAMICS

- › Growth in the rest of Africa will be driven by increased output in the natural resources sector, underpinning rising fiscal expenditure, especially in infrastructure projects, and an expected increase in Africa's trade and investment
- › Rising income and urbanisation are supporting growth in domestic demand and consumption
- › Growth in sub-Saharan Africa remains strong, but is expected to slow this year to 4.5% (from 5% in 2014) due to declining commodity prices and to some extent from the impact of Ebola
- › The oil price decline impacted the region's oil exporters
- › Many infrastructure contracts are available, although matching to funding and long lead times to develop contracts remain issues
- › Governance concerns remain in many countries
- › Due to a lack of work in South Africa, the rest of Africa has become more competitive
- › The entry of foreign companies into African markets continues to increase

KEY IMPACTS ON GROUP FIVE

HOW WE ARE ADDRESSING THIS

ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION

- Against continued growth on the continent, the group has a 39% secured over-border Contracting order book
- Although long term growth remains very positive in the rest of Africa, contracts take time to develop. The group's order book and results, therefore, do not yet show the full potential in the region
- Pursuing opportunities in new territories
- Focus on securing Building & Housing opportunities in conjunction with Group Five Properties
- The key impacts during the year on the group were:
 - Commodity prices, which resulted in a reduction in available tenders. This impacted the mining order book and reduced margins in Projects and Civil Engineering
 - A very quiet over-border Building & Housing market

- Launched a focused Developments team and established two offices in the rest of Africa to ensure on-the-ground presence
- Increased the scope and level of innovation to create contract opportunities, such as developing the USD410 million Kpone Independent Power Project in Ghana, which reached financial close in the current year

INVESTMENTS & CONCESSIONS

- No additional concessions were secured in the financial year
- Successfully commissioned all nine toll plazas in Zimbabwe and commenced full operations. Refer to page 6.
- The lead time of project development remains long



- A number of projects are being pursued in West, East and Central Africa, with a focus on converting these project leads and negotiations into tangible deal flow
- Key relationships have been developed with the various National Roads Authorities and key Ministries involved in road infrastructure development and financing
- The team continued to expand the business development skill-set and to increase resources to drive African pipeline opportunities

MANUFACTURING

- Everite's traded goods offering continues to make headway in the rest of Africa
- Initiatives to drive product delivery into regional markets such as Zambia, Tanzania, Namibia, Mozambique, Malawi and Botswana are creating opportunities

- The team is further developing the export market in the rest of Africa after recent successes in a number of countries



A1 CONCESSION
Poland

4%

OF GROUP REVENUE

EASTERN EUROPE

Eastern Europe remains a key focus area for the group's Investments & Concessions cluster.

During the current financial year, the team established a small development office in Russia and is evaluating a potential Intertoll office in the USA. This section addresses the current key market of Eastern Europe.

Europe is currently emerging from a difficult few years of recession, with the European Union region achieving 1.7% growth in GDP in 2015. This is a vast improvement on the negative GDP growth experienced in 2013 and the marginal increase seen in 2014. Over the last few years, central government spending and investment have been cut as they aim to curb borrowing, which in turn has led to a lack of infrastructure tenders.



PAGE

Refer to pages 54 to 75 for additional information on how the group navigated market conditions.

KEY MARKET DYNAMICS

- › The Central European market is still emerging from the most recent financial downturn and projects that do come to market are being targeted by a large number of competitors
- › Russia and the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS) region has a strong pipeline of projects, although delays have been experienced
- › Delays have also been experienced in the Balkans
- › Turkey, a key new focus country for the group, announced a material pipeline of construction contracts

KEY IMPACTS ON GROUP FIVE

- › The lack of project flow, as well as competition in our traditional Hungarian and Polish markets, made it difficult for the group to secure projects
- › Although the Balkans and Russia are focus countries for the group, they have experienced project delays and competition
- › Turkey has strong potential for the group

HOW WE ARE ADDRESSING THIS

- › Intertoll opened a development office in Russia during the financial year. This has led to pre-qualifications with a new partner on projects in Russia
- › We have a dedicated resource for Russia and the CIS who focuses on higher success probability projects
- › We have focused on strong partnerships with investment funds and construction groups to ensure we are best placed to be in a winning consortium on target projects being tendered

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

During the year, we focused on a number of stakeholders, including employees, clients, shareholders, debt providers, governments and regulatory bodies.

The negative growth experienced during the year resulted in a number of cost cuts and rationalisation initiatives, which unfortunately necessitated a reduction in employee headcount and the related engagement.

Low levels of traction in public and private spend required improved engagement with clients to develop alternative or improved product offerings, or solutions to client needs.

We increased our engagement with shareholders and debt providers following the recent poor group performance to provide adequate disclosure on areas of concern.

In addition, we increased our level of engagement with government and regulatory and industry bodies following a significant level of attention on the construction industry during the year.

PAGE

Refer to pages 50 to 52.

A key stakeholder management strategy developed during the year will improve our group stakeholder management and communications activities. The strategy will ensure better planning, prioritisation, targeting and co-ordination of our stakeholder activities across all levels of the organisation. Focused development activities in target countries in the rest of Africa is being driven under the leadership of our new exco member Themba Mosai.



EMPLOYEES

Reason for engagement: Employees drive our business through their enterprise, skill and commitment.



CLIENTS

Reason for engagement: Our existence and growth depend on the group understanding the requirements of our public and private sector clients and providing effective solutions and infrastructure in line with their needs.



GOVERNMENT AS A REGULATOR

Reason for engagement: As the group operates in a growing number of sectors and countries, adequate communication with relevant government bodies is critical to ensure compliance with relevant legislation.



BUSINESS ORGANISATIONS

Reason for engagement: As business organisations often drive opinions based on interaction with a wide base of constituents, it is important for us to understand the macro environment and their objectives to ensure alignment and relevance. The peer group collective in business organisations is also important to create unified industry views.



BUSINESS PARTNERS

Reason for engagement: We select business partners that complement our product and service offering to deliver complete infrastructure solutions to clients. Our sector strategies rely on current and future technical partnerships to ensure alignment in terms of business approach and values at inception and during implementation of contracts.



PROVIDERS OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES

(including debt providers and equity shareholders)

Reason for engagement: Providers of debt and equity are core to our existence and growth. The group's financial strength is generated from the initial backing of equity from shareholders, debt from bondholders and bankers, as well as financial guarantees from bankers and insurance companies.

Without access to guarantee facilities, the group would not be able to tender for contracts. The group's equity materially defines the group's ability to access guarantees and growth opportunities.

ANALYSTS AND MEDIA

Reason for engagement: Analysts and media provide other stakeholders, especially clients, providers of equity capital (shareholders) and providers of debt capital (bankers) with research and information on the group, its performance and challenges.

COMMUNITIES

Reason for engagement: We engage with communities that are located around our contracts, as the people in communities live and work close to our operations. Understanding and aiming to meet their needs is critical to ensure the successful completion of contracts, especially in the context of South Africa where community unrest around business' operations is increasing.



EDUCATION AND TRAINING INSTITUTIONS

Reason for engagement: Being an attractive employer is fundamental to our ability to source, retain and develop the best talent in the market. Group Five's in-house Academy forms partnerships with external training and education institutions to identify talent for our bursary programmes and employee pipeline.



REIPP* SOLAR PROJECT – JASPER
South Africa

KEY STAKEHOLDER ISSUES

The three most material stakeholder issues that were regularly communicated to the group during the year are outlined below, as well as where more information can be found on how we are addressing their areas of concern:

1 INTERNAL CHALLENGES, WITH A KEY FOCUS ON:

PAGES
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- › Execution, especially in light of operational delivery challenges in Engineering & Construction
- › Ensuring competitiveness
- › Driving order book growth

2 MACRO-ECONOMIC ISSUES, ESPECIALLY THE TOUGH SOUTH AFRICAN MARKET

PAGES
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3 THE BROADER SOUTH AFRICAN TRANSFORMATION AGENDA

PAGES
50 – 52

- › Legacy issues following the Competition Commission investigation into the construction sector
- › Broad-based black economic empowerment (BBBEE) legislative changes
- › Increasing diversity within the group

* Renewable Energy Independent Power Producer Programme.

ACTING RESPONSIBLY

Within the context of an expanding geographic strategy, it becomes even more critical for the group to protect its brand and integrity by ensuring that its employees are well trained and aware of their responsibilities, including providing guidance on how to deal with situations of duress.

Integrity is one of the group's seven values. The group's ethics standards are set out in a code of conduct. The code of conduct details the group's expectation of how employees, sub-contractors, suppliers and joint venture partners should conduct themselves whilst working with Group Five.

In line with our ongoing commitment to compliance and ethics, management further increased our focus on compliance with the appointment of a senior compliance and ethics manager. During the year, 140 employees attended ethics training. Ethics training also forms a core part of new employee induction training.



As outlined to the market before, Group Five has co-operated proactively with the Competition Commission of South Africa (the Commission) since 2009 in terms of its investigations into matters of collusion in the construction industry in South Africa.

To date, the group has not reached settlement with the Commission on two contracts where the group has been implicated for anti-competitive behaviour. These matters have been referred to the Competition Tribunal. The group has not received any evidence of it partaking in anti-competitive behaviour on these contracts. The group awaits the date for the hearing from the Competition Tribunal for the matters referred. We welcome the opportunity to address

and clarify this long-outstanding issue to bring certainty to shareholders, employees and all other stakeholders.

Two other matters have been dropped and are no longer being investigated by the Commission.

We acknowledge the reputational damage done to the country, our sector and our group and continue to work with and through the industry and representative business bodies and government to effect transformation and rebuild the stature of the industry as a precursor to, and in support of, the national agenda for the much-needed roll out of the infrastructure programmes under the government's National Development Plan (NDP).

LOOKING FORWARD

SOUTH AFRICA

Market conditions in our home market of South Africa are set to remain challenging.

The views expressed by credit rating agencies on South Africa's ability to manage its current account deficit and electricity crisis are also of concern. State-owned enterprises' infrastructure programmes are being delayed due to financial constraints as tariff increases are deemed as insufficient to finance pipeline projects.

The private sector confidence remains low, with a lack in spending. This, combined with challenges in the mining sector, will continue to delay much-needed infrastructure spending.

However, we remain encouraged by the objectives set in the NDP, which specifically recognise the important part that investment in infrastructure plays in driving growth of our economy. The NDP targets Gross Domestic Fixed Investment to grow from the current 16% of GDP to 30% by 2030. As the NDP is endorsed and supported by most political parties and the ANC-led government, this bodes well over the medium to longer term for a recovery in our sector.

At a regulatory level, the alignment of the Construction Sector broad-based black economic empowerment (BBBEE) Charter to the revised Codes of Good Practice has commenced. We are working with relevant role players to better understand the expected timing and process for implementation. We conducted a review of the impact of the revised requirements on our current empowerment scorecard and are proactively implementing amended internal structures and performance metrics to ensure alignment with the expected revised scorecard targets.

PAGE

Refer to pages 50 to 52.

Whilst Group Five has a Level 2 rating in terms of the Construction Charter and has progressed in terms of diversity, certain challenges remain.

Our key focus areas for improvement remain senior management level transformation and improving the gender demographics of the company. Although we made progress during the year in terms of an additional senior management appointment, more remains to be done.

PAGE We have clear plans in place to address these challenges, as outlined on pages 50 to 52.

Furthermore, women comprise only 16% of the entire workforce. In F2012, we launched the Basadi programme, a special initiative focusing on women empowerment, which intends to highlight and address systemic barriers (policy, structural and cultural) that impede the attraction and retention of women. The Basadi programme focuses on the development and empowerment of women in line with one of the group's stated values of transformation. Since its creation, we have focused on women empowerment, with employee training and development, support of women in our sector and contribution to the community through social development initiatives. The programme recently received recognition from the Women in Construction Awards as one of the most innovative women training programmes.

THE REST OF AFRICA

Rising income and urbanisation are supporting growth in domestic demand, which is helping to increase diversification into sectors such as construction, financial services and telecommunications, which will contribute to ongoing economic expansion.

The power sector across the rest of Africa is buoyant, with a number of very strong prospects at advanced development and tender stage across multiple geographies. The transport sector also remains active, with a number of realistic contracts on the horizon across the rest of Africa. The real estate market continues to be busy in our target African countries.

Due to a sharply lower oil price, the prospects in the oil and gas markets have tempered somewhat, but do remain positive in West and East Africa. Mining markets across the rest of Africa will continue to be weak in line with sustained lower commodity prices.

PAGE Refer to pages 44 to 49 for more about our focus on growth in the rest of Africa.

EASTERN EUROPE

Eastern Europe is emerging from the recession with mixed results. This is mainly due to either political or regional issues in specific countries, which are also impacted by the current European Union (EU) sanctions with Russia.

It is clear that both Hungary and Poland will remain challenging markets, with political and financial issues limiting the opportunity for new projects. However, over the medium term Poland offers strong potential for future projects, with additional EU cohesion funding of Euro 106 billion expected for the next six years, of which around Euro 20 billion is earmarked for public private partnership (PPP) infrastructure projects. There is also a devolvement of political power in Poland to local regions, giving them greater autonomy for their budgets and the ability to issue PPP and maintenance contracts as opposed to central government. There are visible signs of improvement in the pipeline of projects being put out to tender.

Outside our existing geographies, Intertoll's view is that there is still a strong pipeline of work in certain selected countries further east in Europe and in the old Soviet Union. Intertoll is currently part of a pre-qualified consortium in Russia where there is a PPP construction pipeline of around USD30 billion for road PPPs, and in Kazakhstan for a new motorway PPP project.

Intertoll is also tendering for operations and maintenance contracts in Turkey on three sections of new PPP motorways, with a construction value of over USD3 billion.

Both Russia and Turkey have strong economic bases and histories of closing PPP projects.

Intertoll's focus will remain on closing projects in countries where there is strong investment funding and bank support for the region. Although we will continue to expand our home base in Poland and Hungary, we will continue with our expansionary geographic strategy in regions that have strong financial support.

APPRECIATION

My appreciation goes out to my fellow board members for their continued input. Our board restructuring during F2014 has positively reinvigorated and increased diversity of debate around the table. I have enjoyed this time.

Our new CEO, Eric Vemer, has stepped seamlessly into the role in December 2014. Eric is a very skilled executive with over 25 years' experience, of which ten years have been with Group Five. The board is confident that he can lead the group through what will remain difficult conditions.

The board and myself as chairperson are enthused by the changes Eric has already implemented and believe the new executive structure will assist the team to address the key issues we face.

We thank our previous CEO, Mike Upton, who retired at the end of November, for his hard work over the years he was with us. He navigated the group through significant challenges and left a strong team to continue driving the group forward.

My appreciation also goes to all our stakeholders. We faced an extremely tough year, but I am confident that the current management team has the experience and focus to take the action required to steer us forward with success.

Philiswe Mthethwa
CHAIRPERSON

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S REVIEW



Eric Vemer CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

INTRODUCTION

Against challenging market conditions and very clear stakeholder expectations, we focused on identifying our issues, taking firm action and setting measurable milestones with regular review dates to ensure problem issues were addressed and improvements delivered.

We did not hesitate to tackle the difficult issues head on and engage widely and transparently to ensure support for the actions taken.

We also increased our focus on the team's ownership and accountability for segment performance, as well as speed of action in the event of poor delivery. For example, responsibility for contract performance has been reconfirmed to be that of contract directors. Although they are supported by managing directors, they must retain clear and direct accountability for contract delivery without delegating responsibility to junior subordinates or escalating issues to the group executive to resolve without consequence. At the same time, we are also focused on driving our

safety and quality performance, an improved order book, addressing execution challenges, ensuring a lean overhead base and driving successful client relationships.

As a result of our revised approach and renewed culture of accountability, we have experienced increased energy and vigour within the group, which was further cemented with several senior management changes made during the financial year, as outlined on pages 16 to 19.

TACKLING OUR ISSUES

As outlined on pages 28 to 29, our stakeholders identified key issues of concern. As a management team and board we also held a number of discussion forums, which highlighted issues which required immediate action.

Our overall performance in the year was very disappointing and as a management team not acceptable to us. The strong performance by Investments & Concessions and solid delivery by Manufacturing was undermined by the significant losses incurred on certain contracts in Engineering & Construction.

We focus on the top three issues and related plans in this integrated annual report.

MATERIAL ISSUE

/01

ENSURE EFFECTIVE EXECUTION



ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION

- Management of contracts, ensuring effective delivery and reducing loss-making contracts
- Ensure continued safe operations



INVESTMENTS & CONCESSIONS

- Continue to focus on costs and efficiencies to maintain and grow strong margins
- Ensure continued safe operations



MANUFACTURING

- Continue to drive operational excellence
- Ensure continued safe operations

MATERIAL ISSUE

/02

SECURE A QUALITY MULTI-YEAR CONTRACTING AND ANNUITY ORDER BOOK



Extract opportunities in a constrained South African market



Drive continued sector-led African expansion



Grow the Intertoll brand in other markets and consider a separate equities listing once appropriate size and scale is reached

MATERIAL ISSUE

/03

REMAIN RELEVANT IN A COMPETITIVE AND CHANGING LANDSCAPE



Address reputational damage and the mistrust created between our sector and the public sector as a result of the anti-competitive behaviour identified by the Competition Commission investigation into the construction sector in South Africa



Prepare for changing regulatory requirements, especially in South Africa, where new broad-based black economic empowerment legislation will require increased focus on diversity in companies' operations

MATERIAL ISSUES

MATERIAL ISSUE

/01

ENSURE EFFECTIVE EXECUTION

MATERIAL ISSUE

/02

SECURE A QUALITY MULTI-YEAR CONTRACTING AND ANNUITY ORDER BOOK

MATERIAL ISSUE

/03

REMAIN RELEVANT IN A COMPETITIVE AND CHANGING LANDSCAPE

WHY IS THIS RELEVANT?

During the current year, the group's contract loss-/profit-maker ratio weakened significantly following poor execution. This materially impacted earnings and returns, resulting in execution risk becoming management's most material focus area.



PERKOA ZINC
Burkina Faso

ACTIONS TAKEN TO ADDRESS THIS FOCUS AREA

ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION

Against very tough market conditions and an increase in especially foreign competition, this cluster experienced significant margin pressure. We also experienced an increase in the number of loss-making contracts. To address the poor execution, we focused on the following:

- ① We consolidated all Contracting businesses under one cluster, Engineering & Construction (E&C), and further strengthened the senior leadership of this cluster with experienced management.

These changes will allow for immediate standardisation of procedures across the E&C segments and implementation of best practice. These initiatives will be led by the operations director who has run the most successful construction business in the group for a number of years. The cluster management will also oversee the actions of the segments and be responsible for the approval of actions taken by the segments.

- ② As poor quality was found to have exacerbated losses on certain contracts, this was separated as a specific stand-alone, measurable discipline and focus area.

To drive improvement, an E&C quality forum was established under the direct leadership of the executive director of this cluster. The focus of this forum is to share best quality management and execution practices across the group and relaunch the discipline of achieving a quality build on site first time round.

- ③ Strong focus is being placed on improving accuracy on specifically the estimating and tendering of contracts, as well as the

determination of costs to completion. These two areas remain the most frequent cause of losses, with poor estimating resulting in an under-costed programme and an inadequate estimation of costs resulting in loss-making contracts not being identified early enough to allow for rectification and remedial action.

- ④ Although we delivered successfully on multi-disciplinary contracts, we found that teams were often still too focused on individual segment performance within a contract instead of considering overall contract delivery for the group. To address this, the group's incentivisation on multi-disciplinary contracts has been linked to the outcome of the contract, not separate segment performance criteria. This will ensure a continued culture shift in the group.
- ⑤ Safety focus remains on red alert. Although we are very pleased with no fatalities this year and an improvement in our lost-time injury frequency rate, we remain focused on this measure, particularly where there are extreme completion pressures on contracts, as this is often a time where errors can be made and safety prejudiced.

INVESTMENTS & CONCESSIONS

- ① We addressed operational inefficiencies and put clear guidelines and key performance measures in place to ensure improved efficiencies.
- ② We implemented a European operational management performance scheme, which is substantially driven by cost performance exceeding target, rather than revenue or profit.
- ③ The safety performance in the African concessions operations regressed during the year. This was due to a lack of adherence to company policy and a decline in management focus and



intervention to create a culture of safety awareness. To rectify the position, the Intertoll managing director is personally driving the change needed to deliver an enhanced safe working environment going forward.

MANUFACTURING

- ① A number of smaller capital projects are being concluded, which will further improve production efficiency and product quality. We are also driving optimisation of all production processes and the outsourcing of uneconomical production activities.
- ② To address power interruptions in South Africa, standby generators were acquired to support critical equipment. Eskom agreed to a system of power rationing to keep the primary production lines operating during shortages. This has already had a very positive impact.
- ③ We increased our focus on safety following a number of incidents. This included behaviour-based programmes and training interventions around the responsibility of both the employer and the employee. We also increased our education to refocus employees on job safety and disciplinary action for all safety transgressions and near misses.

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ENSURE EFFECTIVE EXECUTION continued

WHAT PROGRESS CAN BE SEEN?

ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION

- ① Due to the strong action taken on non-performance, we have seen a number of initial improvements, including:
 - Clearer understanding of where accountability and responsibility reside, including improved management of contracts
 - Detailed knowledge of non-performing contracts by cluster executives, with proactive action being taken to address weak performance
 - Revision of risk procedures to incorporate lessons learnt from loss-making contracts, with a focus on accurate estimating at tender stage and cost to completion assessment during execution stage
 - Increased training on estimating and tendering and cost to completion
 - Improved communication between segments by simplifying the interaction within the cluster to result in faster decision-making
- ② Performance reviews have been conducted, with revised key performance measures put in place to ensure a strong focus on performance and accountability.
- ③ We are very pleased with the improvement seen in the safety performance of both our employees and those of sub-contractors.

Although the year-on-year percentage of revenue traded from negotiated contracts decreased from 18% to 15%, it is pleasing to note that the segment with the largest revenue in the financial year is also the segment with the highest percentage of negotiated contracts.

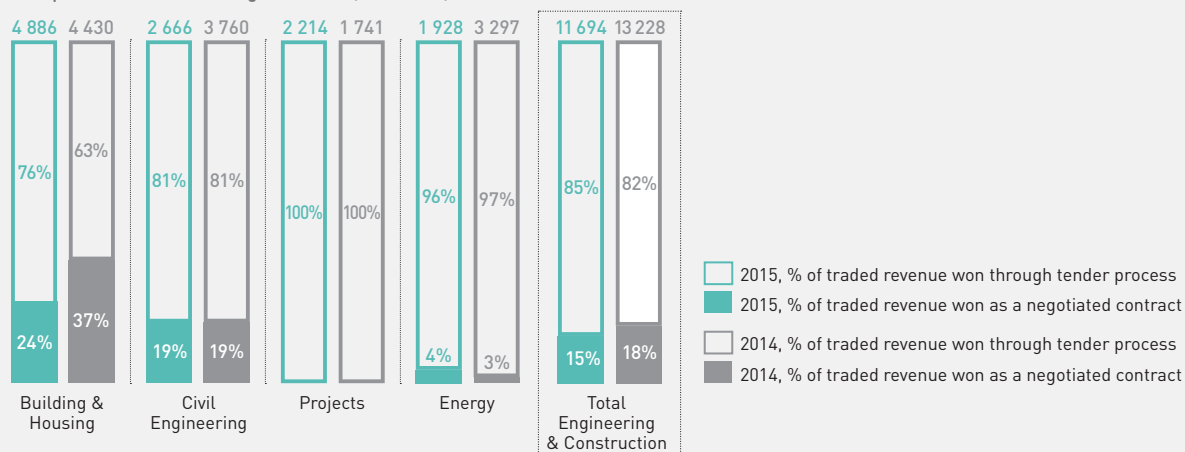
Negotiated contracts in Building & Housing's revenue was

24%

In line with tendering norms for Projects and Energy, the level of negotiated contracts within these segments remains low.

CLIENT CONFIDENCE IN THE GROUP INDICATED BY NEGOTIATED CONTRACTS:

Group's traded Contracting* revenue (R million)





The focus on implementing the group's Zero Harm campaign resulted in a very pleasing decrease in our segment lost-time injury frequency rate (LTIFR) from **0.12 to 0.10** and a decrease in the group LTIFR from 0.17 to 0.15. This, combined with **no fatalities**, is an outstanding achievement and very pleasing to the management team.

The improvement in safety performance was achieved due to a focus on conducting internal audits to identify the causes of injuries and implementing corrective actions, as well as generating mitigating strategies and risk rankings for high and extreme risks.

Both employees and sub-contractors showed an improvement due to an unwavering focus on safety awareness over the last few years and grouping both employees and sub-contractors under one central safety function to ensure consistent implementation of safety measures.

Safety measures are also now linked to management's key performance indicators to ensure strict measurement. We also implemented ad hoc site visits from senior management to work closely with sites on addressing improvements before incidents occur.

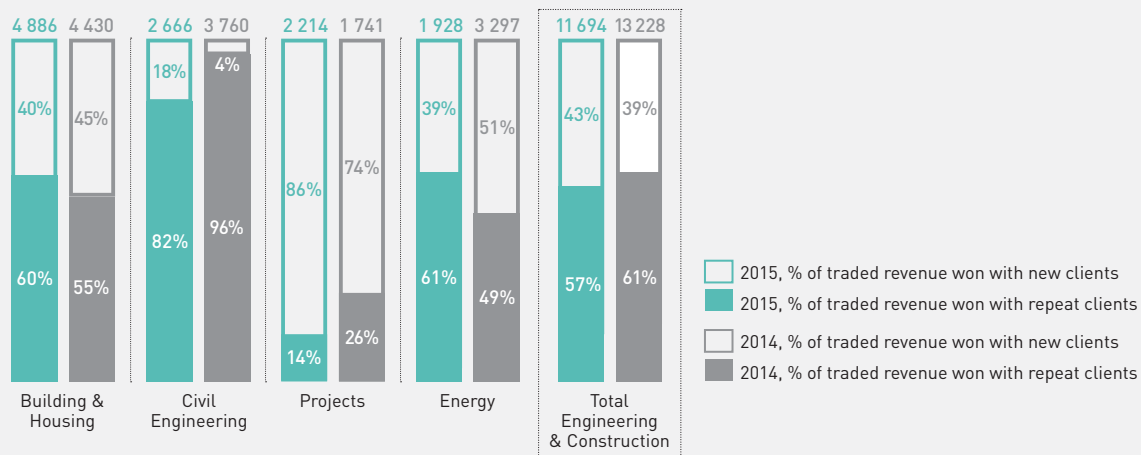
The Building & Housing segment, the group's largest Contracting segment, increased its work from repeat clients.

The decrease in the repeat client work in the Projects segment was mainly due to the slowdown within the mining sector, securing additional South African revenue and securing new clients following further diversification into new regions.

It is pleasing to see an increase in repeat work within the group's Energy segment in line with the group's stated strategy.

CLIENT CONFIDENCE IN THE GROUP INDICATED BY AWARDS WITH REPEAT CLIENTS:

Group's traded Contracting* revenue (R million)



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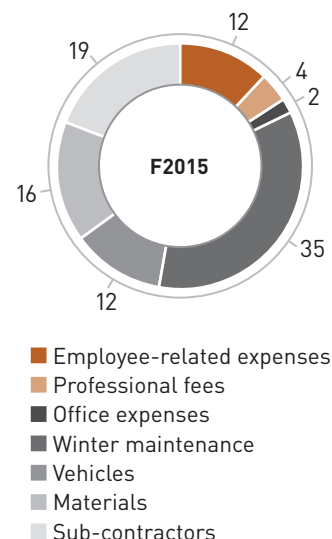
ENSURE EFFECTIVE EXECUTION continued

INVESTMENTS & CONCESSIONS

- ① To address operational inefficiencies, a review of key performance measures has started to show positive results. Cost savings have already been realised on specific line items.
- ② The realignment of the European team to be cost-focused resulted in cost-out to date of around Euro 1,6 million.
- ③ Non-adherence to safety policy has been dealt with. We will ensure continued intervention by senior management until safety is brought back to acceptable levels.



COST SAVING BY TYPE (%)



MANUFACTURING

- ① Costs were reduced through a further reduction in headcount as technical improvements were concluded in the Everite factory.
- ② Certain low-volume and inefficient processes were outsourced to low-cost external suppliers.
- ③ The declining steel price was reasonably managed to limit exposure to the carrying values of steel inventories.
- ④ Through careful planning we managed to fully address the impact of Eskom power outages.
- ⑤ Disciplinary action was taken against negligent employees who impacted safety. Management are also now more visible on the plant floor and on sites. Superintendents are measured weekly on compliance with safety and health and corrective action is taken where necessary.

EXPORTS

Export volumes on a like-for-like basis increased by

27.4%

Exports as a percentage of total revenue increased by

11.7%

to 6.7% of total revenue

COST-OUT

Direct labour cost per product output dropped by

6.2%

year-on-year even after a higher than CPI wage settlement

Although electricity increased by 15%, the Rand cost of energy consumed per product output only increased by

1%

due to a focus on new technology and equipment upgrades

WHAT STILL NEEDS TO BE DONE

ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION



- › Entrenching the changes made during the year to ensure effective delivery on contracts
- › Continued bedding down of new management structures in selected segments
- › Following the retrenchment of 232 core employees at a retrenchment cost of R19,4 million in Civil Engineering during the year, we will continue with the rightsizing of the business in line with reduced market demand and spend. A further provision of R11,6 million was made in F2015 for retrenchments in F2016

INVESTMENTS & CONCESSIONS



- › We need to continue addressing very competitive markets, with a number of new entrants and existing competitors competing to secure project wins, often accepting materially higher risk and lower returns at levels which are not sustainable in the long term
- › In Group Five Properties it remains essential to filter our project pipeline appropriately to maximise opportunity cost and minimise wasted effort and manpower

MANUFACTURING



- › To further improve production efficiency and product quality, a number of smaller capital projects are being concluded
- › We will also continue to drive the optimisation of all production processes and the outsourcing of uneconomic production activities
- › We will expand the fibre cement pipe plant capacity to meet developing demand and will further develop our African export market after recent successes in Zambia and Tanzania
- › We will continue to improve our focus on safety through initiatives such as introducing safety key performance indicator monitoring throughout the cluster and rolling out safety training



CASE STUDY



EASTERN CAPE LOSS- MAKING CONTRACT – lessons learnt



The group suffered significant losses on one contract in the Eastern Cape. The Civil Engineering and Projects segments were appointed as sub-contractors to deliver civil engineering and structural, mechanical, electrical, instrumentation and piping (SMEIP) construction of a re-measurable peaking power plant. Construction commenced in September 2013.

The group identified areas of concern during the execution phase of the contract and significant corrective action and additional support by the group, cluster and segments was provided. However, although the contract will be successfully completed by August 2015, it will be at a significantly higher cost than the tendered value, as the remedial interventions instituted during the current financial year were unable to return the contract to profit. A loss of R224 million was incurred in the year. Cluster management have assessed the contract's performance and believe that sufficient provision for losses has been recorded within F2015 to cater for the costs to come on completion of the contract.



During F2015, the senior site management and the contracts director responsible for this contract were changed due to their poor performance. Additional senior and highly experienced employees were placed on the contract to ensure that it is successfully completed.

Below we outline the key lessons learnt.

Findings

Estimating errors due to misinterpretation of bid documents, which resulted in under-costing of the bid.



The contract was negotiated over an extended period (24 months). This resulted in changes in market conditions and appropriateness of pricing and terms of the contract from inception to signing date not being adequately considered.



Late start-up of civils and earthworks, which resulted in knock-on delays.



Labour unrest and poor productivity of the local workforce, which resulted in further inefficiencies and costs.



Senior management that were allocated to the contract did not have the required skills to execute this contract, which was highlighted by the turnover of management during the life of the contract.



Assumptions made at bid stage were not communicated to the execution team, which resulted in the execution team not having sufficient knowledge to deliver the contract efficiently.



Lessons learnt

Account for all client requirements in compiling the bids. Clarify any scope concerns prior to submission.

All tender submissions are now formally approved by the managing and financial directors of the segment to confirm accuracy and completeness and their ownership for the submission.

The commercial and legal terms and conditions are now formally approved by the segment commercial director responsible for the contract.

Where contracts require a lengthy negotiation period and a bid document is more than six months old, it has to be resubmitted to the group's risk review committee for re-evaluation and sign-off.

Timeously mobilise in line with the construction programme that is highlighted at the contract kick-off meeting. This meeting is attended by the cluster operations director to enforce the appropriate starting time.

Improved research of the local labour market to fully understand labour productivity and volatility and ensure that this is priced into the bid.

An industrial relations (IR) development training programme is being implemented throughout the group for all IR practitioners and human resource managers who are leading site IR processes.

The Group Five Academy is refocusing its training activities on skills development in critical areas identified from the lessons learnt.

Ensure that at bid stage we have suitable resources with the relevant experience to execute.

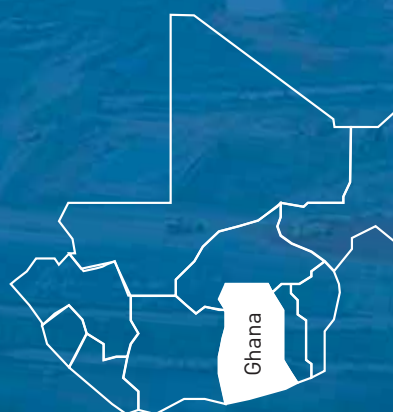
Regular site visits by the cluster and group executive team have been implemented to ensure that poor performance on site can be immediately resolved.

The Group Five Academy training is addressing the areas of weakness identified in project management.

Contract handover meetings between tendering and the execution team and the contract start-up meetings are now being enforced on all contracts. This is overseen by the cluster executive management.



CASE STUDY



RISK MANAGEMENT ON EPC CONTRACT

KPONE

In December 2014, the group was awarded the USD410 million engineer, procure and construct (EPC) contract by Ghanaian group Cenpower Generation Company Limited (Cenpower) for the design and build of the 350 megawatt (MW) tri-fuel fired combined cycle power plant. The power plant is being built in the municipality of Kpone within the Tema industrial zone close to Accra, Ghana.

The group has spent eight years developing this contract, including the formulation of our contract commercial and execution structure, delivery strategy and associated risk mitigation strategies.

Prior to receiving approval from the board of directors, management were required to assess, record and report on the various elements of risk identified within the contract and translate this risk into a value (value at risk). The board only signed off on the contract after management had addressed all areas of risk and on agreement that the value at risk was at an acceptable level.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The key elements of risk inherent in the contract and how these are being managed are outlined in this section:

➔	RISK FACTOR: Country
	Management: The group has operated in Ghana for approximately 20 years where it has a permanent office and a day works yard.
➔	RISK FACTOR: Regulatory
	Management: Ghana is one of the group's preferred countries in the rest of Africa due to its developed regulatory environment. The group received the necessary regulatory dispensations prior to the commencement of the contract.
➔	RISK FACTOR: Logistics
	Management: Effectively managing logistics of moving people and plant is key when working in Africa. The group has adequate experience after almost 40 years of working in the rest of Africa and about 20 years in Ghana.
➔	RISK FACTOR: Procurement
	Management: 50% of the contract value relates to procured equipment. Major suppliers include General Electric, Siemens and NEM. The group has long-standing relationships with these suppliers and has successfully worked with their equipment on other contracts. Performance guarantees have been received.
➔	RISK FACTOR: Currency and repatriation
	Management: The group has adequately structured this contract, including the flow of funds, to minimise the impact of a weakening local currency and the risk of loss on conversion of currencies, as well as not being able to repatriate free cash flow. The contract is a US Dollar-designated contract.

➔	RISK FACTOR: Credit
	Management: The funding for this contract is guaranteed under a privately financed public private partnership structure, with reputable regional and international equity partners and debt funding underwritten by a consortium of leading South African banks under South African Export Credit Insurance Cover.
➔	RISK FACTOR: Operational
	Management: The group has successfully completed ten EPC power contracts worth R6 billion over the last seven years. The group has delivered a number of similar combined and simple cycle power plants in Africa using the same or similar technology. In 2010, an almost identical plant was built for Sasol in South Africa, with the equipment on that contract issued by the client to Group Five as the EPC. Had the contract included the equipment supply value, the contract size would have been similar to that of Kpone at USD410 million. The previous contract had the same scope, technology, equipment suppliers and project director as that of Kpone.
➔	RISK FACTOR: Resources
	Management: The contract is being led by the same project director who delivered a virtually identical plant for Sasol, with the support of an experienced group of directors and managers who either have experience in Ghana or were part of the successful delivery of the Sasol plant in South Africa.
➔	RISK FACTOR: Value at risk
	Management: The group has calculated its value at risk for this contract and is comfortable that this is well within the group's risk-bearing capacity and risk appetite.
➔	RISK FACTOR: Design issues, including late delivery of designs by the design partner, resulting in delays to the completion of the contract
	Management: Group Five is responsible for design with a design partner. Back-to-back agreements are in place for design liabilities and responsibilities. The design risk is medium to low, as older, tested designs and technologies are being used. This reduces product and construction risks and design costs through economies of scale. An integrated internal engineering department, lender engineers and the client also review all designs to ensure accuracy. Liquidated damages are linked to the performance of the design partner. Extra incentives have been offered for early completion of designs. Detailed schedule management is in place with the project team to monitor design progress.
➔	RISK FACTOR: Weather delays
	Management: Sub-contractor terms and conditions have been drafted to mitigate against claims for rain delays. Rain shelters will be built to ensure continued construction during the rainy season.

Value of contract:
USD410
million

engineer, procure and construct (EPC) contract by Ghanaian group Cenpower Generation Company Limited.

Although the possibility of risks arising during the contract remains, to counter this, we have priced in a contingency for any unforeseen risks.

OPERATIONAL MANAGEMENT

The project team reports monthly to an executive team, which includes the Engineering & Construction cluster executive and the managing directors of the respective segments involved in the contract. This team evaluates the progress and immediately addresses problem areas. The project team also reports quarterly to the board risk committee on the progress of the contract.

KEY ASPECTS THE TEAM IMPLEMENTED ON THIS CONTRACT BASED ON LESSONS LEARNT ON OTHER CONTRACTS INCLUDE:

- An equal partnership between the three Group Five segments involved in the delivery of the contract was established to ensure a combined contract approach. The team members are being incentivised for their delivery on the total contract and not on their segment performance. The group has selected the strongest individuals from the three segments who are permanently allocated to the contract. They do not report to their segments, but to the executive team overseeing the contract
- Key suppliers and sub-contractors were selected and a detailed due diligence was undertaken on these outsourced activities to ensure that the partners are competent to undertake their scope of work. The contract team also has the experience and capability to adequately oversee and manage suppliers and sub-contractors, as they have all worked on other large multi-disciplinary contracts throughout Africa. Local in-country sub-contractors have been selected for work that can be undertaken locally to mitigate against any local labour and productivity issues
- Key suppliers are reputable international groups with the experience of delivering similar and much larger contracts. The costs of these suppliers have already been locked in through procurement agreements after financial close of the contract. The risks of escalation of these costs have, therefore, been mitigated
- Cost estimates are still within the costs tendered, which is eliminating the pricing and estimation error risks accompanied with a long lead time to financial close

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**ENSURE EFFECTIVE
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**SECURE A QUALITY MULTI-YEAR
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MATERIAL ISSUE

/03

**REMAIN RELEVANT IN A
COMPETITIVE AND CHANGING
LANDSCAPE**

WHY IS THIS RELEVANT?

Drives increased revenue and profitability and provides "line of sight" on future earnings, with annuity income balancing volatile construction earnings.



LOWER THUKELA RESERVOIR
South Africa

ACTIONS TAKEN TO ADDRESS THIS FOCUS AREA



ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION

- ① Businesses are increasingly focusing on sectors and regions which provide the most margin and cash enhancement and ultimately the best returns. The group's contract clearing house and risk review meetings prior to contract tenders will ensure that this focus is retained.
- ② We balanced our emphasis on order book growth against the group's capacity to assume risk.
- ③ We secured R1,6 billion multi-disciplinary contracts within our year-end reported Contracting order book to optimise margin extraction.
- ④ As outlined on page 26, we improved our targeted African strategy through the appointment of dedicated resources and the creation of small in-country offices in Ghana and Mozambique. We have a clear target in place to drive our contribution to revenue from over-border work to 50% by 2020.

INVESTMENTS & CONCESSIONS

- ① On the back of the secured portfolio in Poland and Hungary, the Intertoll business is prudently expanding into other Eastern European markets such as Slovakia, Bulgaria, Russia and Turkey. Intertoll is also evaluating various road concessions opportunities in North America with our current European partners, which offer a number of attractive future project prospects.
- ② In Intertoll, during the year, we pre-qualified on a number of potential PPP projects and successfully employed defensive strategies on all our projects that were due for price renegotiation.
- ③ We secured a number of residential, commercial and retail development opportunities in Group Five Properties.

MANUFACTURING

- ① We continue to drive potential areas of growth in our markets, which include:
 - › Securing large volume reinforcing steel orders for building and civil engineering contracts
 - › Targeting the large water pipeline contracts planned by Rand Water and the Department of Water and Sanitation
 - › Sourcing target RDP housing contracts which will provide a three-year order book for our alternative building technology business, ABT
 - › Sourcing complementary traded products within the context of our alternative revenue streams and limiting volume decline in the face of increased imports

WHAT PROGRESS CAN BE SEEN?

GROUP

Revenue from the rest of Africa increased from 20% in F2014 to 23% in F2015. Over-border contracts represent 39% of the group's total secured Contracting order book. This is more reflective of our goal of revenue from over-border contracts of 50%. Revenue from the group's Eastern European operations has been constant at 4% in the last few years.

EASTERN EUROPE

HUNGARY | POLAND

TOTAL TRADED REVENUE BY REGION

F2015	F2014	F2013
4%	4%	4%

WEST AFRICA

ALGERIA | BURKINA FASO | GHANA | LIBERIA
MALI | NIGERIA | SIERRA LEONE

TOTAL TRADED REVENUE BY REGION

F2015	F2014	F2013
7%	2%	5%

TOTAL CONTRACTING ORDER BOOK

F2015	F2014	F2013
34%	4%	2%

CENTRAL AFRICA

ANGOLA | DRC | ZAMBIA

TOTAL TRADED REVENUE BY REGION

F2015	F2014	F2013
3%	8%	13%

TOTAL CONTRACTING ORDER BOOK

F2015	F2014	F2013
1%	2%	6%

SOUTH AFRICA

TOTAL TRADED REVENUE BY REGION

F2015	F2014	F2013
73%	76%	68%

TOTAL CONTRACTING ORDER BOOK

F2015	F2014	F2013
61%	80%	79%

REST OF SOUTHERN AFRICA

BOTSWANA | LESOTHO | MOZAMBIQUE
NAMIBIA | SWAZILAND | ZIMBABWE

TOTAL TRADED REVENUE BY REGION

F2015	F2014	F2013
12%	9%	9%

TOTAL CONTRACTING ORDER BOOK

F2015	F2014	F2013
4%	13%	12%

EAST AFRICA

MADAGASCAR | MALAWI | MAURITIUS
TANZANIA

TOTAL TRADED REVENUE BY REGION

F2015	F2014	F2013
1%	1%	1%

TOTAL CONTRACTING ORDER BOOK

F2015	F2014	F2013
-	1%	1%

SECURED OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ORDER BOOK – ANNUITY INCOME

R million	Actual revenue			Order book		Total secured*
	F2013	F2014	F2015	F2016	Three-year to F2019	
Transport	654	834	892	835	2 022	4 460
Industrial, oil and gas	59	224	157	71	–	71
Power	–	–	24	42	105	156
Total	713	1 058	1 073	948	2 127	4 687

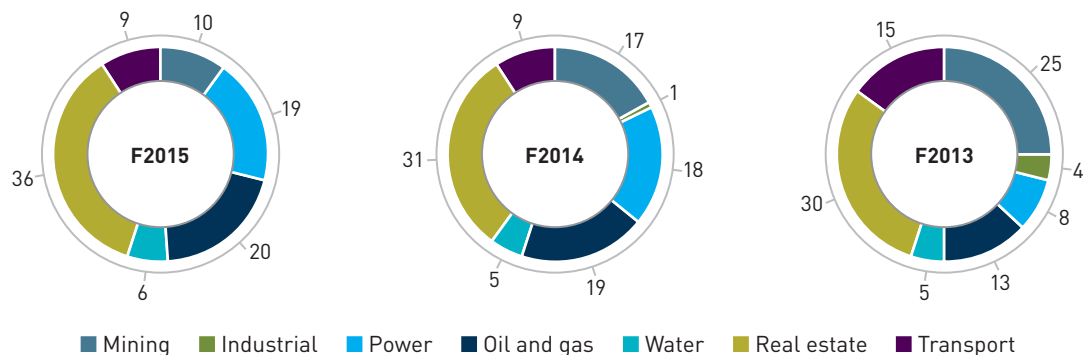
* Secured Operations & Maintenance order book is valued using real cash flows (excluding escalation clauses) to first review date.

The group has R4,7 billion in secured operations and maintenance contracts. This provides solid annuity revenue and income in line with the group's stated strategy. The R4,7 billion represents the value to first review date only, which represents a conservative amount on what relates to multi-year contracts.

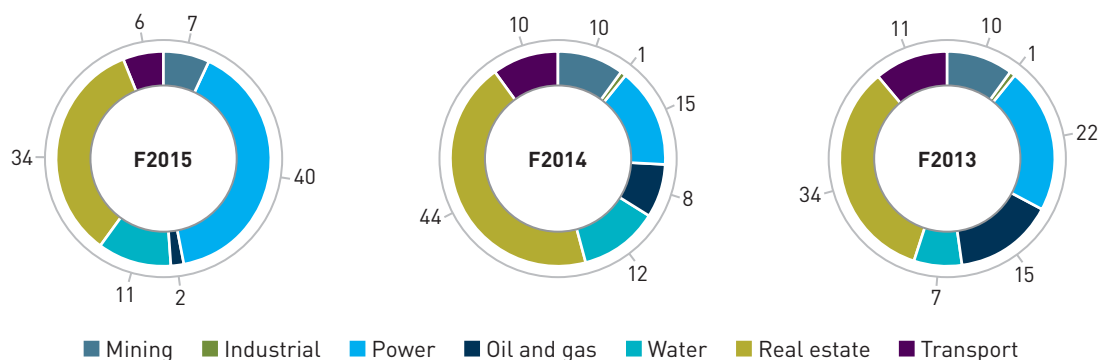
ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION

The group has a spread of traded revenue and Contracting order book within its seven sectors of focus. Over the last three years, real estate continued to be significant for the group, with an increase in power. In line with market conditions, opportunities from the mining sector reduced.

TRADED CONTRACTING REVENUE BY SECTOR (%)



TOTAL CONTRACTING ORDER BOOK BY SECTOR (%)



ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION continued

MULTI-YEAR OPPORTUNITY PIPELINE

%	June 2015	June 2014	June 2013
Mining	16	25	24
Industrial	2	2	2
Power	13	19	20
Oil and gas	13	13	3
Water	9	5	10
Real estate	4	7	12
Transport	43	29	29

MULTI-YEAR OPPORTUNITY PIPELINE

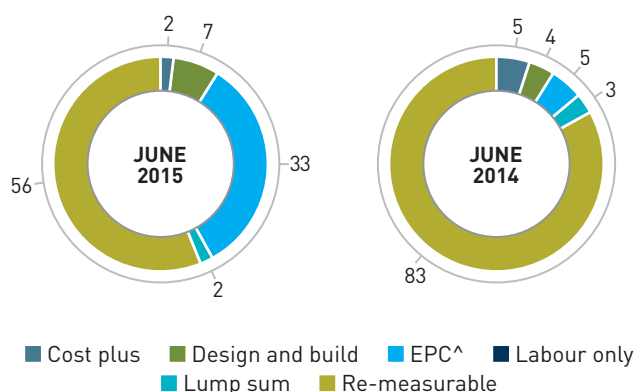
Opportunities in the short to medium term favour a more balanced geographic mix in both South Africa and the rest of Africa.

	Rest of Africa			Local		
at 30 June 2015	Total	Private	Public	Total	Private	Public
Total Rbn	132	99	33	93	43	50
% of total pipeline	59	44	15	41	19	22
Pre-tender and tender Rbn	49	38	11	25	20	5
% of pre-tender and tender	66	51	15	34	27	7

Opportunities in the short to medium term favour the African mining, power and transport sectors, although we see an **improvement in opportunities** within the oil and gas sector.

The pipeline guides to a more over-border Contracting order book in future years, with 59% of opportunities listed being outside of South Africa.

TOTAL CONTRACTING ORDER BOOK (%)



[^] Engineer, procure and construct.

Total opportunities
at 30 June 2015

R225 billion

Total pre-tender opportunities
at 30 June 2015

R74 billion

INVESTMENTS & CONCESSIONS

- › The pipeline of opportunities in the African concessions business is improving
- › The business signed a small consultancy deal on a significant contract in Nigeria
- › Through geographic expansion, our European business is now bidding for projects with new partners in new countries, such as Turkey, Kazakhstan and Russia
- › Group Five Properties is now working over-border and has a growing pipeline of opportunities in West and East Africa

MANUFACTURING

- › The strategy of protecting the earnings base and continuing to strive for growth is delivering results
- › The order book in reinforcing steel is recovering
- › We have seen continued expansion of complementary products, new products and the traded goods product range to achieve maximum market returns
- › Capital projects continue to remove complexity and cost
- › New export territories have been created, such as Zambia and Tanzania

WHAT STILL NEEDS TO BE DONE

ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION

- › The recent actions implemented need to gain the necessary traction to meaningfully impact our results
- › We are increasingly moving away from being only a tender-focused group to one that drives an order book based on key alliances and develops and packages contracts. This decreases reliance on the tender market
- › We also need to firmly embed our permanent presence in our target markets and entrench our brand in the rest of Africa

INVESTMENTS & CONCESSIONS

- › We continue to focus on ongoing growth in the rest of Africa and Europe
- › Driving operational excellence and health and safety compliance throughout the cluster remains a priority
- › A key focus in Intertoll is to successfully secure new and significant concessions or PPP opportunities in our target markets
- › Once Intertoll has achieved further critical mass through securing one or two material new long term concessions contracts, this business will be well positioned for a separate equities listing on a major European stock exchange, potentially in the next two to three years
- › In Group Five Properties, we are evaluating various funding initiatives, such as a property fund, to enhance our ability to grow the portfolio

MANUFACTURING

- › We will remain focused on adding to the portfolio of complementary traded goods to further reduce the reliance on traditional products
- › We are also evaluating the manufacture of certain complementary products that will enhance both Everite's technology and markets in building materials

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**SECURE A QUALITY MULTI-YEAR
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MATERIAL ISSUE

/03

**REMAIN RELEVANT IN A
COMPETITIVE AND CHANGING
LANDSCAPE**

WHY IS THIS RELEVANT?

The construction sector in South Africa has come under scrutiny during the last few years due to a Competition Commission investigation into the sector. Bridging the current mistrust between the private and public sectors is crucial to ensure vital infrastructure development starts to be delivered by South African contractors.



REIPP* WIND PROJECT – NOBLESFONTEIN
South Africa

The sector is also still seen to lack ownership and diversity, specifically with regards to race and gender at senior levels. To address this, government has proposed broad-based black economic empowerment legislative changes that will require significant action from companies in the sector.

ACTIONS TAKEN TO ADDRESS THIS FOCUS AREA

We continue to work with industry forums and the government to effect transformation and rebuild the reputation of the industry as a precursor to, and in support of, the national agenda for the much-needed roll out of the infrastructure programmes under the government's National Development Plan.

Management continue to focus on finalising our position in relation to the investigation into anti-competitive behaviour in our sector with the Competition Commission of South Africa.

We are also engaging through forums such as the South African Forum of Civil Engineering Contractors (SAFCEC) to define the best and most relevant measures to address change and reach the required levels of broad-based black economic empowerment.

An additional senior resource was appointed to focus exclusively on transformation to ensure increased momentum. A transformation steering committee, led by the CEO and attended by exco members, was also established to further prioritise delivery.

We recently revised our employment equity plans for the group and each segment. Performance against these plans is linked to teams' performance measures.

In addition, we are focusing on developing senior African, Indian and Coloured talent.

The board is working closely with management to monitor defined transformation targets.



* Renewable Energy Independent Power Producer Programme.

WHAT PROGRESS CAN BE SEEN?

To date, the group has not reached settlement with the Commission on two contracts where we were implicated for anti-competitive behaviour due to no evidence being presented by the Commission on these matters.

Two other matters are no longer being investigated by the Commission due to lack of evidence on their part.

PAGE As outlined on pages 30 and 77 to 78, we welcome a hearing by the Tribunal to bring finality on this matter to stakeholders.

➤ African, Indian and Coloured junior management representation improved from 76% to 78%, middle management from 29% to 30%, senior management from 25% to 28% and executive management from 11% to 25%.

➤ We maintained our BBBEE Level 2 rating in February 2015.

CONSTRUCTION SECTOR SCORECARD COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS

Group Five has a Level 2 BBBEE rating. We continue to score well in the ownership, skills development, enterprise development and socio-economic development elements of the scorecard by scoring equal to other leading companies in the sector. Our continued focus on management control and employment equity will yield our desired results in the medium term.

Scorecard element	Weighting	Group Five	Lowest in sector [#]	Highest in sector [#]
Ownership	25	25	24	25
Management control	10	4.42	4.42	9.66
Employment equity	10	3.96	3.26	4.93
Skills development	15	14.73	10.78	14.73
Preferential procurement	20	19.1	19.1	20
Enterprise development	15	15	13.42	15
Socio-economic development	5	5	2.31	5

[#] 2014 comparison, as 2015 audits have not yet been verified.



WHAT STILL NEEDS TO BE DONE

As outlined above, we will continue to work with the Competition Commission and Tribunal to reach finalisation on anti-competitive investigations.

While the industry continues to negotiate the requirements for the construction sector scorecard, we have modelled our score on the new generic scorecard. We anticipate that by focusing on further initiatives in the areas of management control, enterprise development and employment equity we will ensure the best possible outcome for the group, irrespective of whether the sector ultimately adopts the generic scorecard or a construction sector-specific scorecard.

Our newly constituted transformation committee will ensure delivery against targets. In line with our renewed culture of accountability, we will increasingly hold teams responsible for meeting agreed targets.

LOOKING FORWARD »»»

Group Five is uniquely positioned as a leading South African-based project development, construction, concessions and manufacturing group focused on operating effectively in Africa. Additionally, we are well placed in Eastern Europe through our specialist toll road operating company Intertoll.

We have proven sector credentials in power, infrastructure, resources and real estate, supported by strong project development and execution capability, execution ability in building, housing, civil engineering, roads and structural, mechanical, electrical, instrumentation and piping (SMEIP), as well as operating expertise in the roads and energy markets. This places us well to target relevant growth markets and contract opportunities in chosen geographies, in line with available capacity and resources.

Despite current challenges within our home market of South Africa, **we remain highly supportive of this market** and its potential over the medium and longer term.

At the same time, we are aggressively pursuing other markets across the rest of Africa and in Eastern Europe that are providing more immediate prospects for growth.

The distinctiveness of our skills set and strength of our Africa-to-Africa offering bodes well for new contract awards both in the short and longer term.

The corporate restructuring implemented during this financial year has further enhanced the group's

operating platform, which positions us better for growth and higher quality of execution and client delivery. Our continuously improving approach to large multi-disciplinary contract execution has provided us with the confidence and competitive advantage to grow our participation in these markets in future, whilst maintaining our prudent approach to risk.

We continue to leverage off our concessions and development operating platform in both Africa and Eastern Europe to position the group to secure new projects that provide investment, construction and long term operating opportunities, specifically in the transport, energy and real estate markets. This business model is proven for the group and remains a strategic priority. Due to the long-cycle nature of the projects targeted, this strategy provides the group with quality growth prospects over the medium to longer term.

The solidly performing Manufacturing cluster, anchored by the Everite business and supported by strategic steel supply, will selectively target aligned opportunities in light-weight dry building materials and steel supply to secure future expansion. Concurrently, a strong culture of driving operational efficiencies continues in this cluster to ensure constant alignment to the competitive pressures of international manufacturing.

Our dedicated and passionate people are core to our current and future success. Our focus on the holistic wellbeing of our employees, the adoption of a strong set of values and a culture of delivery, operating through an aligned business platform, positions us favourably in the value offering we present to our clients.

During the year, **we also continued to focus on driving a culture of responsibility and living the group's embedded values.** We are striving to create a more cohesive team that is measured through the delivery of strategy and remunerated against not only operational measures, but also on performance against our key values.

OUR CORPORATE VALUES ARE:

- › People
- › Excellence
- › Transformation
- › Client focus
- › Integrity
- › Innovation
- › Performance

Our focus on safety and quality, as well as operating responsibly in the communities where we operate, are key to our sustainability and ensuring an equitable balance between stakeholder interests and delivering strong value creation for our shareholders over the long term.

APPRECIATION

I am deeply honoured to have been selected by the board to lead Group Five, now in its 41st year as a listed company.

During my first seven months at the helm I have been strongly encouraged and energised by the level of commitment from the senior management team in the face of numerous challenges, whilst being buoyed by our collective enthusiasm for achievable new opportunities. I thank my team and everyone at Group Five who have demonstrated such huge commitment and passion for the wellbeing and future of our great company.

Eric Vemer

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER'S REVIEW



Cristina Freitas Teixeira CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

The group delivered a disappointing result in F2015 due to under-performance in the Engineering & Construction cluster.

INTRODUCTION

Whilst a weak South African market exacerbated the poor performance, management acknowledge that a large part of the under-delivery was due to internal execution issues specifically in the Civil Engineering segment. Management acted promptly in restructuring and rightsizing this segment.

The business is now more competitively placed to secure a reasonable share of available work, as well as being sized appropriately to the anticipated future market demand.

The benefits of these actions will start to be felt from F2016.

This review should be read in conjunction with the audited annual financial statements contained in the online section of the integrated annual report.



Refer to the online section of the integrated annual report at www.groupfive.co.za.

GROUP RESULTS

Group statistics for the year ended 30 June 2015:

	F2015	F2014**
Revenue – R million	13 875	15 360
Operating profit – R million	366	643
Earnings per share – cents	222	401
Fully diluted headline earnings per share – cents	204	399
Dividends per share – cents	55	100
Cash – R million	3 390	2 912
Net asset value – R per share	28,96	25,99
Net debt to equity ratio	–	–
Return on equity – %	8.1	16.8
Total order book* – R million	18 834	17 149

* Total order book is the sum of the group's Contracting order book and Operations & Maintenance order book.

** During the year, the group transferred the remaining business within its discontinued cluster of Construction Materials into continuing operations. This operation now trades within the Manufacturing cluster. In terms of IFRS 5 – Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations, the group is required to restate its prior year reported income statement and statement of cash flow numbers to reflect the result of the change.

The disappointing results were largely as a result of:

- Further material losses incurred on a South African contract in the Eastern Cape that impacted both the Civil Engineering and Projects segments
 - This contract was previously reported as problematic. Although remedial interventions were quickly implemented, which substantially curtailed further material losses in H2 F2015 on the Civil Engineering segment scope, the full impact on costs to completion of the Projects segment scope could only be fully quantified in the second half of the financial year. Additional senior and highly experienced employees were seconded to the contract to ensure contract completion in H1 F2016
- Retrenchment and holding costs in relation to the rightsizing of the Civil Engineering segment
- A weak performance in the Energy segment due to delayed new contract start-ups and lower revenues and finalisation cost at completion of certain contracts

The following performances contributed to the group's reported total operating profit:



ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION

BUILDING & HOUSING

- This segment was the strongest performer in the Engineering & Construction cluster, delivering a steady result despite margin pressure. This was on the back of increased revenues compared to the prior year, underpinned by sturdy order intake in the South African private and public sector markets

on some other contracts, very low levels of new order intake, and the implementation of the related rightsizing and associated retrenchment programme, resulted in Civil Engineering delivering particularly weak results. The actions taken during the year have placed the business on a more stable platform, and positioned it for recovery from F2016

in F2015. Whilst Projects' core target market in mining and resources remains subdued, the business was successful in securing new work, most notably in the power sector

CIVIL ENGINEERING

- As outlined above, significant losses incurred on an Eastern Cape contract, under-performance

PROJECTS

- Projects was also impacted by the problematic Eastern Cape contract, which was directly responsible for the lower results

ENERGY

- Revenue and earnings declined in this segment off the comparatively high levels recorded in the prior year, as it was impacted by delays in the commencement of new contracts. As previously disclosed, the finalisation costs incurred in H1 F2015 at completion of certain contracts also had a negative impact on full-year results



INVESTMENTS & CONCESSIONS

- The Investments & Concessions cluster was once again the best performer in the group, delivering a strong result, mainly due to an excellent result from the Eastern European operations of Infrastructure Concessions. Fair value upward adjustments of R115,7 million (F2014: R83,8 million) were realised from the group's investments in service concessions



MANUFACTURING

- The Manufacturing team was able to deliver a solid, albeit lower, result against a flat market. Market conditions were compounded by the negative business impact of power outages and the rapid decline of steel prices. This particularly impacted our Steel segment during the second half of the financial year. The team continues to innovate to drive production efficiencies and is selectively developing new traded products that are complementary to our core light-weight dry building materials markets



GROUP

The results were affected by:

- A surplus on the group's pension fund of R18,9 million (F2014: R6,9 million) as a result of an actuarial valuation assessment, offset to some extent by
- A charge against earnings of R8,1 million (F2014: R30,0 million) as a result of the group's revised broad-based black economic empowerment (BBBEE) ownership transaction, which was approved by shareholders in F2013

OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE



01

ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION

Contribution to group
core revenue85.3%
(F2014: 87.3%)Contribution to group
core operating profit12.6%
(F2014: 57.0%)

	F2015	F2014
Revenue – R million	11 875	13 452
Core operating profit – R million	44	371
Core operating margin – %	0.4	2.8
Capital expenditure – R million	105	207
Total Contracting order book* – R million	14 147	12 549
Total Operations & Maintenance order book** – R million	227	284
Employees – pax	9 742	11 863

* Secured total Construction order book as at 30 June.

** Secured long term Operations & Maintenance order book to first review date at 30 June (industrial, oil & gas and power).

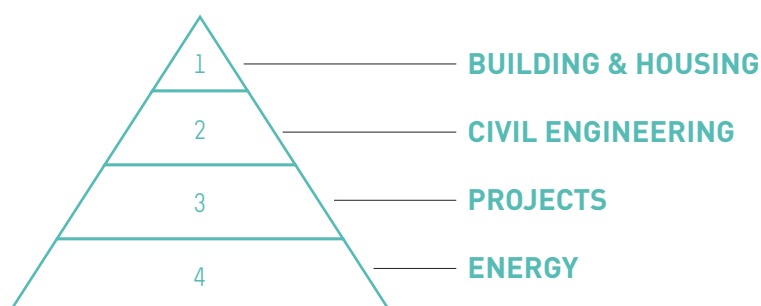
The consolidation of the group's Contracting and Engineering businesses into one Engineering & Construction cluster resulted in this cluster contributing 85.3% to group revenue (F2014: 87.3%) and 12.6% to group core operating profit (F2014: 57.0%).

Revenue decreased by 11.7% from R13,4 billion to R11,9 billion and core operating profit decreased by 88.2% from R370,9 million to R43,8 million. The overall Engineering & Construction core operating profit margin percentage was a very disappointing 0.4% (F2014: 2.8%). Over-border work contributed 26% (F2014: 22%) to cluster revenues.

The Engineering & Construction cluster performance was materially impacted by the previously disclosed significantly loss-making Eastern Cape contract which affected both the Civil Engineering and Projects segments. This cluster was also impacted by delays in new contract start-ups and a slow level of order intake during the first half of the financial year, with cluster revenues declining off the comparatively high volumes traded in Energy and Civil Engineering in the prior financial year. Contract finalisation costs incurred by the Energy segment in the first half and under-performance on a few Civil Engineering contracts further reduced margin in the year.

Engineering & Construction is the largest cluster in the group.

Engineering & Construction consists of the following segments:



BUILDING & HOUSING

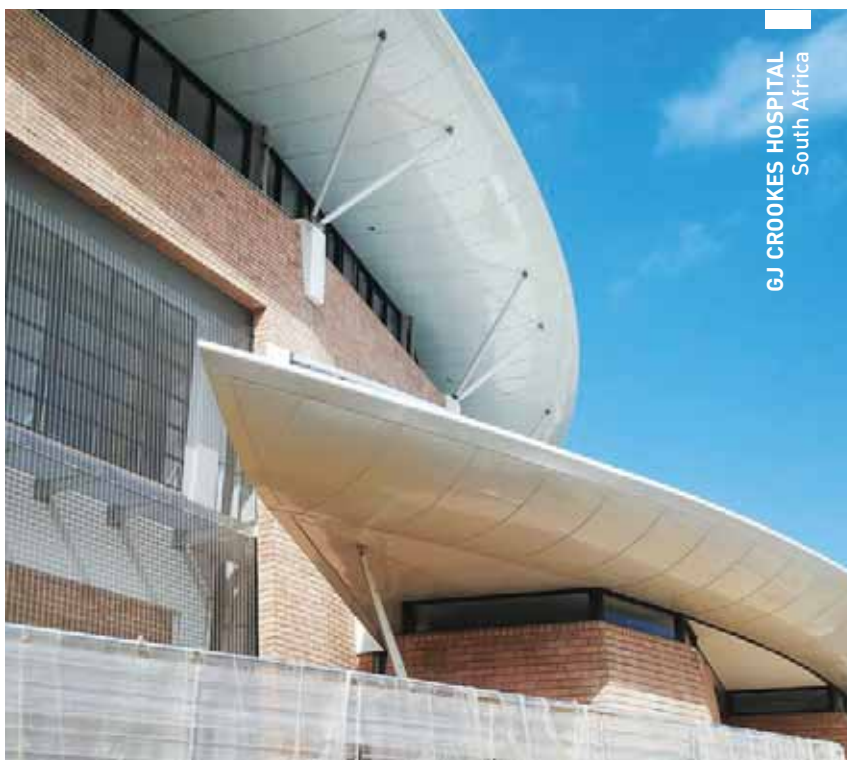


Contribution to
group core revenue

35.1%
(F2014: 28.7%)

Contribution to group core
operating profit

26.2%
(F2014: 14.0%)



GJ CROOKES HOSPITAL
South Africa

	F2015	F2014
Revenue – R million	4 886	4 430
Core operating profit – R million	91	91
Core operating margin – %	1.9	2.0
Capital expenditure – R million	8	22
Total Contracting order book* – R million	6 094	6 833
Employees – pax	2 501	2 477

* Secured total Contracting order book as at 30 June.

BUILDING & HOUSING CONSISTS OF:

BUILDING

- Building is one of South Africa's largest real estate Contracting companies. It constructs a range of large structures, such as government buildings, public use infrastructure, healthcare and educational facilities, targeted multi-storey mixed-use complexes, commercial buildings, hotels and retail shopping centres

HOUSING

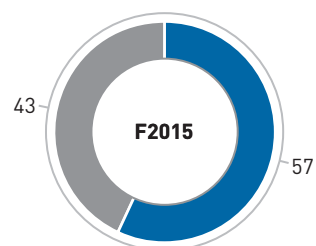
- Housing constructs large-scale residential contracts for the mining and industrial sectors, private/public sector housing developments and low-cost and affordable housing schemes

ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION BUILDING & HOUSING continued

YEAR UNDER REVIEW

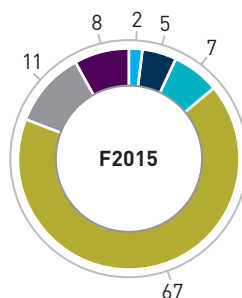
TRADED REVENUE F2015

Private versus public (%)



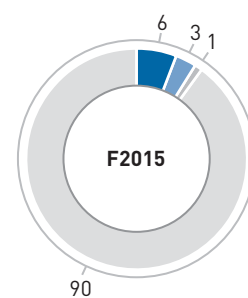
Private	57
Public	43

By sector (%)



Mining	-
Industrial	-
Power	2
Oil and gas	5
Water	7
Real estate - Building	67
Real estate - Housing	11
Transport	8

By contract type (%)



Cost plus	6
Design and build	3
EPC	-
Labour only	-
Lump sum	1
Re-measurable	90

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

REVENUE (R'000)

R4 885 951

F2014 = R4 430 513

CORE OPERATING MARGIN (%)

1.9

F2014 = 2.0

Building & Housing revenue increased by 10.3% from R4,4 billion (98% local) to **R4,9 billion** (100% local). The segment reported a largely unchanged core operating profit from the prior comparable period, increasing from R90,8 million to **R91,4 million**. This resulted in the overall core operating margin percentage decreasing slightly from 2.0% to 1.9%.

New contract activity in the Building market continues to be relatively buoyant, with this segment realising a number of material new contract awards during the year from both the private and public sectors and growing its order book at year end.

The group has observed a decline in the South African mine housing market, in tandem with reducing commodity prices and mining markets. There are nevertheless signs of improving roll out of South African social housing contracts, with the group commencing new work in this area in the second half of the financial year.

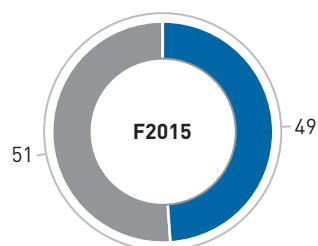




LOOKING FORWARD >>>

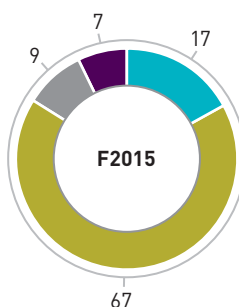
SECURED CONTRACTING ORDER BOOK

Private versus public (%)



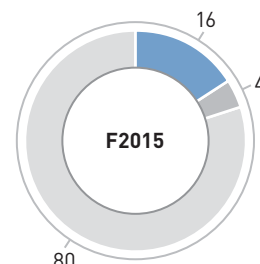
■ Private 49
■ Public 51

By sector (%)



■ Mining –
■ Industrial –
■ Power –
■ Oil and gas –
■ Water 17
■ Real estate – Building 67
■ Real estate – Housing 9
■ Transport 7

By contract type (%)



■ Cost plus –
■ Design and build 16
■ EPC –
■ Labour only –
■ Lump sum 4
■ Re-measurable 80



DSTV HEAD OFFICE
South Africa

The order book remains at a high level.

The group's backlog of social housing contracts where it is the preferred bidder remains robust, but not reported within the group's secured Contracting order book due to ongoing delays experienced by local and provincial government in contract implementation.

Concurrently, enquiries for integrated housing and building contracts in the group's target African geographies is increasing. Whilst cognisant of current trading capacity constraints, these contracts provide the group with attractive longer term prospects.

The secured one-year order book stands at R4,4 billion (100% local) (H1 F2015: R4,6 billion and 100% local) (F2014: R4,7 billion and 100% local). The total secured order book stands at R6,1 billion (100% local) (H1 F2015: R5,4 billion and 100% local) (F2014: R6,8 billion and 100% local).

ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION

CIVIL ENGINEERING



Contribution to
group core revenue

19.1%
(F2014: 24.4%)

Contribution to group core
operating profit

loss
(F2014: 10.2%)



SPRING GROVE DAM
South Africa

	F2015	F2014
Revenue – R million	2 666	3 760
Core operating (loss)/profit – R million	(96)	67
Core operating margin – %	(3.6)	1.8
Capital expenditure – R million	52	144
Total Contracting order book* – R million	3 293	2 442
Employees – pax	2 352	4 824

* Secured total Contracting order book as at 30 June.

□ CIVIL ENGINEERING UNDERTAKES A BROAD RANGE OF
CONTRACTS FOR BOTH PRIVATE AND PUBLIC CLIENTS IN:

› Heavy civil works

› Large concrete structures

› Infrastructure works:

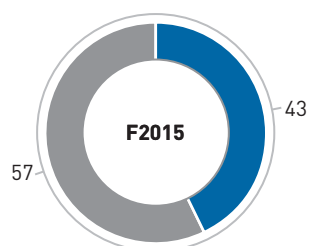
- › Roads
- › Rail
- › Earthworks
- › Marine civils
- › Pipelines



YEAR UNDER REVIEW

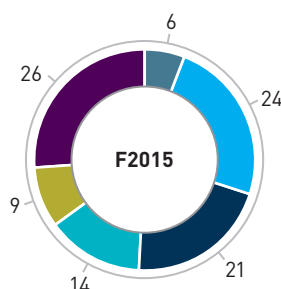
TRADED REVENUE F2015

Private versus public (%)



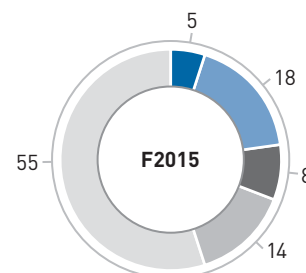
■ Private	43
■ Public	57

By sector (%)



■ Mining	6
■ Industrial	-
■ Power	24
■ Oil and gas	21
■ Water	14
■ Real estate - Building	9
■ Real estate - Housing	-
■ Transport	26

By contract type (%)



■ Cost plus	5
■ Design and build	18
■ EPC	8
■ Labour only	-
■ Lump sum	14
■ Re-measurable	55

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

REVENUE (R'000)

R2 665 751

F2014 = R3 760 143

CORE OPERATING MARGIN (%)

loss

F2014 = 1.8

Civil Engineering includes the group's civil engineering activities in South Africa and the rest of Africa.

The legacy Middle East operations' close-out continued, with good progress on the collection of cash and the finalisation of final contract accounts with clients, joint venture partners and sub-contractors.

Civil Engineering reported a 29.1% decrease in revenue from R3,8 billion (54% local) to R2,7 billion (62% local), while core operations generated a loss of R96,3 million for the year (F2014: R66,6 million profit).

As outlined and previously reported to the market, operational difficulties on a few contracts, particularly one Eastern Cape contract nearing completion, together with the costs incurred in business restructuring and retrenchments, materially impacted the results for the financial year. Included within the operating loss is an amount of R31,0 million incurred in retrenchment costs as the group rightsizing this segment to match market demands and conditions. Employee levels in this segment were reduced by more than half during F2015.

The Kpone independent power project located near Accra, Ghana, has commenced, with implementation activities in line with plan. The Civil Engineering, Projects and Energy segments are responsible for the execution of this contract.

PAGE

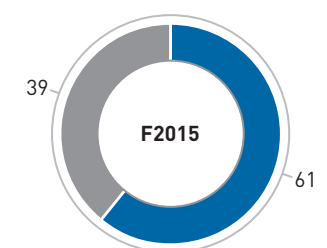
Refer to page 42.

ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION CIVIL ENGINEERING continued

LOOKING FORWARD

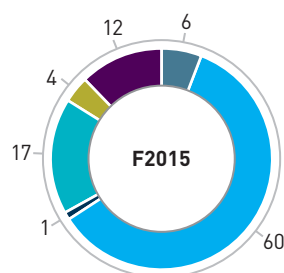
SECURED CONTRACTING ORDER BOOK

Private versus public (%)



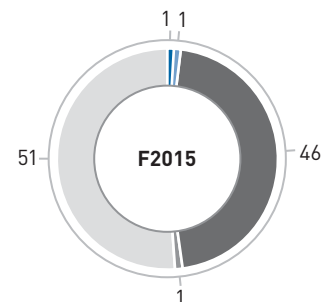
■ Private 61
■ Public 39

By sector (%)



■ Mining 6
■ Industrial -
■ Power 60
■ Oil and gas 1
■ Water 17
■ Real estate - Building 4
■ Real estate - Housing -
■ Transport 12

By contract type (%)



■ Cost plus 1
■ Design and build 1
■ EPC 46
■ Labour only 1
■ Lump sum -
■ Re-measurable 51

KUSILE POWER STATION
South Africa

During the second half of the financial year, an improvement in the volume of tendered work in the roads and earthworks sector in South Africa was experienced, although these bids remain highly competitive. Civil Engineering's markets continue to be challenging, with selected opportunities aligned to our priority sector of energy currently being the focus. The level of early-stage tender enquiries for this segment has started to increase, indicating better prospects in approximately 18 months.

Civil Engineering's secured one-year order book stands at R2,1 billion (58% local) (H1 F2015: R2,0 billion and 56% local) (F2014: R1,8 billion and 65% local). The full order book is at R3,3 billion (53% local) (H1 F2015: R3,1 billion and 49% local) (F2014: R2,4 billion and 75% local).



PROJECTS



Contribution to
group core revenue

15.9%

(F2014: 11.3%)

Contribution to group core
operating profit

5.9%

(F2014: 18.4%)



	F2015	F2014
Revenue – R million	2 214	1 741
Core operating profit – R million	20	120
Core operating margin – %	0.9	6.9
Capital expenditure – R million	40	19
Total Contracting order book* – R million	2 855	2 100
Employees – pax	2 773	2 372

* Secured total Contracting order book as at 30 June.

□ PROJECTS IS A MULTI-DISCIPLINARY PLANT PROCESS
CONSTRUCTOR WITH SKILLS IN:

➤ Structural, mechanical, electrical, instrumentation and piping (SMEIP)
contracts

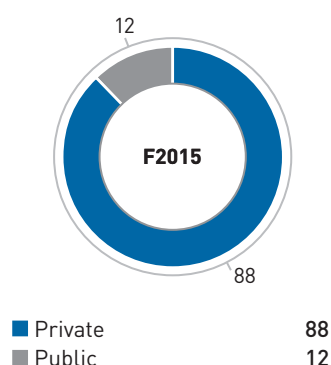
It is an experienced African contractor, with a specific focus on
the mining sector.

ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS continued

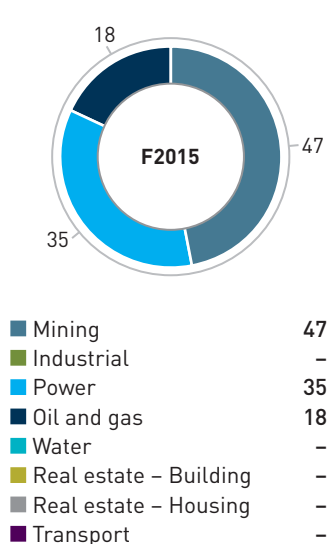
YEAR UNDER REVIEW

TRADED REVENUE F2015

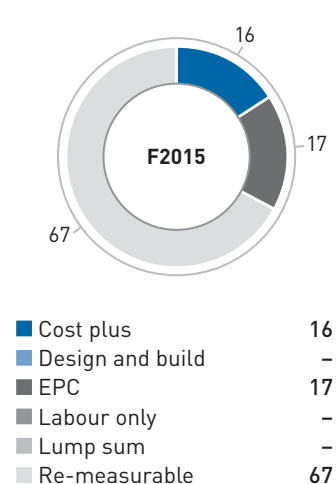
Private versus public (%)



By sector (%)



By contract type (%)



FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

REVENUE (R'000)

R2 213 758

F2014 = R1 740 812

CORE OPERATING MARGIN (%)

0.9

F2014 = 6.9

During the year, revenue increased by 27.2% from R1,7 billion (33% local) to R2,2 billion (30% local).

Core operating profit decreased by 82.9% from R120,0 million to R20,4 million. The core operating profit margin percentage decreased to 0.9% (F2014: 6.9%).

Projects' performance in the second half of the year was impacted by the same South African loss-making contract that affected Civil Engineering, as well as a higher share of lower-margin South African work in the revenue mix. Excluding this loss-making contract, this segment would have performed in line with expectations and previous margin guidance provided in February 2015.

The Kpone Independent power project located near Accra, Ghana, has commenced, with implementation activities in line with plan. The Civil Engineering, Projects and Energy segments are responsible for the execution of this contract.

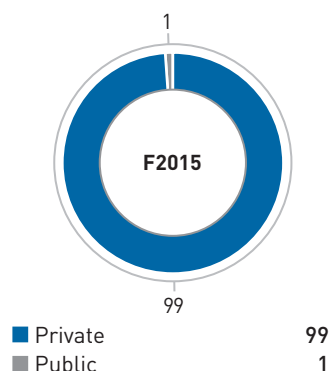




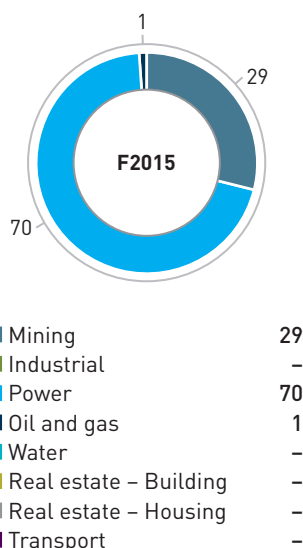
LOOKING FORWARD >>>

SECURED CONTRACTING ORDER BOOK

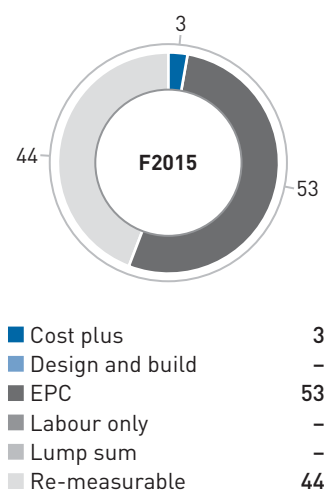
Private versus public (%)



By sector (%)



By contract type (%)



CENTRAL ASHANTI GOLD PLANT
Ghana

Tendering activity in the mining sector remains very subdued, which necessitated an increased focus on securing work in the energy sector in alignment with the group's activities in the power and oil and gas sectors. Despite the slow mining market, the segment was successful in securing a new gold mine contract in West Africa during the second half of the financial year.

The secured one-year order book stands at R2,0 billion (23% local) (H1 F2015: R2,0 billion and 17% local) (F2014: R1,7 billion and 33% local). The full secured order book stands at R2,8 billion (18% local) (H1 F2015: R2,8 billion and 12% local) (F2014: R2,1 billion and 28% local).

ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION continued

ENERGY



	F2015	F2014
Revenue – R million	2 110	3 521
Core operating profit – R million	28	94
Core operating margin – %	1.3	2.7
Total Contracting order book* – R million	1 905	1 174
Total Operations & Maintenance order book** – R million	227	284
Employees – pax	2 116	2 190

* Secured total Contracting order book as at 30 June.

** Secured long term Operations & Maintenance order book to first review date as at 30 June (industrial, oil & gas and power).

□ ENERGY CONSISTS OF:

- Power
- Oil & Gas
- Nuclear Construction Services

- Engineering Services
 - which provides mostly internal services across the group

Contribution to group core revenue

15.1%
(F2014: 22.8%)

Contribution to group core operating profit

8.1%
(F2014: 14.4%)

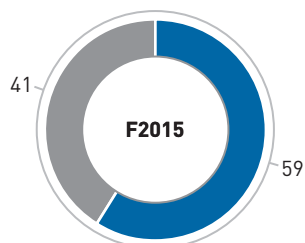
* Renewable Energy Independent Power Producer Programme.



YEAR UNDER REVIEW

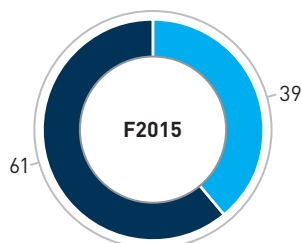
TRADED REVENUE F2015

Private versus public (%)



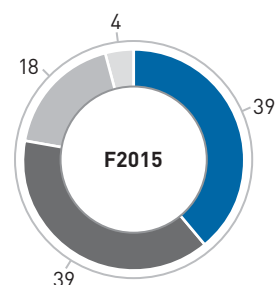
■ Private	59
■ Public	41

By sector (%)



■ Mining	–
■ Industrial	–
■ Power	39
■ Oil and gas	61
■ Water	–
■ Real estate – Building	–
■ Real estate – Housing	–
■ Transport	–

By contract type (%)



■ Cost plus	39
■ Design and build	–
■ EPC	39
■ Labour only	–
■ Lump sum	18
■ Re-measurable	4



FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

REVENUE (R'000)

R2 109 897

F2014 = R3 520 625

CORE OPERATING MARGIN (%)

1.3

F2014 = 2.7

During the year, revenue decreased by 40.1% from R3,5 billion (99% local) to R2,1 billion (77% local). Core operating profit decreased by 69.8% from R93,8 million to R28,3 million. This resulted in a core operating profit margin of 1.3% (F2014: 2.7%).

The weaker reported margin for this segment arose due to the delayed start-up of new contracts, the previously reported finalisation cost on completion of certain contracts, as well as the ongoing holding costs related to future opportunities and capacity building for nuclear readiness.

The Kpone independent power project located near Accra, Ghana, has commenced, with implementation activities in line with plan. The Civil Engineering, Projects and Energy segments are responsible for the execution of this contract.

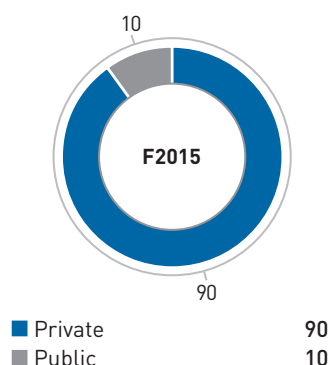
The revenue and profits reported for this segment will continue to be lumpy by nature due to the length of time taken to achieve contract awards on large commercially complex contracts that require multi-national project development, funding and government support.



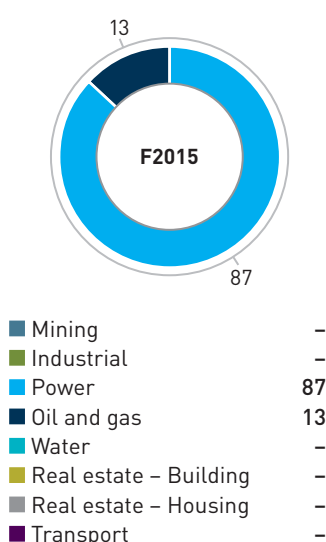
LOOKING FORWARD

SECURED CONTRACTING ORDER BOOK

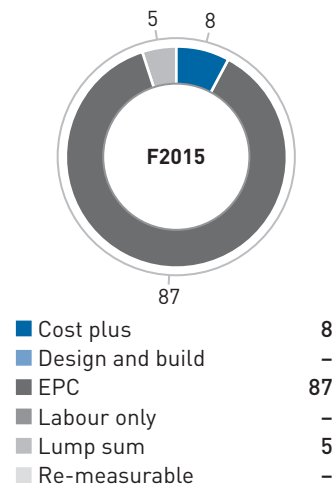
Private versus public (%)



By sector (%)



By contract type (%)



Activity levels in the African power markets are improving and the group has submitted a number of significant bids for all power technologies under development in West, East and Southern Africa. Further phases of the South African renewable energy programme present opportunities. The group, as the only level one nuclear accredited major listed construction group in South Africa, is well positioned to participate in a leading role in the South African nuclear construction programme should it proceed to implementation.

New contract prospects in the West and East African oil and gas markets continue to progress.

The secured one-year order book stands at R1,3 billion (21% local) (H1 F2015: R1,3 billion and 22% local) and (F2014: R1,1 billion and 77% local). The full secured order book stands at R1,9 billion (14% local) (H1 F2015: R2,0 billion and 14% local) (F2014: R1,2 billion and 74% local).



SASOL FUEL STORAGE TANKS
South Africa

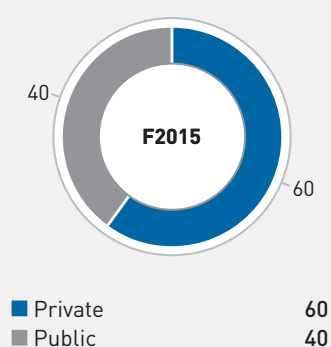
The next few pages summarise the group's traded Contracting revenue during the year, as well as the secured Contracting and Operations & Maintenance order books and opportunity pipeline going forward.

THE YEAR UNDER REVIEW – TRADED CONTRACTING REVENUE

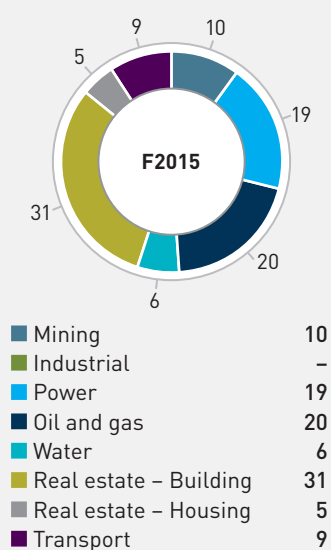
R million	Total	Building & Housing	Civil Engineering	Projects	Energy
Year to 30 June 2013 (actual)	9 282	3 236	3 217	1 718	1 111
% over-border	33%	5%	43%	81%	12%
Year to 30 June 2014 (actual)	13 228	4 430	3 760	1 741	3 297
% over-border	23%	2%	46%	67%	1%
Year to 30 June 2015 (actual)	11 694	4 886	2 666	2 214	1 928
% over-border	26%	–%	38%	70%	25%
– Public	4%	–%	18%	–%	–%
– Private	22%	–%	20%	70%	25%
% local	74%	100%	62%	30%	75%
– Public	36%	43%	39%	12%	41%
– Private	38%	57%	23%	18%	34%

The group's Contracting traded revenue was weighted towards South Africa as a result of the sizeable real estate contracts secured in the prior year. During the current year, order intake remained low, with awards received in the mid to latter part of the financial year. The awards include over-border contracts which have not yet traded materially in F2015.

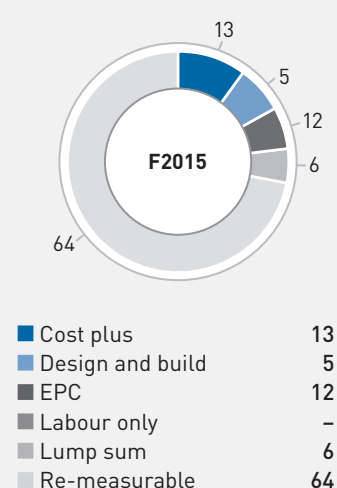
Private versus public (%)



By sector (%)



By contract type (%)



SECURED CONTRACTING ORDER BOOK

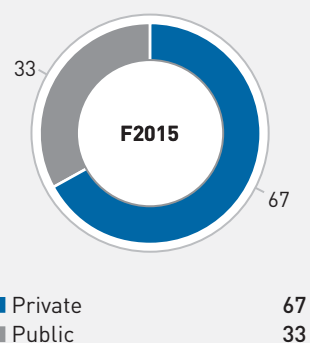
R million	Total	Building & Housing	Civil Engineering	Projects	Energy
At 30 June 2014	12 549	6 833	2 442	2 100	1 174
% over-border	20%	–%	25%	72%	26%
At 31 December 2014	13 298	5 375	3 118	2 834	1 971
% over-border	43%	–%	51%	88%	86%
At 30 June 2015*	14 147	6 094	3 293	2 855	1 905
% over-border	39%	–%	47%	82%	86%
– Public	–%	–%	–%	–%	–%
– Private	39%	–%	47%	82%	86%
% local	61%	100%	53%	18%	14%
– Public	33%	51%	39%	1%	10%
– Private	28%	49%	14%	17%	4%
One-year order book**	9 778	4 386	2 143	1 976	1 273
One-year order book as a % of F2015 revenue	84%	90%	80%	89%	66%
Total order book as a % of F2015 revenue	121%	125%	124%	129%	99%

* Secured Contracting order book is the total value of construction contracts formally awarded to the group, which still have to be traded, i.e. secured work to be executed by the group. It reflects construction and engineer, procure and construct (EPC) work only and excludes the contribution from the group's other clusters.

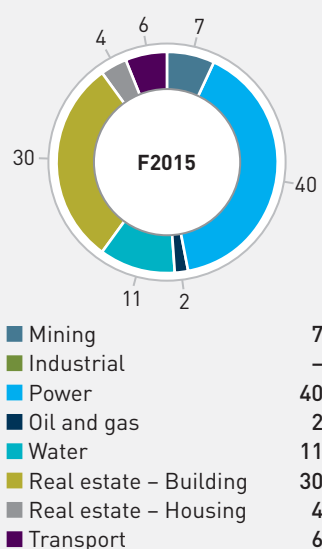
** Revenue to be executed in F2016 from the group's total secured Contracting order book.

As evidenced by the group's one-year order book, the group secured 84% of its F2015 revenue at the commencement of the financial year. The order book is weighted more towards over-border than the traded revenue. All segments, other than Building & Housing, increased their over-border secured contract content.

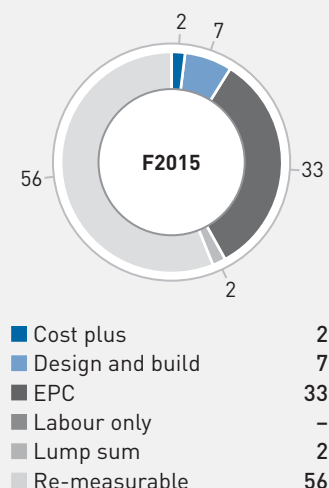
Private versus public (%)



By sector (%)



By contract type (%)



SECURED OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE ORDER BOOK – ANNUITY INCOME

R million	Actual revenue			Order book		
	F2013	F2014	F2015	F2016	Three-year to F2019	Total secured [#]
Transport	654	834	892	835	2 022	4 460
Industrial, oil and gas	59	224	157	71	–	71
Power	–	–	24	42	105	156
Total	713	1 058	1 073	948	2 127	4 687

[#] Secured Operations & Maintenance order book is valued using real cash flows (excluding escalation clauses) to first review date.

The group has R4,7 billion in secured Operations & Maintenance contracts. This provides solid annuity revenue and income in line with the group's stated strategy. The R4,7 billion represents the value to first review date only, which provides a conservative amount on what relates to multi-year contracts.

MULTI-YEAR TARGET OPPORTUNITY PIPELINE*

By sector (Rbn)	REST OF AFRICA			LOCAL			Total	Value of opportunities within pipeline in pre-tender and tender stage
	Total	Private	Public	Total	Private	Public		
Mining	20	20	–	17	17	–	37	16
Industrial	2	2	–	2	2	–	4	2
Power	16	16	–	14	7	7	30	17
Oil and gas	24	23	1	6	6	–	30	7
Water	10	2	8	10	–	10	20	1
Building	1	1	–	8	5	3	9	2
Housing	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	1
Transport	59	35	24	35	6	29	94	28
Total	132	99	33	93	43	50	225	74
% over-border							59	
% public							37	
Value of above opportunity pipeline in pre-tender and tender phase	49	38	11	25	20	5	74	

* Represents the value of contracts being targeted by the group as at 30 June 2015.

The pipeline of target contracts indicates a focus on mining, power, oil and gas, water and transport. The mix has changed in favour of our strategic targeted sectors. Although it is still weighted towards the private sector, there is an improved balance between South Africa and over-border.

02

INVESTMENTS & CONCESSIONS

Contribution to group
core revenue

7.1%

(F2014: 5.9%)

Contribution to group
core operating profit

67.9%

(F2014: 30.3%)



	F2015	F2014
Revenue – R million	995	905
Core operating profit – R million	237	197
Core operating margin – %	23.8	21.8
Total Operations & Maintenance order book* – R million	4 460	4 316
Investment in concessions – R million	384	422
Employees – pax	1 482	1 521

* Secured long term Operations & Maintenance order book to first review date as at 30 June (transport).

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

REVENUE (R'000)

R995 125

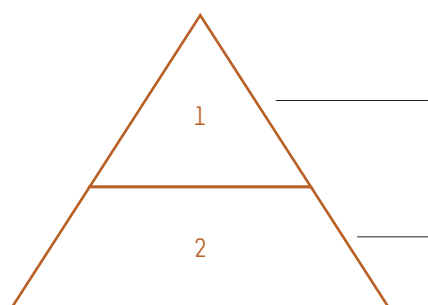
F2014 = R905 013

CORE OPERATING MARGIN (%)

23.8

F2014 = 21.8

Investments & Concessions consists of:



TRANSPORT

- Transport comprises Intertoll, which operates full concessions and transport public private partnerships (PPPs), including operations and maintenance in Poland, Hungary, South Africa and Zimbabwe

REAL ESTATE

- Real estate comprises the group's property development business, which develops, owns and manages selected A-grade property assets. These generate development and investment returns primarily in South Africa, with a limited footprint in Africa



The Investments & Concessions cluster delivered an improved performance on the back of a strong operating result from the European operations and fair value gains from the group's investment in service concessions.

The cluster contributed 7.1% (F2014: 5.9%) to group revenue, and 67.9% to group operating profit (F2014: 30.3%). Revenue, which consists primarily of fees for the operation and maintenance of toll roads, increased by 10.0% from R905,0 million to R995,1 million.

The core operating profit margin increased from 21.8% to 23.8%, which was above guidance on the back of core operating profit of R236,6 million (F2014: R197,0 million). The operating profit includes upward fair value adjustments of R115,7 million (F2014: R83,8 million).

Whilst the mild winter in Eastern Europe partially contributed to the improved operating result, a strong focus on cost containment and operating efficiency enhancements were key drivers of the improved Intertoll Europe performance.

The Developments team successfully reached financial and commercial close of the City of Tshwane's new public private partnership project for the municipal headquarters during the second half of the financial year, with construction activities having commenced.



LOOKING FORWARD >>>

The team continues to focus on securing new contracts in Eastern Europe and elsewhere, with projects in Turkey, Russia, Poland, Hungary, Kazakhstan and the Czech Republic being prioritised.

On the back of invitations from our existing European partners, selected

early-stage opportunities in North America are being investigated.

The African operations of Intertoll performed in line with plan, with the Zimbabwean phase 1 project now fully operational and encompassing all nine plazas. This project has been indicated as the benchmark for such projects and is expected to catalyse similar opportunities in our other target African geographies in future.

Group Five Properties is making steady progress in the profitable development of its South African

and African project portfolio. The business has, along with its partners, successfully launched a new residential complex in Johannesburg, achieved strong trade at a new retail mall in Upington, achieved good progress in the development of a new industrial park in Cape Town, advanced and tenanted a new commercial office development in Accra (Ghana), and has grown its portfolio of new project prospects across all target geographies.

03

MANUFACTURING

Contribution to group
core revenue7.6%
(F2014: 6.9%*)Contribution to group
core operating profit19.5%
(F2014: 12.7%*)

	F2015	F2014
Revenue – R million	1 059	1 060
Core operating profit – R million	68	82
Core operating margin – %	6.4	7.8
PPE** – R million	222	204
Capital expenditure – R million	33	39
Employees – pax	954	1 119

** Property, plant and equipment.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

REVENUE (R'000)

R1 058 795

F2014 = R1 060 077*

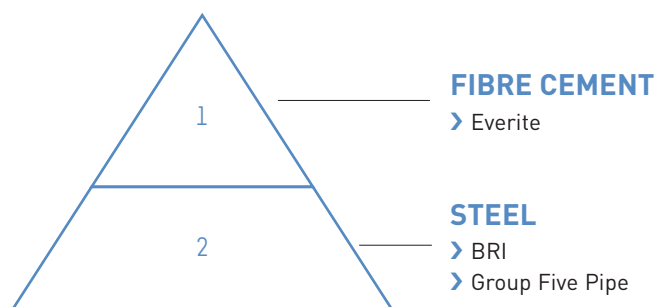
CORE OPERATING
MARGIN (%)

6.4

F2014 = 7.8*

* Restated for the application of IFRS 5 – Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations, as a result of the decision to transfer the remaining business within the discontinued cluster of Construction Materials into continuing operations within the Manufacturing cluster.

Manufacturing consists of:





The Manufacturing cluster contributed 7.6% (F2014: 6.9%*) to group revenue, and 19.5% to group operating profit (F2014: 12.7%*). Revenue remained largely unchanged from F2014 at R1,1 billion. The reported core operating profit for the year was R67,9 million. This was 17.5% lower than the prior year's core profit of R82,3* million, resulting in a core operating margin of 6.4% (F2014: 7.8%*).

The decline was partially due to the inclusion of the previous Construction Materials' sand business into this cluster, as the business was transferred from discontinued operations. The sand business incurred an operating loss of R9,4 million (F2014: R3,8 million), consisting mainly of a loss on sale of fixed assets of R6,5 million and non-recurring depreciation of R2,3 million. The operation itself generated a profit before depreciation of R584 000. The core operating margin of the traditional Fibre Cement and Steel businesses was 7.5% (F2014: 8.3%).

Despite a slow domestic market, the performance by the Manufacturing cluster is testament to the team's proactive approach to reduce costs from the business and to the nimbleness demonstrated by quickly tackling operational challenges such as power outages.

The Fibre Cement team also achieved progress in developing new product markets, encompassing the established fibre-cement product and pipe markets, Advanced Building Technologies (ABT), and the build-up of an aligned traded goods portfolio of complementary light-weight dry building materials that allow the business to better service its existing and target client base.

The Steel business had a challenging year, impacted by strike action in the first half and rapidly declining steel prices in the second half of the year. Despite these factors, and against the impact of the slowdown in demand from the Civil Engineering segment, it delivered a steady result. Group Five Pipe also delivered a solid performance.



FIBRE CEMENT OPERATIONS
South Africa

LOOKING FORWARD »»»

Headway was made in further regional geographic market penetration.

The rapid decline in Group Five Pipe's order book towards the year end due to a lack of new contracts coming to the market, with no clear view on recovery in the short term, will place the business under pressure in the year ahead.

Prospects for growth in revenue and earnings from the Manufacturing cluster are, therefore, dependent on a recovery in South African demand, predominantly driven by an improvement in public and private expenditure on infrastructure, including the housing and water markets.



DISPOSAL OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS CLUSTER

As previously communicated, approval from the Department of Mineral Resources (DMR) is awaited on the sale of two quarries to fulfil the final sale conditions precedent.

However, the sale agreements reached with the new owners allowed for the transfer of operational control immediately on concluding the sale agreements, including transfer of operating profits and losses. This was achieved on the two quarries sold. Proceeds on the sale of these businesses were received in prior years.

We still retain responsibility for the environmental monitoring on all quarries until DMR approval has been received. The group, therefore, forecast limited additional environmental monitoring costs in F2016.

A previously disclosed, Competition Commission approval was received on all transactions.

The one business still unsold was fully integrated into the group's Fibre Cement business this year as it provides quality raw material into the production process. The business has been transferred from being a "Non-current Asset Classified as Held for Sale" into continuing

operations within the Manufacturing cluster.

In terms of IFRS 5 – Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations, the comparative income statement and statement of cash flow numbers for the Manufacturing cluster and the group were restated.

During the year, the Construction Materials business incurred an operating loss of R9,4 million (gross of tax), of which R6,5 million was as a result of a loss on sale of property, plant and equipment and R2,3 million as a result of non-recurring depreciation charges. The business generated a net cash profit for the year.

The impact on the Manufacturing cluster's reported results over the last few years as a result of the restatement is disclosed below.

	F2015	F2014	F2013
Reported Manufacturing performance			
Core operating profit – R million	68	82	38
Core operating margin – %	6.4	7.8	3.4
Fibre Cement and Steel performance*			
Core operating profit – R million	77	86	84
Core operating margin – %	7.5	8.3	7.9

* Reflects the performance of the traditional Manufacturing business of the group's Fibre Cement and Steel operations only, excluding the impact of the Construction Materials business previously reflected as discontinued.

EXIT FROM THE MIDDLE EAST OPERATIONS

Good progress was made with our operational withdrawal from the Middle East.

The status of the one remaining material contract, which was terminated by the client and required final close-out, is as follows:



- › A payment plan is in place to recover the outstanding final certification
- › Payments are received on a quarterly basis
- › The final payment date is December 2015

AS PREVIOUSLY REPORTED, THE GROUP HAS:

- › No active contracts in the region
- › Dormatised its operations and shut down its trading office
- › Legal entities and regulatory structures have been retained to allow the group to re-enter the region when conditions improve

A trading loss of R700 000 (F2014: R1,5 million) was recorded for the financial year due to contract profits of R400 000 (F2014: R7,0 million) and overheads of R1,1 million (F2014: R8,5 million).

The net carrying value of the group's Middle East assets and liabilities at 30 June are outlined in the table below:

R million	F2015	F2014	F2013
Trade and other receivables	167,1	191,6	253,6
Work in progress	31,8	27,5	43,7
Cash and cash equivalents	29,5	49,9	40,8
Net trade and other payables	(159,3)	(166,5)	(198,6)
Net asset value	69,1	102,5	139,5

The values in the table above represent the DPF contract, as well as an additional four contracts which were completed and reached final certification, but which require close out and collection. We are actively working with our joint venture partner to ensure closure. Although limited, the group has forecast additional costs in F2016 to monitor the close-out and settlement on remaining contracts.

COMPETITION COMMISSION

The group has co-operated proactively with the Competition Commission of South Africa (the Commission) since 2009, at a very early stage of the Commission's investigations into matters of collusion in the construction industry in South Africa.

The board and management of Group Five identified historic incidences of anti-competitive behaviour and took immediate and decisive steps to implement internal corrective action. We secured conditional leniency from the Commission in terms of the Commission's Corporate Leniency Policy in return for full disclosure of all matters the group was able to uncover during its internal investigation. As the group continues to co-operate with the Commission, it has retained its leniency position.

The Commission launched its "Fast-Track" process in 2011, mainly as a result of the group's earlier co-operation. This triggered wider industry participation. During the "Fast-Track" process, the group was implicated in four contracts which were not detected through its internal investigation.

We subsequently conducted our own further investigation and consistently raised factual and evidentiary discrepancies with the Commission in respect of these contracts. In the interests of shareholders, we did not hastily settle, as there was no reasonable basis for attributing liability to the group in respect of the implicated contracts. In June 2013, a provision was raised against the risk of an administrative penalty, as reported in the group's F2013 results.

Management have continued to engage with the Commission in an attempt to responsibly settle any outstanding matters on reasonable terms, whilst conscious of its accountability to conclude this matter for the benefit of all its stakeholders.

During the year, the Commission confirmed that its investigation into two of the four implicated contracts was concluded, and the cases were dropped due to insufficient evidence against the group.

Settlement on the remaining two contracts has not been concluded due to lack of evidence and factual discrepancies, which remain. During the year, the Commission referred the alleged collusive tendering on these two remaining contracts to the Competition Tribunal. This was anticipated. The group continues to retain a co-operative stance with the competition authorities on these two

long-outstanding matters to aim towards a conclusion and bring certainty to shareholders, employees and other stakeholders.

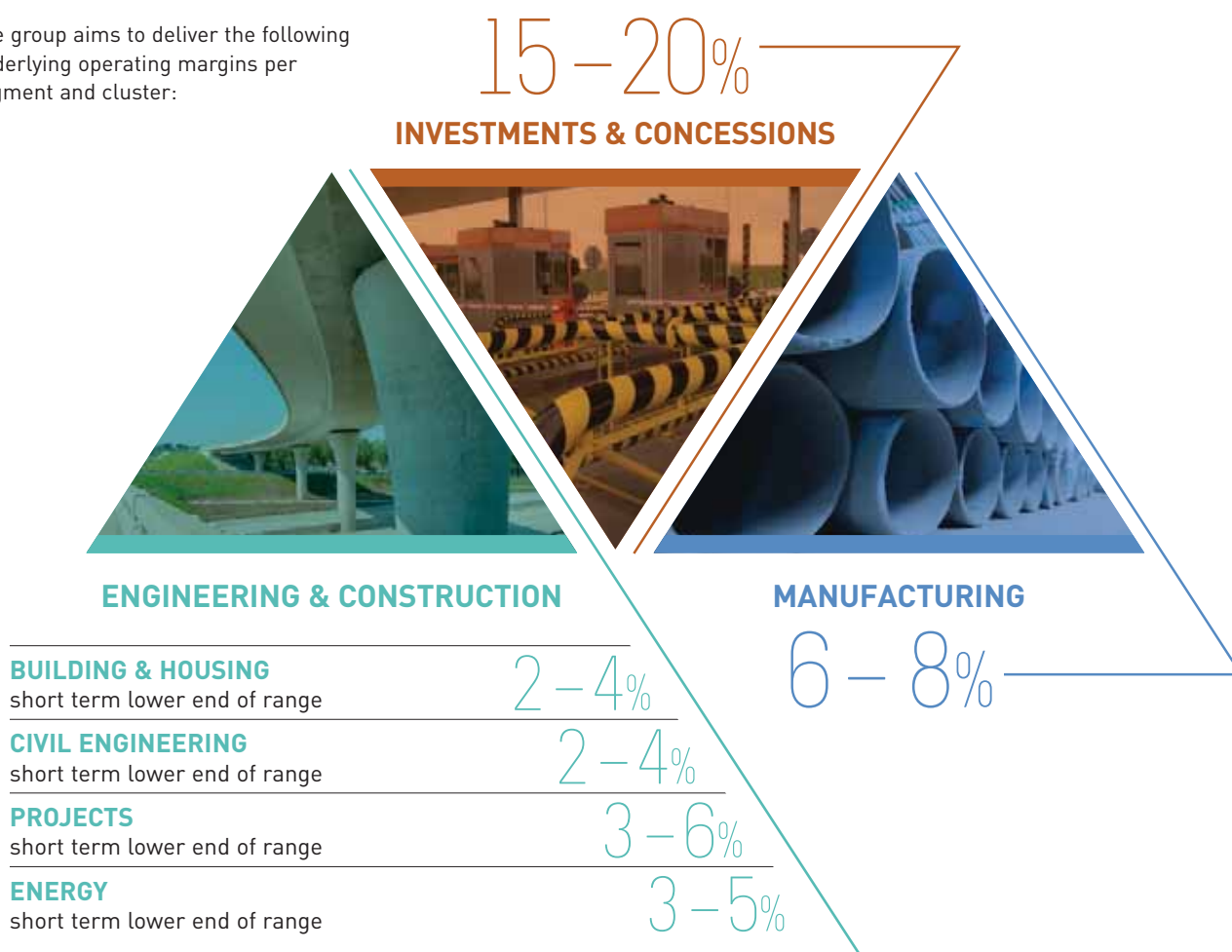
Based on legal counsel assessment, any settlement or liability would be adequately covered by the provision raised in F2013.

Stakeholder attention is drawn to the contingent risk of civil claims possibly being lodged against the group, and all construction companies which were party to anti-competitive behaviour. To date, no claim has been instituted against the group.

The group continues to drive industry transformation priorities through its own internal strategy and work plan, under the leadership of the CEO and a newly appointed dedicated senior transformation director. The group views addressing the issues of company and sector transformation as fundamental to realigning the interest of government to the priorities of the sector, as a precursor to, and in support of, the national agenda for the roll out of the much-needed infrastructure programmes embodied in government's National Development Plan (NDP), and in support of our African-focused growth plan.

MARGIN EXPECTATION

The group aims to deliver the following underlying operating margins per segment and cluster:



CREDIT RISK PROFILE

Our clients are concentrated primarily in South Africa, as well as in the rest of Africa, the Middle East and Eastern Europe.

The group has the following amounts due from its top five debtors:

	Value Rm	% of trade and other receivables	% of total revenue
2015	R848,7	22.5	6.1
2014	R954,9	24.4	6.2

The group has the following credit risk per region:

R'000		F2015	F2014
Central Africa	(Zambia, DRC)	269 379	468 789
East Africa	(Mauritius, Tanzania)	58 492	91 308
Eastern Europe	(Hungary, Poland)	3 020	32 047
Middle East	(Dubai, Jordan)	189 853	216 446
Southern Africa	(South Africa, Lesotho, Namibia, Mozambique, Zimbabwe)	2 775 413	2 972 485
West Africa	(Nigeria, Ghana, Burkina Faso, Sierra Leone, Liberia)	269 146	133 446
Total trade and other receivables		3 565 303	3 914 521

Included within **contract and trade debtors** is an amount of **R547 million** (F2014: R607 million). This is defined as being past due for collection, but from which no loss is expected and for which no impairment was raised.

R'000	F2015	F2014
One month past due	40 243	129 759
Two months past due	35 829	67 490
Three months past due	34 597	67 490
Four months and greater past due	436 408	342 522
Total	547 077	607 261

Of the R547,1 million past due but not impaired, R33,1 million relates to a Middle East debtor. R153,6 million is due from over-border mining clients that have agreed to, and are honouring, short term repayment plans. R83,5 million relates to amounts due from a local client in the process of settlement.

The trade and other receivables past due, but not impaired, as a percentage of total trade and other receivables, is largely unchanged at 15% (F2014: 16%).

FINANCIAL INSTITUTION-BACKED GUARANTEES

Financial institution guarantees are essential for a Contracting group to allow it to bid for and commit to tenders and contract awards.

The group has total facilities in this regard of

R12 450 million

Total financial institution guarantees to third parties amounted to R7 144 million as at 30 June 2015, compared to R7 298 million as at 31 December 2014 and R3 643 million as at 30 June 2014.

The increase in guarantees in issue is mostly as a result of an increased secured Contracting order book and in particular the guarantees issued with the award of the Kpone independent power project, which was the group's largest single contract secured in the financial year.

The issued guarantees have the following expiry dates:

Rm	F2015	F2014
Not later than one year	2 941	2 180
Later than one year and not later than five years	4 198	1 460
Later than five years	5	3
Total	7 144	3 643

The guarantees in issue can be allocated into the following categories:

Rm	F2015	F2014
Issued in lieu of advance payments received	2 075	555
Issued as a guarantee for performance	3 226	2 261
Issued in lieu of retention monies received	1 742	693
Issued in support of tenders submitted	16	50
Issued for non-contract-related activities	85	84
Total	7 144	3 643

The group's advance payment and retention guarantees are matched with cash balances on hand. It, therefore, represents a reduced risk profile to that of performance guarantees. This also illustrates the group's strategy and ability to secure upfront cash on contracts.

The group has 17% of its total order book in the form of issued performance bonds. This is comparable to and in some instances lower than its local and international contracting peers.

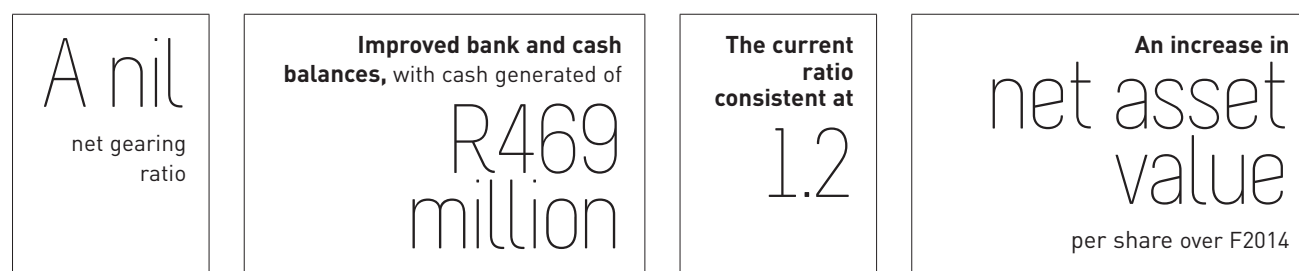


KPONE COMBINED CYCLE POWER PLANT
Ghana

BALANCE SHEET POSITION

	F2015	F2014
Net asset value per share – R	28,96	25,99
Net debt to equity ratio	–	–
Cash on hand – R millions	3 390	2 912
Current ratio	1.2	1.2
Return on equity – %	8.1	16.8

It is pleasing to note that the group's statement of financial position continues to be sound, with:



Disappointingly, our return on equity is materially lower than our medium to long term target of 15 – 20% as a result of the weak trading results for the year. An improvement in the group's contract loss-/profit-maker ratio, and the corresponding positive impact it will have on the Engineering & Construction cluster performance, will improve the group's return on equity going forward. Enhancing the group's return on equity is a key focus area for management.

Below is a profile of realisation of financial assets versus settlement of financial debt, indicating the group's liquidity profile.

R'000	Within 1 – 6 months	Within 7 – 12 months	Within 1 – 2 years	Within 2 – 5 years	Greater than 5 years	Total
Financial assets	6 792 312	1 030 902	339 106	–	384 095	8 546 415
Financial liabilities	4 120 340	1 404 844	408 282	125 818	–	6 059 284

APPRECIATION

I thank my finance team for their hard work in an extremely difficult year for the group. I acknowledge the long hours you have put in. To our CEO, Eric Vemer, a special word of thanks for his leadership and support and to the board a note of appreciation for the guidance and assistance they provided in a challenging year.

Cristina Freitas Teixeira
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

SECTION

02

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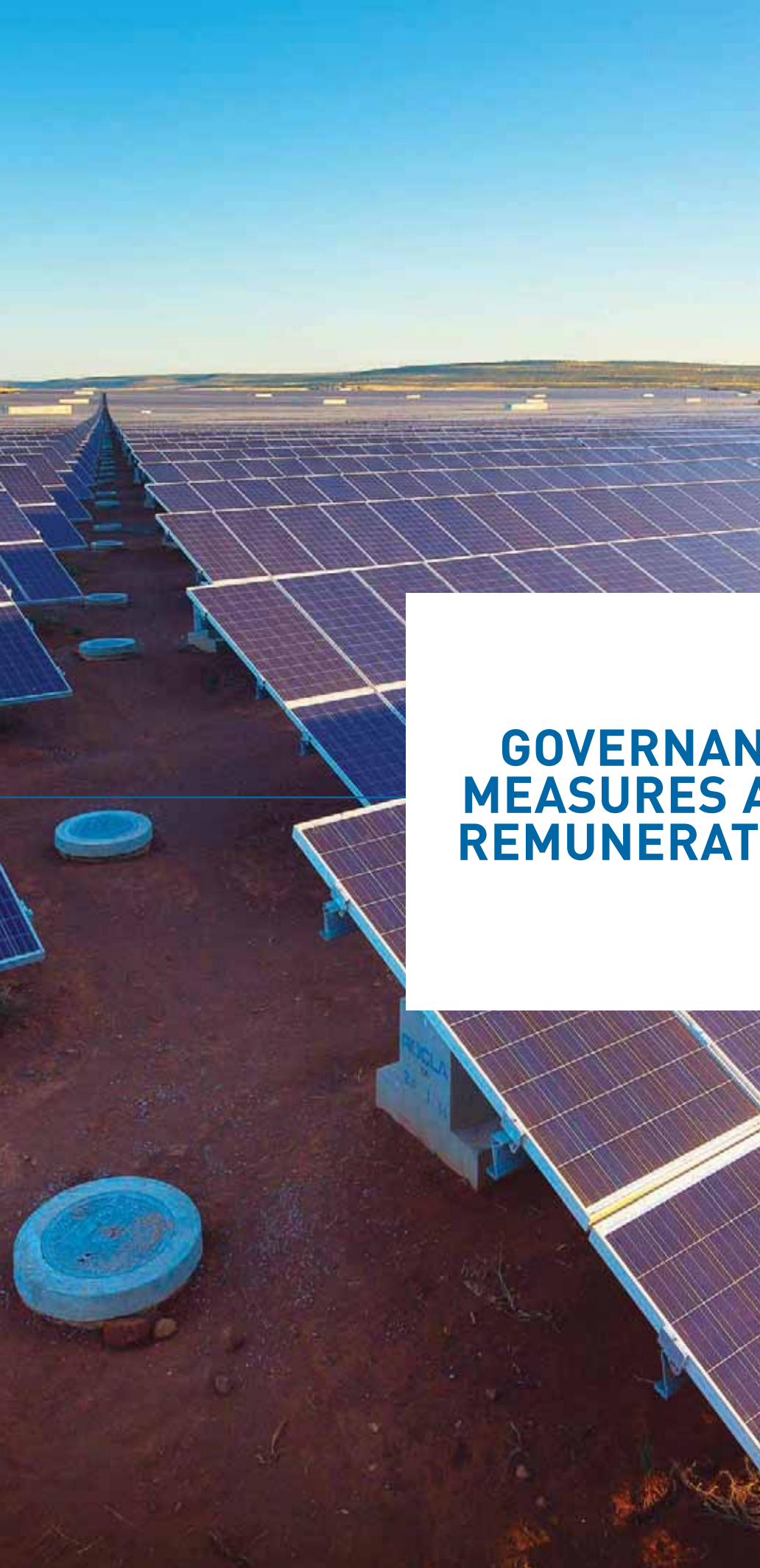
TEAM MEASURES

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TEAM
REMUNERATION



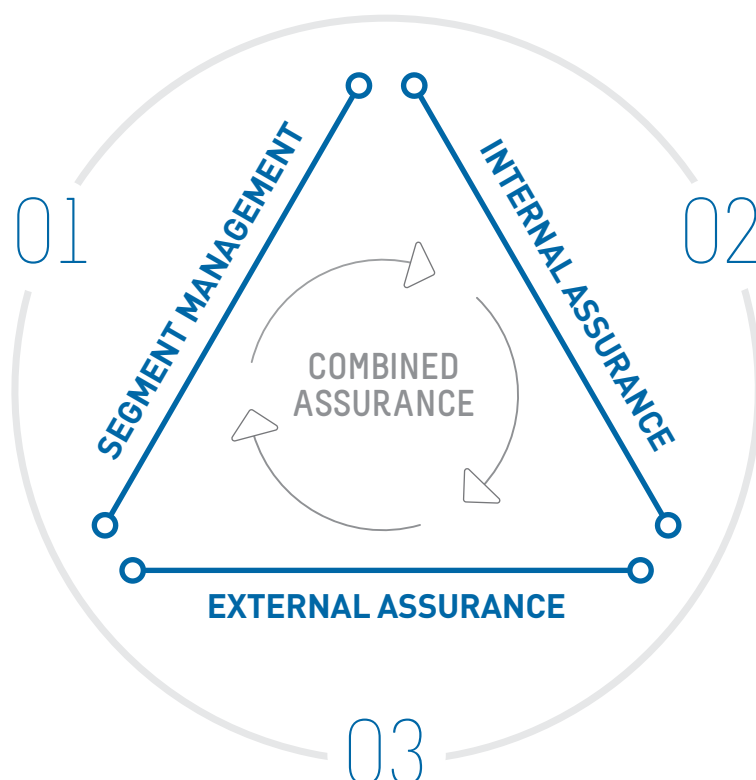


GOVERNANCE, MEASURES AND REMUNERATION



COMBINED ASSURANCE

Group Five has a combined assurance model, which seeks to optimise the assurance obtained from management, as well as internal and external assurance providers with regard to significant risks that could impact the group. The combined assurance model assists executive management and the board in achieving the group's strategic, operational, compliance and reporting objectives.



01 SEGMENT MANAGEMENT – FIRST LINE OF DEFENCE

The first line of defence comprises the segments performing daily assessments and control activities on all areas of their business.

02 INTERNAL ASSURANCE – SECOND LINE OF DEFENCE

The second line of defence comprises both the group functions of the company (i.e. finance, human resources and risk) and cluster operations that determine the direction of assurance, define the guidelines for the business and offer independent assurance to the group.

03 EXTERNAL ASSURANCE – THIRD LINE OF DEFENCE

Internal audit is seen as an important assurance provider due to their independence from the business. In addition, external audit and other autonomous assurance providers provide an independent assessment of the findings from the first and second line of defence.



THE COMBINED ASSURANCE MODEL

The determination of risk takes place through three initial approaches:

- 1 The first is a “bottom-up” approach where risks identified at a contract and segment level are captured and consolidated at both cluster and group level. Material and/or recurring risks are extracted and prioritised.
- 2 The second involves senior management’s identification of key threats to the cluster and the group strategy. This review is undertaken annually during the group’s business planning and strategy setting process. Further risks identified during the year are also included into the group combined assurance risk plan (GCARP) through discussion and agreement at the combined assurance workgroup (CAW).
- 3 The executive committee (exco) reviews the consolidated findings of all the key risks and assesses the adequacy of this outcome in terms of the validity, accuracy and completeness of the risks included. It presents this list to the board for final review and approval.

The output from these three risk assessment processes is incorporated into our combined assurance model and provides the input for both strategic and operational risks. The business process within which each risk resides is also recorded. Risks inherent within business processes are assessed and addressed within the combined assurance model.

DEVELOPMENTS DURING THE YEAR

With a focus on continuous improvement in risk management and in light of the poor financial performance during the year, management reviewed the adequacy of controls in place around key risks and processes and created a combined assurance workgroup (CAW) in the latter part of F2015.

The workgroup meets quarterly to **assess the completeness of the risks being assured** and the adequacy of the mitigation actions implemented by the business.

The CAW responsibilities include the following:

- › Discuss key risks reflected in the combined assurance risk plan to ensure that the risk plan is valid, accurate and complete
- › Agree assurance providers
- › Agree the extent of assurance required from each level of defence
- › Ensure unnecessary duplication of effort between parties
- › Ensure adequacy and coverage of assurance
- › Evaluate whether key risks and controls are being adequately managed and mitigated and apply correction action, as required
- › Approve the updated combined assurance risk plan on a quarterly basis

The CAW consists of six exco members, as well as representatives responsible for the implementation of combined assurance:

- › Chief financial officer
- › Executive committee member – Engineering & Construction
- › Executive committee member – Investments & Concessions
- › Executive committee member – Manufacturing
- › Executive committee member – Human resources
- › Executive committee member – Risk

Internal audit is also represented on the CAW and an external audit representative is invited to every alternate meeting.

During the year, the group implemented a self-assessment control questionnaire. This requires that the first line of defence:

- › Personally assesses its adherence to the controls and assurance requirements, as set out by the CAW and
- › Formally confirms its compliance on a quarterly basis

This improves management accountability and responsibility for the risks in their business and the adherence to processes to be followed, as it requires the inclusion of relevant measures and progress against mitigation.

The completed questionnaires are evaluated by the CAW to determine adequacy of actions taken to mitigate risk.

The output of these processes is the GCARP and a self-assessment control questionnaire. The GCARP is presented to exco and the board for their final review and approval. Any further risks or controls identified by exco or the board are added onto the GCARP.

The finalised GCARP was presented to the board risk committee in August 2015 for sign-off. This process included the controls to be implemented to ensure that key risks and controls are managed and monitored within the group.



THE KEY RISKS INCLUDED IN THE GCARP INCLUDE:

- › Community and workforce disruptions, which result in delays in the completion of contracts and in the recognition of revenue and profits
- › Not meeting transformation objectives, which will result in a decline in the group's broad-based black economic empowerment rating
- › Not adhering to regulations, especially in over-border countries
- › Claims and litigation risks
- › Highly competitive markets due to foreign and local companies entering our markets and lower commodity prices. This impacts the roll out of new contracts and poses a risk to the replenishment and growth of the group's order book
- › Poor execution of contracts, which results in margin erosion and losses. This aspect includes the risk of poor quality control on site, which results in rework, increased costs and delayed delivery of contracts
- › Skills shortages in project management, execution and assurance
- › Managing relationships with stakeholders, in particular government following anti-competitive behaviour in the sector
- › Managing safety and environmental risks, especially within the context of cost and schedule pressures



Refer to the online section of the integrated annual report for the group's risks.



ASSURANCE MEASURES

The group is independently assured by external assurance providers on a variety of measures each year. The table outlines the material ones.

ASSURED BUSINESS PROCESSES	OUTPUT FROM ASSURANCE	STATUS	ASSURANCE PROVIDER
FINANCIAL			
Economic value added	Value-added statement	Assured	PwC Inc.*
Fair presentation in all material aspects – financial position and performance of the group and company	External audit report	Audited	PwC Inc.*
QUALITY			
Quality systems	ISO 9001:2008	Assured – 100% of segments certified	DEKRA
HEALTH AND SAFETY			
Procedures and policies	DEKRA certification	Assured – verified procedures	DEKRA
Safety systems	OHSAS 18001:2007	Assured – 100% of segments certified	DEKRA
ENVIRONMENT			
Carbon emissions	Confirmed carbon disclosure emission	Independently verified	Promethium Carbon
Environmental audits	ISO 14001:2004	Assured – 100% of segments certified	DEKRA
EMPOWERMENT			
BBBEE credentials	BBBEE scorecard	Assured	BEE Verification Agency cc
HUMAN RESOURCES			
Employee satisfaction	Employee satisfaction survey	Independently verified	SoftCraft Research
Employment policies	Top employers survey	Independently verified	Corporate Research Foundation
Training and HR systems	ISO 9001:2008	Assured – audited processes	DEKRA and BEE Verification Agency cc

* PricewaterhouseCoopers Inc.

The value-added statement was assured for the fourth year in a row.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF GROUP FIVE LIMITED

We have audited the group economic value-added statement of Group Five Limited for the year ended 30 June 2015 set out on page 90. This report should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements in the online section of the integrated annual report at www.groupfive.co.za.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE GROUP ECONOMIC VALUE-ADDED STATEMENT

The company's directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the group economic value-added statement in terms of the basis of preparation to the statement, for determining that the basis of preparation is acceptable in the circumstances and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the group economic value-added statement that is free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the group economic value-added statement. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the group economic value-added statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the group economic value-added statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the group economic value-added statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and presentation of the group economic value-added statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the group economic value-added statement principles used and the reasonableness of valuation estimates made by the management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the group economic value-added statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the group economic value-added statement has been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the basis of preparation to the group economic value-added statement.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND RESTRICTION ON USE

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to the paragraph on page 90 of the group economic value-added statement, which describes the basis of preparation of the economic value-added statement. The group economic value-added statement is prepared to support the group's disclosure of its value-added for sustainability reporting purposes. As a result, the group economic value-added statement may not be suitable for another purpose. Our report is intended solely for the directors of Group Five Limited and should not be used by any other parties. We agree to the publication of our report in the Integrated Annual Report of Group Five Limited for the year ended 30 June 2015 in which the group economic value-added statement is included provided it is clearly understood by the recipients of the Integrated Annual Report that they enjoy such receipt for information only and that we accept no duty of care to them in respect of our report.



PricewaterhouseCoopers Inc.

Director: AJ Rossouw

Registered auditor

Sunninghill

14 August 2015

MEASURING OUR DELIVERY

We monitor the delivery of our strategy against strict measures relating to financial and non-financial measures.

A number of these measures are linked to management's key performance indicators.

PAGE Refer to pages 98 to 106.

ECONOMIC VALUE ADDED

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The value-added statement is derived from the annual financial statements (AFS) for the year ended 30 June 2015. The AFS were prepared in terms of International Financial Reporting Standards and the accounting policies as disclosed in the AFS, adjusted as described below:

Sustainability indicator	%	F2015 (R'000)	%	F2014 ¹ (R'000)
Revenue ²		15 586 695		17 289 997
Less: purchased cost of goods and services ²		(11 464 342)		(12 802 977)
Value added	96.7	4 122 353	97.6	4 487 020
Other income ³	3.3	140 318	2.4	111 934
Wealth created	100.0	4 262 671	100.0	4 598 954
Employees ⁴	64.6	2 752 198	58.7	2 697 575
Providers of equity ⁵	3.6	156 602	2.5	116 627
Providers of funding ⁶	0.1	1 622	0.1	1 779
Socio-economic development ⁷	0.1	2 525	0.1	6 098
Government ⁸	28.7	1 225 926	31.6	1 453 971
Funds retained	2.9	123 798	7.0	322 904
Wealth distribution	100.0	4 262 671	100.0	4 598 954
Number of employees ⁹		12 044		14 326
Wealth created per employee (R)		353 925		321 022
Weighted number of shares ('000)		100 895		100 053
Wealth created per share (R)		42		46

¹ Restated for the transfer of the remaining Construction Materials operations from classified as held for sale to continued operations.

² Revenue and purchased cost of goods and services are stated, including value-added tax.

³ Other income consists of share of income from equity accounted investments, including joint ventures and fair value adjustments on investments in concessions.

⁴ Distributions to employees exclude employee taxes deducted from their salaries and paid to the respective revenue authorities on their behalf.

⁵ Distributions to providers of equity consist of dividends declared and paid during the year and non-controlling interests for the year.

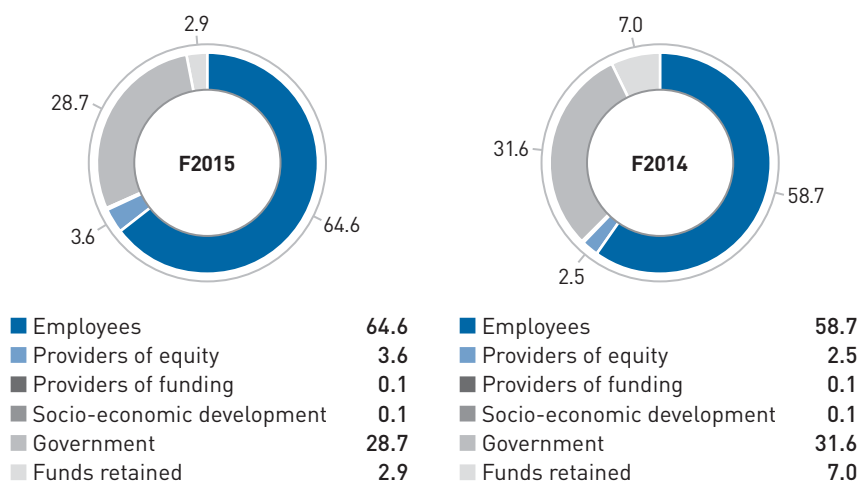
⁶ Distributions to providers of funding consist of the net interest expense incurred during the year.

⁷ Socio-economic development consists of investment in education, as well as other social initiatives.

⁸ Government includes income taxation, deferred taxation, employee taxes and net value-added taxation (VAT).

⁹ Employees include permanent and temporary employees who are paid salaries and wages. Number of employees, including joint arrangements equity accounted, is 12 178 (2014: 14 503).

DISTRIBUTION OF WEALTH CREATED (%)



FINANCIAL



The group is pleased with the cash generated from operations of

R544 million.



Category	Medium term target	F2015 actual	F2015 target	F2014* actual	F2014 target	F2013* actual
Revenue per employee (medium term) – R'000	Increase	1 152	Increase	1 072	Increase	820
Net profit for the year per employee – R'000	Increase	19	Increase	28	Increase	19
Geographic diversification (revenue from over-border operations) – %	50	27	40	24	40	32
Multi-disciplinary revenue of Contracting revenue – %	Increase	30	Increase	27	Increase	40
EPC^ revenue of Contracting revenue – %	Increase	12	Increase	15	Increase	4
Secured order book (Contracting budget secured in order book at start of financial year) – %	70 of budget	79	70 of budget	71	70 of budget	88
Return on shareholders' equity – long term – %	15 – 20	8	15 – 20	17	15 – 20	13
Fully diluted headline earnings per share – % (decrease)/growth	growth >CPI	(49)	growth	42	growth	144
Product diversification – (total operating profit from non-Contracting businesses) – %	>33	87	>33	43	>33	47
Net gearing – %	<33 of equity	–	<33 of equity	–	<33 of equity	–
Cash generated from operations – R million	cash generative	544	cash generative	372	cash generative	961
Total operating margin – %	5 medium term	2.6	5 medium term	4.2	5 medium term	4.3

* Restated for the application of IFRS 5 – Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations, as a result of the decision to transfer the remaining business within the discontinued cluster of Construction Materials into continuing operations within the Manufacturing cluster.

^ Engineer, procure and construct.

PEOPLE



Employee satisfaction ratings

exceeded **70%**

for the first time. Ratings in the structure and human capital management categories showed significant improvements, which the group believes is an endorsement of our new management structures.



	Medium term target	F2015 actual	F2015 target	F2014 actual	F2014 target	F2013 actual
Employee turnover (permanent employees) – %	<5	3 [^]	<5	3 [^]	<5	3 [^]
Employee satisfaction rating – %	>70	71	>70	68	>70	67
Employees trained per annum – %	35	41	35	39	35	30
Average training spend per employee	R1 300	R1 480	R1 300	R1 314	R1 300	R1 100
Construction Charter BBBEE score – %	>85	87	>85	89	>85	90
Lost-time injury frequency rate*	0	0.23	0	0.23	0	0.21
Lost-time injury frequency rate**	0	0.15	0	0.17	0	0.27
% of AIC ^{^^} at top management, senior management and middle management	40	28	35	27	30	22
% of women at top management, senior management and middle management	20	14	19	14	17	13
OHSAS 18001:2007 certification across group – %	100	100	100	100	100	100

[^] These numbers relate to voluntary terminations only and do not include involuntary labour turnover as a result of retrenchments and non-renewal of contracts.

^{^^} African, Indian and Coloured.

* Group Five permanent employees in South Africa and the rest of Africa.

** Group Five permanent employees in South Africa and the rest of Africa and sub-contractors combined.

ENVIRONMENT



There was a pleasing continued **reduction** in electricity this year due to a focus on energy savings at both fixed and contract sites and making use of alternate technologies, where possible, to reduce our reliance on and use of electricity.



REIPP• SOLAR CONTRACT – TOWNS RIVER
South Africa

	F2015	F2014	F2013	F2012
Electricity usage per employee**	4.48 MWh*	5.03 MWh*	5.9 MWh*	6.12 MWh*
Carbon footprint per employee**	9.72 tonnes CO ₂ e	9.44 tonnes CO ₂ e	12.4 tonnes CO ₂ e	10.8 tonnes CO ₂ e
Environmental incidents	–	–	–	–
ISO 14001:2004 certification across group – %	100	100	100	100

* MWh – megawatt hours.

** Electricity usage per employee and carbon footprint per employee information in each financial year relates to the actual usage in the previous year.

• Renewable Energy Independent Power Producer Programme.

TEAM MEASURES

During the year, our team's key performance indicators were refined, with a clear focus on delivery against objectives.



CHAIRPERSON

FUNCTIONAL BOARD SETTING THE STRATEGIC DIRECTION FOR THE GROUP

HOW IMPACT IS MEASURED	DELIVERY F2015
Independent board performance review	The focus during the year was on ensuring all new board members appointed in F2014 fully understand the group and the industry. This was achieved and the new board members are working well with the other members to offer even broader skills and African-focused knowledge

CEO SUCCESSION

HOW IMPACT IS MEASURED	DELIVERY F2015
Success of new CEO	The nominations committee, under the guidance of the board chairperson, facilitated the CEO succession process. After a detailed internal and external process, our new CEO was appointed. As a result of the comprehensiveness and robustness of the process, the new CEO integrated seamlessly into the role and all indications are very positive that sound judgement was displayed by the board. The board also presided over an executive committee (exco) restructure that improved the group's position to achieve its objectives

APPROVAL OF REFRESHED STRATEGY

HOW IMPACT IS MEASURED	DELIVERY F2015
Strategy aligned to group values and risk appetite of the group	The board worked closely with the new CEO in refreshing the current strategy, where relevant. This involved a number of implementation inputs and counsel from the board members

MONITORING OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE AGAINST APPROVED PLANS

HOW IMPACT IS MEASURED	DELIVERY F2015
Meeting of financial targets	The board worked closely with management to identify deviations from plan and assist management in a constant feedback loop based on their experience. They worked with management in the implementation of proactive measures and their monitoring

ANNUAL BOARD SCHEDULE COMPLIANCE

HOW IMPACT IS MEASURED	DELIVERY F2015
› Schedule compliance	› Board schedule and objectives were met

ENSURING EFFECTIVE BOARD AND EXCO INTERACTIONS

HOW IMPACT IS MEASURED	DELIVERY F2015
› Adherence to group policy for group strategy setting, budget approval and regular engagement	› The board meets formally on a quarterly basis, with additional strategy sessions involving exco every six months. The exco members also attend board meetings when required. Exco members present material contract risk reviews to the board in line with the group's pre-set levels of authority

BOARD EFFECTIVENESS

HOW IMPACT IS MEASURED	DELIVERY F2015
› Board review	› Our external board reviews are completed every two years. The next board review is, therefore, due in F2016. During this year, an internal evaluation was done

COMPLETION OF CEO APPRAISAL

HOW IMPACT IS MEASURED	DELIVERY F2015
› Completion of CEO appraisal	› CEO appraisal completed

BOARD ATTENDANCE

HOW IMPACT IS MEASURED	DELIVERY F2015
› Board attendance	› Board and sub-committee attendance remained good throughout the year



TEAM MEASURES

continued



NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

SKILLS, EXPERIENCE AND TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE OF STRATEGY, PERFORMANCE, RESOURCES, TRANSFORMATION, STANDARDS OF CONDUCT AND EVALUATION OF PERFORMANCE

HOW IMPACT IS MEASURED	DELIVERY F2015
› Evaluation of board skills against business requirements	› The new and historic members integrated well and are delivering against expectations

LEVEL OF CONTRIBUTION AS A BOARD MEMBER

HOW IMPACT IS MEASURED	DELIVERY F2015
› Attendance at required meetings and contribution to meetings	› All board meetings and sub-committees met the required quorum to be constituted, which allowed for the appropriate level of engagement and skills to be present

OFFERING SUFFICIENT TIME TO GROUP FIVE

HOW IMPACT IS MEASURED	DELIVERY F2015
› Number of other commitments and results of annual board evaluation	› All board meetings and sub-committees met the required quorum to be constituted. Board members were readily available to assist the executive team





ETHICS AND GOVERNANCE

HOW IMPACT IS MEASURED	DELIVERY F2015
› Code of ethics maintenance and communication, effective management of Tip-offs Anonymous line	› The social and ethics committee functions effectively › The ethics and compliance officer appointed in F2014 has delivered the expected value from the role. Formal ethics and governance training continued and the group's Tip-offs Anonymous line continues to be communicated, with improved levels of usage

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

HOW IMPACT IS MEASURED	DELIVERY F2015
› Compliance exceptions, statutory and corporate status	› The group's operations met all material statutes and compliance requirements

DIRECTORS' DUTIES AND INDUCTION

HOW IMPACT IS MEASURED	DELIVERY F2015
› Percentage of directors trained/inducted and adherence to laws and requirements	› The group continues to induct and train all new directors through the Institute of Directors (SA). Attendance was 100% for F2015

ADHERENCE TO THE COMPANIES ACT AND JSE LISTINGS REQUIREMENTS

HOW IMPACT IS MEASURED	DELIVERY F2015
› Status of adherence and discretionary rating by manager	› There were no adverse findings from the group's sponsor, the JSE Limited or the Securities Regulation Panel (SRP)

BBBEE SCHEME ADMINISTRATION AND SHARE APPRECIATION RIGHTS ADMINISTRATION

HOW IMPACT IS MEASURED	DELIVERY F2015
› Effective administration of black management scheme and share appreciation rights scheme	› The enhancements to the systems around administration implemented in F2014 have added the value anticipated and no changes were required in F2015

TEAM MEASURES

continued



GROUP STRATEGY DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
Put into action tangible steps to implement strategy, ensure group alignment of purpose and deliver on geographic, annuity revenue, multi-disciplinary and sector targets	A strategy that is endorsed by the board and focused on improved execution	Progress against planned implementation	- The strategy was reviewed and reaffirmed by the CEO, exco and the board, with a specific focus on the entrenchment and delivery of the strategy - A revised group structure was put in place to support strategy implementation - Positive feedback on management structure, efficiency and effectiveness was received - Complexity was addressed, as well as speed of decisions/approvals

FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- Further hone and clarify the group and cluster strategies to achieve material progress on strategy implementation
- Measurable strategic priorities with aligned actions for delivery against plan will be agreed with the board

GROUP TACTICAL AND OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE, DELIVERY AND REPUTATION

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
- Addressing current loss-/profit-maker ratio in Engineering & Construction - Lead, promote and ensure integrity and reputation of the brand	- Understand delivery problem areas, and put in place plans to rectify - Address reputational issues in South Africa following a Competition Commission industry investigation	- Loss-/profit-maker ratio - Stakeholder feedback	- Although the loss-/profit-maker ratio has not yet started to turn, significant corrective action was taken - Senior management continue to play leading roles in the various industry forums seeking to resolve industry matters

FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- Further address the delivery areas by embedding the contract lifecycle and driving our refreshed culture of accountability
- Continue with our industry discussions to seek alternative and proactive ways to ensure progress in areas of concern

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
› Improve the poor overall group financial performance in line with the agreed group strategy	› Ensure profitability and shareholder returns	› Financial results versus return on equity (ROE), revenue, profit, cash, order book, business mix	› The performance for the year to June 2015 was unacceptable to management, with a firm focus on recovery in place targeted from F2016



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- › Group financial performance to improve materially towards achieving ROE >15%, ensure profit before interest and taxation and order book growth and to decrease overheads as a percentage of revenue

SAFETY, HEALTH, ENVIRONMENT (SHE)

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
› Implementation of new thinking and approaches towards achieving best-in-class in SHE	› Safe operations	› Safety incidents, including injuries and fatalities › Lost-time injury frequency rate (LTIFR) › Environmental incidents › Health of employees	› No fatalities during the year › LTIFR improved from 0.17 to 0.15 › No significant environmental incidents › A decrease in the impact of chronic illness on productivity



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- › Implementation of behaviour-based safety programme
- › Increase operational visibility by focusing on continued involvement and proactive management engagement on site
- › Ongoing education of employees on health risk behaviours and follow-up on referrals

QUALITY

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
› A separation of quality from the safety portfolio and elevation of managers heading up this portfolio	› Monitoring of non-conformances and applying the findings to improve execution	› Resolution of non-conformances › Audits on contracts › Lifecycle adherence › Loss-making contracts	› ISO 9001:2008 certification maintained › A portfolio committee focusing on quality was established across segments and have driven improvements in the execution of our quality objectives › Although loss-making contracts impacted results, firm action was taken



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- › Further training to ensure improved execution

RISK MANAGEMENT, GOVERNANCE AND COMPLIANCE

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
- Contract risk identification and management - Ensure that robust commercial policies and procedures are in place to manage legal risk/exposure	To effectively manage risks and compliance	- Compliance with risk approval procedures - Contract loss-/profit maker ratio - Litigation and disputes	- All bids have complied with the risk approval procedures - The construction loss-/profit maker ratio worsened, but firm action was and continues to be taken - Litigation and disputes increased during F2015 due to tougher market conditions and poor contract delivery



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- As outlined in this integrated annual report, the focus on managing risk will continue to be improved
- There are clear plans in place to improve the loss-/profit-maker ratio
- A new legal forum was established within the group to proactively manage disputes to minimise litigation
- Improved quality of delivery on contracts will result in reduced litigation and disputes

ORGANISATIONAL DEVELOPMENT, HUMAN CAPITAL, SUCCESSION AND TRANSFORMATION

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
- Driving transformation - Succession plan for self and other senior and critical roles, performance reviews, effective employee relations and a focus on employment equity and training and development	- Achieve measurable improvement in African, Indian and Coloured executive appointments and overall employment equity - All areas functioning well and achieving desired outcomes - Leading position in sector in BBBEE performance	- Number of African, Indian and Coloured appointments - Transformation action plan - Percentage of performance reviews completed, signed off succession plan, employee survey results, employment equity progression and training statistics - Scorecard performance	- New black exco member appointed - Senior group transformation manager appointed - Transformation action plan with clear, measurable deliverables agreed and being implemented - African, Indian and Coloured junior management representation improved from 76% to 78%, middle management from 29% to 30%, senior management from 25% to 28% and executive management from 11% to 25%



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- Continued improvements in transformation
- Minimum targets to be met for African, Indian and Coloured senior management appointments
- The group intends rolling out an organisational renewal programme that locks in the gains made and further improves our employee engagement and alignment
- Alignment to new BBBEE scorecard

LEADERSHIP AND TEAMWORK

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
Integrating group/cluster/segment functions	Reduced complexity in decision-making and improved execution of decisions made	- Client feedback on especially multi-disciplinary contracts - Employee survey feedback on leadership and teamwork	- Our restructured executive team is working well together - Our integrated Engineering & Construction structure increased leadership and teamwork across segments - Although our sites are operating more seamlessly, there are still areas to address to ensure the changes are deeply embedded



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- Further hands-on engagement with teams at all levels in the organisation to lead by example
- Continue with leadership training through our group Academy and selected external leadership development partners



FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
› Managing complex contract problems and industry challenges, which impacted margins › Reporting on time, even against complex operational issues during the year › Managing financial risks against tough operational and market conditions › External and internal compliance management › Regular stakeholder engagement to keep the market informed of challenges	› Drive financial performance of the group, while maintaining high standards of business integrity and sustainability › Timeous, accurate and transparent reporting › Financial risk management › Full compliance › Positive stakeholder communication and interaction, including investors, analysts and regulatory bodies such as SARS	› Financial results versus plan for group › Headline earnings per share (HEPS), earnings per share (EPS), cash, ROE › Meeting external and group deadlines › Global credit rating › Audit reports › Feedback from engagement	› Group did not meet planned targets for HEPS, EPS or ROE › As outlined on pages 40 to 41, one loss-making contract impacted the results significantly. Although remedial actions were taken on this contract, the initial errors by the estimating team could not counter the full financial impact. Management reported the anticipated impact to the market as soon as it became evident that remedial action would not be able to stem the loss-making position › Targets for cash were met and exceeded › All deadlines were met throughout year and at year end › Relevant and reliable information with adequate disclosure was provided to stakeholders, which was required in a particularly difficult trading year › Even against huge challenges during the year, the credit rating was obtained and unchanged at A- long term rating and A1- short term rating, with rating outlook as stable › The number of significant findings from internal audit was reduced › Unqualified audit opinion received from external audit › Continued voluntary stakeholder engagements with SARS and SARB, with positive feedback



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- › Adherence to plan
- › Continued adherence to deadlines
- › Enhance early warning systems

PAGE

Refer to case studies on pages 40 to 43.

- › Maintain credit rating
- › Further reduce number of significant findings from internal audit
- › Maintain unqualified audit opinion
- › Maintain appropriate and balanced level of engagement with all key stakeholders
- › Further develop engagement with the taxation authorities in the rest of Africa to ensure clarity on regulations

RISK MANAGEMENT, GOVERNANCE AND COMPLIANCE

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
- Working with compliance teams to ensure adherence to policies and procedures - Managing complex contract problems and industry challenges, which impacted margins and required a risk management evaluation - Business and contract risk identification and management - Proactively manage legal risk/exposure	- Drive compliance with policies and procedures in areas under control, including code of ethics and group values - Honest, transparent, accurate and realistic reporting - Effective risk management - Ensure no breaches in requirements	- Acceptable internal audit results - Impact of actions taken to address non-compliance - Reduced/avoided disputes - No surprises - Comprehensive risk register - Loss-/profit-maker ratio - Limited disputes and litigation	- Reduced number of significant findings from internal audit - Monitored compliance with financial regulatory requirements in the rest of Africa, with a specific focus on taxation risk - As outlined on pages 40 to 41, one loss-making contract impacted the results significantly. Although remedial actions were taken on this contract, the initial errors by the estimating team could not counter the financial impact. Management reported the anticipated impact to the market as soon as it became evident that remedial action would not be able to stem the loss-making position - Contributed to the enhancement of risk review procedures through amending the required assessments on areas of financial risk - Contract loss-/profit-maker ratio worsened to 35% - Proactive management on all disputes and litigation



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- Further develop engagement with taxation authorities in the rest of Africa to ensure clarity on regulations
- Improve time to complete foreign compliance requirements
- Timeous and appropriate communication to all stakeholders
- Ensure strict adherence to the financial risk assessment at clearing house and risk review stage of the contract lifecycle
- Stricter monitoring of actual performance against planned results set out at risk review stage and take action against non-performance
- Continued proactive management to address or prevent any disputes and litigation

IT DEVELOPMENT AND ENHANCEMENT AND SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
- Connectivity and usability of IT infrastructure across site and business locations - Cost and business appropriate IT solutions - Developing supply chain strategies that address suppliers, emerging enterprises and sub-contractors	- Effective supply chain management - Ensure IT infrastructure supports strategy and results in broad connectivity - Drive new thinking and best practice approaches to being best-in-class in IT	- Cluster feedback - Cluster feedback and connectivity - Number of specific ideas put forward for implementation in IT environment where benefits outweigh the costs	- Although supply chain initiatives have been implemented with some level of success, further enhancement is required - IT initiatives continued to ensure the appropriate fit of technology for the business - Connectivity remained a critical issue to support the business initiatives in place and we continued to focus on improving the most optimal solution per site - The IT department focus has been on a cost-saving and optimisation drive in the current difficult market conditions without prejudicing the offering or risk management. This was achieved with costs below budget, whilst all critical systems and requirements were delivered - IT focus has been on ensuring that projects are only undertaken when return on investment (ROI) has been tabled and approved



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- Implement revised supply chain initiatives, as agreed with exco
- Improve on quality of connectivity and optimal cost
- Continue with best-in-class IT offering to match business requirements
- A number of business requests have been received, which will be implemented in F2016, with a focus on ensuring the business tracks actual ROI to planned ROI



EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBERS

GROUP STRATEGY DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
› Group strategy support	› Areas under control to align to and support the execution of the group strategy	› Achievement against group targets › Approved cluster strategy and plan	› Each cluster executive re-evaluated their actions to deliver on the group strategy. Although Investments & Concessions and Manufacturing delivered on their targets, Engineering & Construction missed theirs. The cluster was restructured during the year to ensure improved delivery



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- › To substantially deliver against strategy objectives, with a particular focus on African and multi-disciplinary/engineer, procure and construct order book growth

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
OPERATIONAL EXCO MEMBERS			
› Drive financial performance of the clusters/segments	› To deliver against budgets for the cluster and segments	› Financial results versus plan for order book, ROE, profit before interest and taxation (PBIT), cash and debtors	› Manufacturing and Investments & Concessions delivered against plan. Engineering & Construction did not meet expectations. Firm actions were taken to address this



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- › Financial results >= plan for order book, ROE, PBIT, cash, forecasts and debtors
- › Quality order book growth and cash remain priorities
- › Reduction in fixed overheads as a percentage of revenue

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
SUPPORT EXCO MEMBERS			
› Management of budgets under own area of control	› To ensure that costs are contained and in line with planned expenditure	› Budgets versus actual › Saving initiatives for the group	› A resetting of budgets occurred in line with cost measures implemented



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- › Ongoing overhead cost reduction and a focus on efficiencies between group and clusters/segments

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT/CLIENT FOCUS

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
› Strategic customer relationship management	› To develop and maintain strong relationships with key clients	› Repeat business › Positive client feedback › Good balance of sector, product and geography	› During the year, a prime example of the group securing a contract through its strategic customer relationship management methodology was Kpone. Refer to pages 42 to 43



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- › Stakeholder strategy to be finalised and implemented

SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
› Compliance and management, as well as driving new thinking and approaches to being best-in-class	› Meet the group's targets	› Safety incidents, including injuries and fatalities › LTIFR › Environmental incidents › Health of employees	› No fatalities during the year › LTIFR improved from 0.17 to 0.15 › No environmental incidents › A decrease in the impact of chronic illness on productivity



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- › Implementation of behaviour-based safety programme
- › Increase operational visibility by focusing on continued involvement and proactive management engagement on site
- › Ongoing education of employees on health risk behaviours and follow-up on referrals
- › Ongoing reinforcement of safety issues and regular toolbox talks

QUALITY

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
› A separation of quality from the safety portfolio and elevation of managers heading up this portfolio	› Monitoring of non-conformances and applying the findings to improve execution	› ISO 9001:2008 certification › Resolution of non-conformances › Audits on contracts › Lifecycle adherence › Loss-making contracts	› ISO 9001:2008 certification maintained › A portfolio committee focusing on quality was established across segments and has driven improvements in the execution of our quality objectives › Although loss-making contracts impacted results, firm action was taken



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- › Further training to ensure improved operational execution

RISK MANAGEMENT, GOVERNANCE AND COMPLIANCE

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
- Contract risk identification and management - Ensure that robust commercial policies and procedures are in place to manage legal risk/exposure - Ensure strong compliance and ethics and adherence to company values	- Effective management of risks and compliance - To ensure that ethical behaviour and adherence to the company values become the norm across sites and operations	- Compliance to risk approval procedures - Contract loss-/profit-maker ratio - Litigation and disputes - Tip-offs Anonymous reports	- All bids have complied with the risk approval procedures - The construction loss-/profit-maker ratio worsened, but firm action has been and continues to be taken - Litigation and disputes increased during F2015 due to tougher market conditions and poor contract delivery - Substantial progress was made in entrenching the new compliance and ethics role. Ethics training for 35 line managers took place - Increased awareness of the group's Tip-offs Anonymous line resulted in an increase in fraud-related tip-offs from 12 in 2014 to 21 in F2015. All of these calls were successfully closed, with 21 disciplinary cases



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- As outlined in this integrated annual report, the focus on managing risk will continue to be improved
- Targeted reduction in reported construction loss-/profit-maker ratio
- The group Academy will further invest in operational improvement programmes
- A new legal forum was established within the group to proactively manage disputes to minimise litigation
- Improved quality of delivery of contracts will result in reduced litigation and disputes
- Ethics training will be embedded into our induction programmes

ORGANISATIONAL DEVELOPMENT, HUMAN CAPITAL, SUCCESSION AND TRANSFORMATION

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
- Employment equity (EE) and transformation - Training and development - Positive culture and good alignment to Group Five values - Performance review process in place and operating for each cluster	- To improve our diversity within the group across all levels - Training programmes that are aligned to group strategy execution - Positive score in the employee survey - Performance reviews completed for all skilled technical resources and junior and middle management	- Achievement against plan - Percentage of South African payroll spend - Employee survey feedback - Performance reviews for required employees and agreed actions executed	- An EE plan was successfully approved by the Department of Labour, with a number of improvements seen - An EE development programme was launched for skilled technical and management level employees - Targeted spend was achieved - Critical training programmes were rolled out for engineers and foremen - Employee survey feedback score exceeded 70% for the first time - Performance reviews completed for 82% of eligible employees



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- A development programme for a range of employees will continue to be rolled out
- Programmes for commercial, planning, estimating and supply chain areas will be rolled out
- Target further increase in percentage of payroll spent on training
- An organisational renewal programme is planned, which will focus on refreshed values for the group
- A revised performance management scheme for the clusters will be put in place to strictly measure performance against KPIs and the level of effort and motivation

TEAM MEASURES / EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBERS

continued

LEADERSHIP AND TEAMWORK

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
OPERATIONAL EXCO MEMBERS			
› Integrating group/cluster/segment/functions	› Group Five operating as one entity across segments and clusters	› Aligned and seamlessly integrated teams	› As indicated in this integrated annual report, we implemented practices on sites to ensure teams are remunerated for delivery on the outcome of the contract and not separate segment performance › Feedback from sites and the operations indicate that the group has started to significantly improve how it integrates across clusters and segments



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

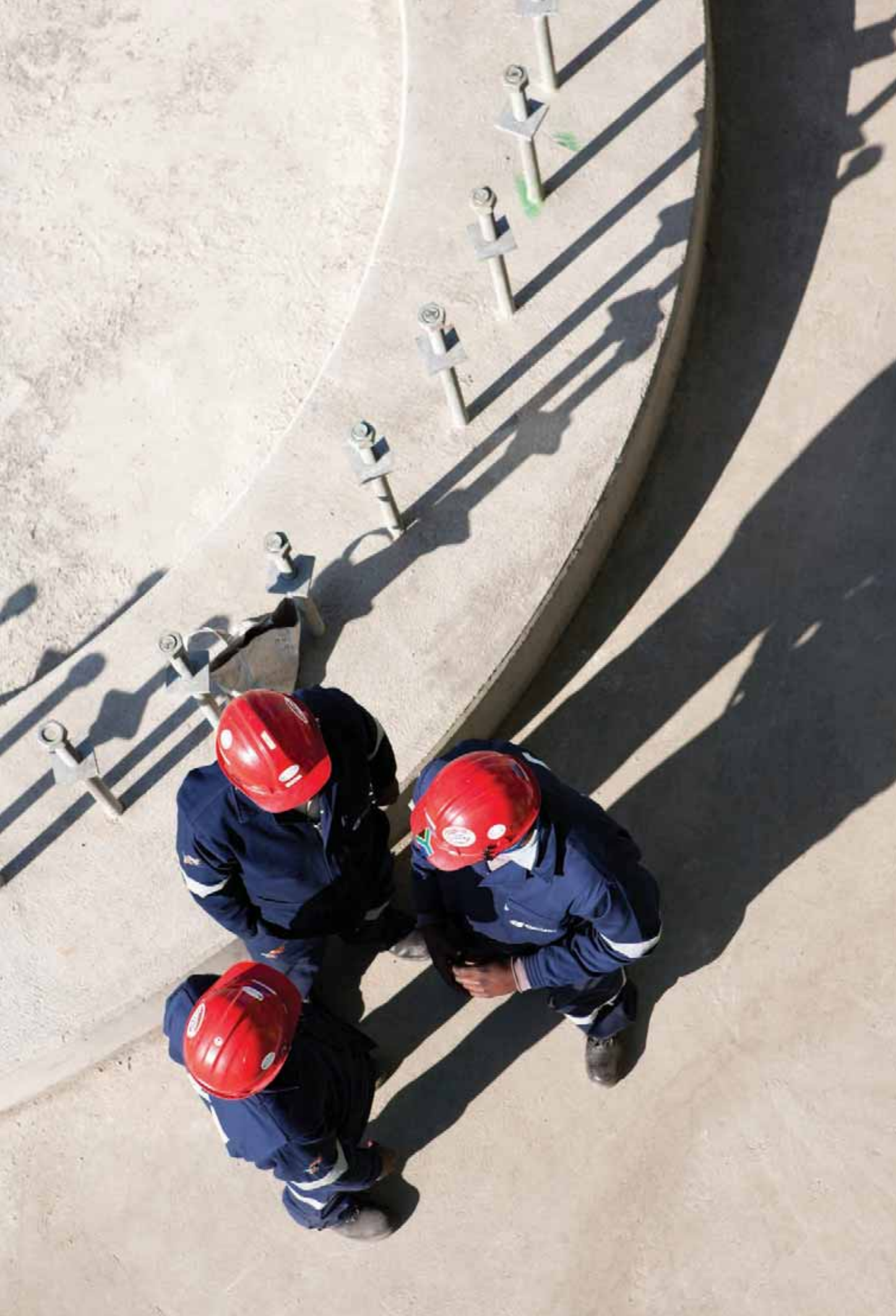
- › Final implementation of our reward and recognition policies to place greater emphasis on collaboration and teamwork
- › Internal mentoring for high-potential talent will be a key deliverable

WHAT THIS INVOLVED DURING THE YEAR	OBJECTIVE	HOW THIS IS MEASURED	DELIVERY
SUPPORT EXCO MEMBERS			
› Integrating group/cluster/segment functions	› Support departments seen as integral to the success of wider operations	› Feedback from cluster executives	› Positive feedback received



FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016

- › Further roll out of key support initiatives to ensure group strategy is met



This remuneration review is based on the principles, guidance and requirements of the King Code of Governance Principles (King III), the Companies Act and the JSE Listings Requirements.

The F2015 remuneration policy was approved by the group's shareholders at the most recent annual general meeting (AGM) in November 2014.

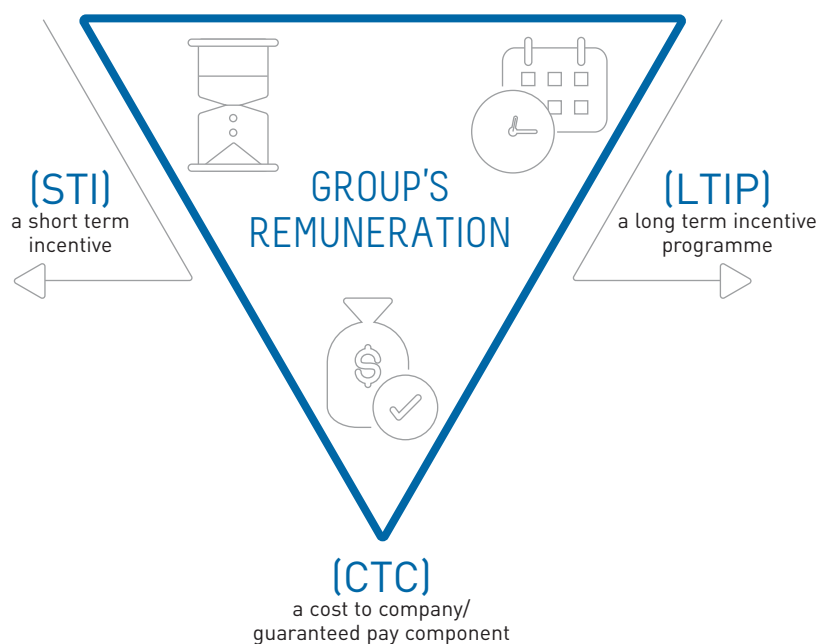


01

REMUNERATION POLICY

The group's remuneration strategy aims to attract, retain and motivate skilled and performing employees to execute the group's strategy.

The group offers an integrated remuneration and reward model, which comprises:





FOCUS AREAS FOR F2015



- › The executive performance format and process was refined for all prescribed officers to ensure relevant performance measures in line with the group's strategy and restructure
- › Multi-disciplinary contract incentives were changed to encourage broader collaboration
- › The implementation of grading and remuneration for all employees linked directly to career path growth is a first for our industry
- › We reduced anomalies in our salary bands by 13%
- › Our remuneration policy was approved at the group's AGM in November 2014, with 99% of shareholders voting in favour of the policy

FOCUS AREAS FOR F2016



- › We will refine our short term incentives to ensure stronger alignment of remuneration to performance and increasing rewards for outstanding contributions and penalties for poor performance
- › Bonus schemes will be standardised across segments to ensure a common approach
- › Following initial changes made this year to the remuneration on multi-disciplinary contracts, these practices will be standardised across Engineering & Construction segments to ensure that multi-disciplinary sites work towards the overall achievement of contract success and not individual performance

The group's pay mix is compared to the market(s) from which it attracts and recruits employees.

The remuneration committee (remco) assists the board in setting the remuneration policies for the group, as well as the remuneration of senior employees and particularly the executive directors and the group's prescribed officers. Independent non-executive director Dr JL Job is the chairperson of the remco. MR Thompson and NJ Chinyanta serve as independent non-executive directors to the board and the remco. During the reporting year, the previous CEO Mike Upton (who retired on 30 November 2014), as well as the newly appointed CEO Eric Vemer (who assumed his role on 1 December 2014) and the group human resources executive committee member Jesse Doorasamy attended the remco meetings.

The committee issues the mandate for the annual guaranteed remuneration (cost to company) review. The committee also advises the main board of directors, and makes recommendations to shareholders on fees for directors and non-executive directors.

Group Five benchmarks its remuneration practices against both the market from which it recruits and the most relevant markets where employees frequently might seek alternative employment. We also utilise available reputable benchmark remuneration surveys to ensure our remuneration packages are both competitive, fair and aligned to group policy.

Our policy is to ensure that employees' cost to company (CTC) is positioned between the 60th and 65th percentiles of the market. At an individual employee level, the annual CTC increase is determined by the individual's pay relative to the position and the Paterson band he or she is in, as well as the performance of the individual in the role. We group our positions along the following lines:

- › **GENERAL** – HR, administration, safety, etc.
- › **FINANCE AND IT** – accountants, IT, etc.
- › **OPERATIONS** – logistics, quality, etc.
- › **ENGINEERING AND TECHNICAL** – core construction positions
- › **COMMERCIAL** – quantity surveying and estimating positions
- › **MANUFACTURING** – manufacturing positions

Each year we review individual employee positions within the salary ranges defined for the above groupings and deal with high and low anomalies appropriately to ensure we only have employees outside of our remuneration policy by exception.

DURING THE YEAR, THE REMCO FOCUSED on ensuring that the remuneration paid to employees remained in line with market norms to attract and retain skilled employees.

The committee also focused on continuing with the implementation and communication of the long term incentive programme (LTIP) that was implemented in the prior year to ensure that all participants understand the programme and its intended outcome and incentives.

02 REMUNERATION STRUCTURE

	COST TO COMPANY		VARIABLE PAY	
ELEMENT	BASE PAY	BENEFITS	SHORT TERM INCENTIVE	LONG TERM INCENTIVE
				
GROUP FIVE	› Monthly salary › Hourly wage	› Medical aid › Pension fund/provident fund › Death benefit › Car allowance	› Annual incentive › Bonus scheme	› Share appreciation rights › Performance shares* › Bonus shares
STRATEGIC INTENT	› Attraction/retention	› Provides a comprehensive remuneration offering inclusive of cash and benefits › Retention of skills in terms of the comprehensiveness of benefits offered	› Rewards company performance › Rewards individual performance › Attraction/retention/recognition	› Rewards company performance › Rewards individual performance › Attraction/retention › Recognition of contribution to company success
ELIGIBILITY	› All employees		› Executive directors › Prescribed officers › Senior management at a corporate, cluster and segment level	› Executive directors › Prescribed officers › Senior management at a corporate, cluster and segment level
ELIGIBILITY PAY CRITERIA	› Market-based pay according to job grouping, grade and individual performance		› Hurdle rate for payment includes targeted return on equity and profit thresholds › Individual award, subject to targets set for profit and cash generation, transformation measures achieved and individual performance › Target pay-out based on 1.2 times CTC › Maximum pay-out set at 2.4 times CTC	› Allocation based on remuneration grade › Target pay set as a percentage of cost to company per participant › Subject to share price appreciation, return on capital target and total shareholder return realised relative to sector

* Performance shares are not allocated to segment senior management, as it is aimed at executive directors, prescribed officers and senior management at a corporate and cluster level who have a substantial impact on the long term strategic performance of the group.

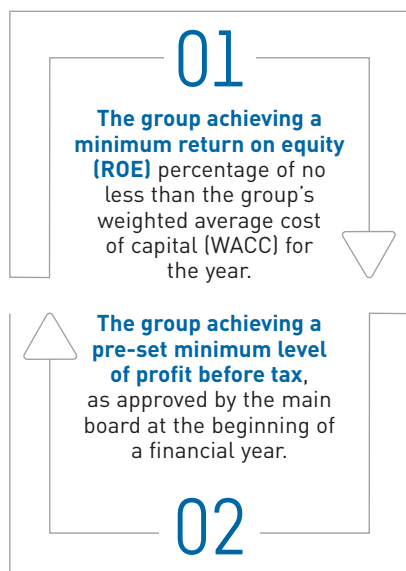
Executive directors, prescribed officers and senior management at corporate, cluster and segment level are offered overseas travel every three to five years to facilitate exposure and development.

VARIABLE PAY

SHORT TERM INCENTIVES (STIs)

The group awards management and most salaried employees an annual performance incentive. The actual value awarded is subject to the achievement of predetermined thresholds relating to the performance and position of the group, cluster, segment and individual performance over the financial year. Non-executive directors do not participate in any variable pay offering. For executive directors, prescribed officers, corporate officers, segment directors and managing directors of the company, two thresholds need to be achieved before an incentive pay-out will be considered by the remco.

These are:



On-target performance, with all thresholds and measures met, will result in the CEO earning an incentive bonus of 1.2 times his annual total cost to company (CTC). The incentive is capped at 2.4 times the CTC.

Our policy is structured to result in **55% OF THE CEO'S REMUNERATION BEING DIRECTLY LINKED TO THE COMPANY'S PERFORMANCE** and 45% to individual performance. 52% of the CFO's remuneration and 51% of prescribed officers' remuneration is linked to company performance.

The executive directors' and prescribed officers' target STI participation (target percentages of cost to company) was/is, therefore, as follows:

STI PARTICIPATION, ASSUMING ALL THRESHOLDS AND MEASURES ARE MET, COMPARED TO CTC

	CEO	CFO	PRESCRIBED OFFICERS
F2016	120%	110%	105%
F2015	120%	110%	105%
F2014	120%	110%	105%
F2013	140%	120%	110%

The STI, which is intended to reward short term company performance, is paid out over two tranches at six-monthly intervals commencing in September following the financial year end in which it was earned.

If the thresholds of return on equity and profit before tax – being the hurdle rates for eligibility for payment – are met, a maximum of 15% of group profit before tax (PBT), before accounting for the required accrual for directors' STI, is made available as an incentive pool to approximately 120 individuals. These include the executive directors, prescribed officers and senior managers of the group. The individual incentive value is based on a grade-related participation percentage of company and cluster or business segment profit before tax.

02 REMUNERATION STRUCTURE continued

The individual performance criteria and their respective weightings are as follows:

KEY PERFORMANCE AREA (%)

F2015 weighting		F2014 weighting	F2013 weighting
30%	Profit before taxation	35%	30%
		15%	15%
20%	Free cash generated	20%	20%
		10%	15%
10%	Employment equity	20%	20%
10%	Enterprise and supplier development	20%	20%
10%	Safety	20%	20%
20%	Individual performance	20%	20%



In the past, free cash generated represented 15% of the weighting. However, in light of the group's focus on driving free cash generation, the weighting was increased to 20%. In addition, employment equity and enterprise and supplier development, two key drivers of our broad-based black economic empowerment (BBBEE) scorecard performance, were separated to ensure focused efforts and measurement of progress against each element separately. These are weighted at 10% each. A weighting for achievement against safety requirements was added in line with ensuring safe operations.

In its evaluation of performance, the remco considers external and internal factors that may have contributed to

the thresholds not being met. The remco may from time to time consider discretionary short term bonuses for an individual, segment or cluster.

All payments in terms of the STI scheme are based on audited year-end results.

Bonuses paid out in a financial year, therefore, always relate to the results of the previous year.

PAGE The short term incentive pay-outs of this financial year, as reflected from pages 122 to 129, thus reflect the company performance reported in F2014.

In light of the poor financial performance in F2015, if bonus payments are made in F2016 these will be at remco's discretion and will be substantially below the overall level of payments made for F2015. **THIS IS IN LINE WITH OUR REMUNERATION POLICY WHERE THE GREATER PORTION OF OUR EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT REMUNERATION IS DIRECTLY LINKED TO THE COMPANY'S FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE AGAINST TARGETS.**

COMPARATIVE AWARDS AND PAY-OUTS

Based on achievements against various performance thresholds, the senior management teams were paid as follows this year:



The previous CEO Mike Upton was awarded a bonus of 133% of his annual guaranteed CTC, which was 111% of the targeted bonus of 120% of annual guaranteed CTC.



The current CEO Eric Vemer was awarded a bonus of 137% of his annual guaranteed CTC, which was 137% of the targeted bonus of 100% of annual guaranteed CTC.



The CFO Cristina Teixeira was awarded a bonus of 110% of her annual guaranteed CTC, which was on target at 110% of annual guaranteed CTC.



The prescribed officers were on average awarded bonuses of 87% against a target of 100% of annual guaranteed CTC.

PAGE

Refer to pages 98 to 106 and 122 to 129 for achievement against key performance indicators and linked STI payments awarded for F2014, which are reflected in F2015 remuneration.

LONG TERM INCENTIVES (LTIs)

The long term incentive plan (LTIP) forms part of variable compensation and is used to attract, retain and motivate employees who influence the long term sustainability and strategic objectives of Group Five. The purpose is to foster sustainable performance or value creation over the long term, which is aligned to the group's strategy and which enhances shareholder value. Its main characteristic is the promise to deliver value over a future vesting period, once performance criteria are met or exceeded.

The group's new LTIP was implemented in February 2014 following its review and approval by shareholders.

The LTIP consists of three elements:

1 SHARE APPRECIATION RIGHTS (SARs)

Value created through share price growth

2 PERFORMANCE SHARES

Full value shares – value created through returns to shareholders relative to competitors

3 BONUS SHARES

Full value shares – value created through short term performance and strategy alignment

At the discretion of the remco, executives and selected senior managers in Paterson grades F – D, who are in good standing with the group, will be offered a weighted combination of the three LTIP elements.

It is envisaged that the combined implementation of the three long term incentive elements will allow Group Five to:

- Remain competitive in its annual cash incentives and share-based incentives
- Reward long term sustainable company performance
- Retain senior employees
- Ensure that executives share a significant level of personal risk along with the group's shareholders

LTIP ELEMENT SUMMARY

SARs – ADDRESS SHARE PRICE	PERFORMANCE SHARES – ADDRESS RETURNS	BONUS SHARES – ADDRESS PERFORMANCE
ELIGIBILITY		
Executive directors, prescribed officers, senior management (within Paterson grading bands F – D).	Executive directors, prescribed officers and senior management (within Paterson grade bands F & E).	Executive directors, prescribed officers and senior management (within Paterson grade bands F, E & D).
VESTING PERIOD		
Three years from date of allocation, in equal tranches on the third, fourth and fifth anniversaries.	On the third anniversary of the award to the extent that performance indicators are met.	On the third anniversary of the award to the extent that performance indicators are met.
PERFORMANCE CRITERIA		
Share price underpinned relative to strike price.	The average annual return on capital (ROC) in the three-year period post the award and the total shareholder return (TSR) when compared to a group of peers over the same period.	Conditional only on continued employment and being in good standing with the group at date of vesting.
TERMINATION		
“No-fault of employee termination”* – all SARs, regardless of whether vested or not, will be settled by the group. “Fault of employee, termination or resignation”* – all SARs not vested will be cancelled.	“No-fault of employee termination”* – performance shares will be pro-rated over the period from grant date to termination date as if the target performance criteria were met at date of termination and settled by the group. “Fault of employee, termination or resignation”* – all unvested performance shares will be cancelled.	“No-fault of employee termination”* – all bonus shares will receive accelerated vesting and these will be settled by the group on shares that were granted. “Fault of employee, termination or resignation”* – all unvested bonus shares will be cancelled.
SETTLEMENT		
Settled through equity. SARs not exercised by the sixth anniversary date lapse.	Settled through equity.	As far as is practical, settled through cash.
AGREED PERFORMANCE MEASURES		
The SARs are self-regulated by the share price that is market-driven.	Return on the group’s capital (ROC). Total shareholder return (TSR) relative to nine peers.	Based on the short term measures of earnings, cash generation, return on capital, non-strategic criteria and individual performance.

* A “no-fault of employee termination” would be for retirement, disability, death and retrenchment. A “fault of employee termination or resignation” would be for dismissal due to misconduct or poor performance or resignation by the employee.



LTIP PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

SARs

When a participant exercises a share appreciation right, the value that accrues to the participant is the positive gain (appreciation) of the share above the strike price. As the reward associated with a SAR requires positive share price growth, there is a measure of shareholder alignment and/or performance. No additional performance measure is applied.

PERFORMANCE SHARES

The remco adopted two threshold measures, which are return on capital (ROC) and total shareholder return (TSR). The award of performance shares is on an equal basis to the degree that the group meets the criteria on the right.

01

Return on capital targets are set that provide:

- › **A threshold.** Performance below threshold will result in zero vesting
- › **A target.** Performance against this will result in the targeted vesting in terms of the expected reward strategy pay mix
- › **A maximum performance** at which three times the targeted number will vest
- › **Pro-rated** vesting between these points

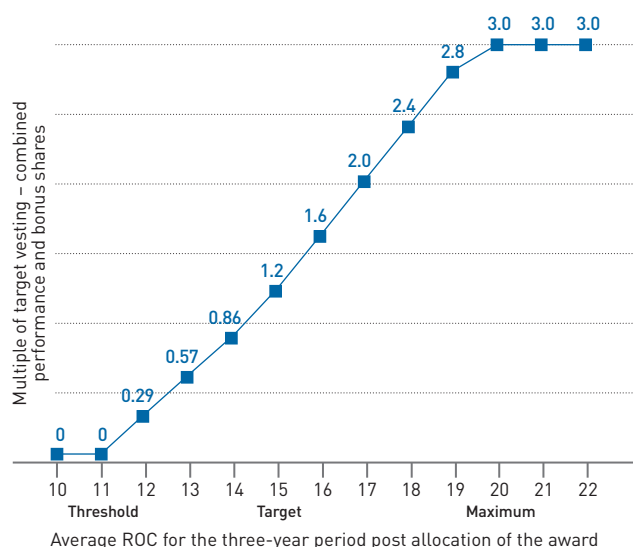
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Total shareholder return will be compared against a peer group of companies:

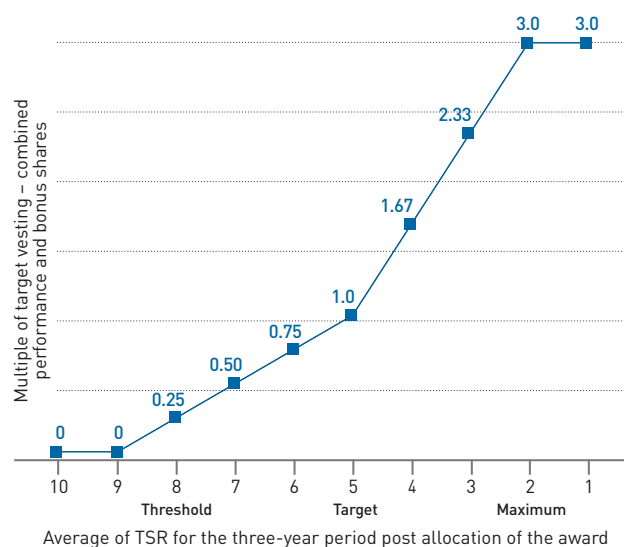
- › **A threshold** of at least eighth position against the peer group of nine entities
- › **A mid-point** pay target achieved at fifth position against the peer group. Performance against this will result in the targeted vesting in terms of the expected reward strategy pay mix
- › **A maximum target** achieved at first or second position against the peer group
- › **Pro-rated vesting** between these points

The sliding scale pay-out is applied as per the two graphs. The main board of directors and the remco review the performance criteria annually for future grants. This is proactively communicated prior to the grant in the annual remuneration report.

EXTENT OF ALLOCATION/AWARD VS RETURN ON CAPITAL (%)



EXTENT OF ALLOCATION/AWARD VS TSR POSITIONING TO PEER COMPARATOR GROUP (%)



Combining these performance criteria results in a reward and retention strategy based on a full spectrum of share, strategic and operational performance. The group believes this ensures that management and shareholder interests are aligned.

BONUS SHARES

Bonus shares are a means of retention and are based on performance in the preceding financial year at the date of the allocation. This allocation is based on the short term/annual incentive measures, which include meeting the group's annual internal targets in each of the categories below:

PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	FREE CASH GENERATED	EMPLOYMENT EQUITY	ENTERPRISE AND SUPPLIER DEVELOPMENT	SAFETY	INDIVIDUAL PERFORMANCE
↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓
30%	20%	10%	10%	10%	20%

PAGE As outlined on page 112, the targets were revised this year in line with the group's restructure.

DURATION OF THE SCHEME

It is envisaged that the LTIP scheme will provide five annual offers (with a combination of allocations of SARs, awards of performance shares and grants of bonus shares). The individual SAR issues lapse after six years if not exercised.

FOCUS AREAS DURING THE YEAR

03

REMUNERATION OF THE NEWLY CONSTITUTED EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Following the appointment of the new CEO Eric Vemer and the reconstitution of the executive committee (exco), the remco ensured that the CEO and the newly appointed exco members, as well as those now assigned to larger portfolios, are remunerated according to the group's remuneration policy and in line with market-based remuneration. Exco remuneration is, therefore, now fully compliant with the group's remuneration policy and mandate.

LABOUR ENVIRONMENT

Although labour activism decreased this year from the prior year, demands from major trade unions operating within the construction sector for significantly higher wages and improved employee benefits, primarily in the group's home market of South Africa, continued to plague the industry. Contract completion bonus demands across construction sites in South Africa, as well as demands for travel, food, accommodation and site-specific allowances continued. Improved social benefits, such as health insurance and pension contributions, are also specified. Although we have a low union membership of 17%, the non-unionised employees on our sites have similar demands and the propensity to militancy on sites has increased.

Against this backdrop, the group continues to take a firm stance in dealing with labour unrest and associated community activism, as this is a material risk to the safety of our employees and to the delivery of large, mainly public sector, multi-disciplinary contracts. As a group we believe it is critical that the principles of centralised bargaining be maintained, despite substantial pressure from unions in the sector to deviate from this key tenant of sound industrial relations.

Our consistent response has been to not engage in addressing industry issues at site level or by individual contract, but at a sector level. We are members of the South African Federation of Civil Engineering Contractors (SAFCEC) and the Steel and Engineering Industries Federation of South Africa (SEIFSA) where we have assumed leadership roles within the wage negotiation committees. This allows us to influence challenges at an industry level. During the year, we further augmented the industrial relations management capabilities of the human resources teams across all businesses within the group. This, coupled with a more proactive approach, assisted in identifying and resolving the majority of issues at site level before they escalated.

EDUCATION AROUND REMUNERATION

The HR team continued to focus on educating line managers and employees on the group's remuneration policy and practice, the structure of total remuneration and the group's approach to rewarding performance. These sessions have proved invaluable in ensuring better informed employees. The group's policy of remunerating around the 65th percentile of the market continues to ensure the successful attraction and retention of critical skills in line with our remuneration strategy. This places our remuneration competitively above the market median. Furthermore, due to the lower base of fixed remuneration, and higher proportion of variable pay linked to performance, our remuneration strategy assists the group's sustainability through industry down-cycles.

LEGISLATIVE COMPLIANCE

The group focused on ensuring that its remuneration practices are compliant with new legislation introduced, particularly employment equity

legislation. The main changes to the legislation included compliance with the equal pay for equal work principle. We have reviewed our practices accordingly. Pleasingly, the Department of Labour audit in the year under review found that our remuneration practices were compliant.

JOB GRADING

Following the implementation of a Paterson job grading system during F2013, the group continued to align its grades across segments and clusters. This resulted in greater consistency and standardisation of job titles. As a result of this exercise, the group now has formal grading, career development plans and associated CTC ranges for critical grades across the group. This represents a first for our industry and positions the group as a leader in terms of transparent and defensible remuneration practices.

BENEFITS

In addition to the risk benefits offered by our retirement funding structures, we offer death and disability insurance cover through a group personal accident (GPA) insurance policy to all permanent and temporary employees. As with the base pay, the group reviews these employee benefits on a regular basis to ensure they remain competitive against prevailing market trends and conditions. Following a competitive tendering process undertaken during the year, the group was able to achieve an improved GPA offering at a significant saving.

During the year, the group further enhanced its disability benefit which now pays out 75% of pensionable income until retirement for permanent total disability in addition to pension contributions. This represents a substantial improvement to the previous capital disability benefit pay-out for disabled employees on the group's disability scheme.

04

PERFORMANCE REVIEWS AND KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATOR (KPI) SETTING

ALL EMPLOYEES

Annual performance reviews are required for permanent salaried employees in the group. These reviews provide input into the annual salary review process and represent an important aspect in determining the remuneration increase for each employee.

Through the group's training Academy we focused on the quality and consistency of our performance review processes and the outcomes.

During the year, 82% of our eligible employees completed formal appraisals, which exceeded our goal of targeting a minimum of 75% of eligible employees.

The individual performance ratings an employee can achieve are defined below:

RATINGS	NOT RANKED	Individual is new to the role and cannot be fairly assessed
	01	Needs major improvement. Performance does not meet expectations and substantial progress is needed
	02	Needs improvement, with visible room for improvement noted
	03	Good overall performance, with the requirements of the job being met
	04	Very good overall performance and highly effective execution of requirements
	05	Outstanding overall performance

The focus on improving the quality of performance reviews resulted in a greater degree of consistency in the application of ratings. We are pleased with the fact that 20% of our employees are rated as "superior" and "outstanding". For the first time, the Engineering & Construction cluster, which is responsible for the majority of the group's employees, conducted a joint performance moderation session where consistency in the application of ratings was focused on. Due to the more consistent application in evaluations, the number of "superior" and "outstanding" performance ratings decreased from last year.

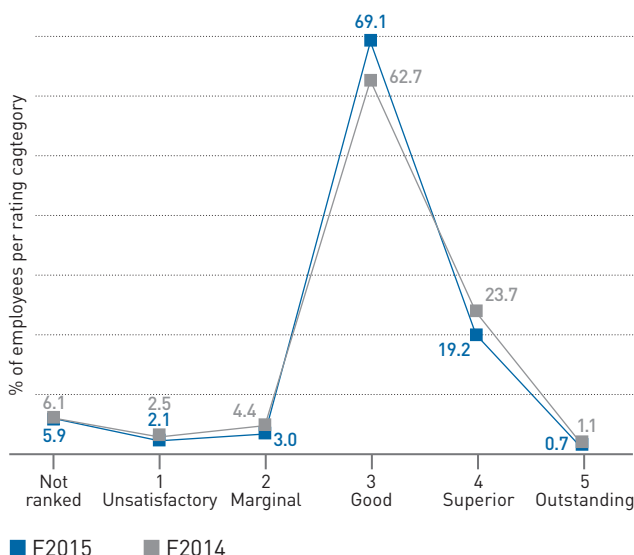
Our focus going forward will be on employees rated in the lower levels of the performance scales through the provision of training initiatives. Employees rated at the top end of the performance scales will be a focus for our succession planning and retention initiatives.

BOARD AND EXCO

The performance of the board and the exco is appraised against a set of clear objectives and key performance indicators (KPIs) to ensure they are remunerated fairly and responsibly. Following the transition from the previous to the current CEO during the year, KPIs of the exco team were aligned to the priorities set by the CEO, as well as against the objectives for F2016. This rigorous process provides a set of KPIs that ensures delivery of the group strategy by the exco.

PAGE Refer to pages 98 to 102 for the updated KPIs of the CEO and CFO.

YEAR-ON-YEAR COMPARISON OF PERFORMANCE RATINGS BETWEEN F2014 AND F2015



Executive and senior management members are measured and remunerated according to their alignment, achievement and contribution to the group's strategy, the group's financial performance, cluster performance, segment performance and individual performance.



05 INCREASES

EMPLOYEES

During the year, the remco approved an overall salary increase of 7% effective from 1 March 2015. This consisted of a performance-based increase of 6.5% and an additional 0.5% made available to individuals who either required CTC band adjustments due to job grade changes or who needed to be repositioned to ensure remuneration between the 60th and 65th percentile of the market average position of guaranteed base pay.

At an individual employee level, the annual CTC increase is determined by the individual's pay relative to the band he or she is in, as well as the performance of the individual in the role. This process of evaluation concluded with an average performance increase for the group of 5.5% against the mandated 6.5% and an average group band adjustment of 1.4% against the mandated 0.5%. The overall increase of 6.89% was within the mandate provided by the remco of 7%.

A focus area of improvement was addressing either low or high anomalies within our salary bands. With the last reviews we reduced individuals who fall outside of our bands, either on the low or high side, by 13%. This represents further improvement in paying within our pay policy. This will be further refined in next reviews.

Wage-based employees are remunerated either in line with relevant sectoral determinations, as set out by the Department of Labour, or in line with union-negotiated wages. The group has a low level of union representation at 17% of employees. The employees governed by the civil engineering sectoral determination received an increase of 10% for the more junior grades and 9% for the senior grades. Metal Industries Bargaining Council employees from our Projects and

Oil & Gas segments received a 7% increase and our Manufacturing segment Everite employees received a 9% increase. After a lengthy negotiation process, Intertoll Africa concluded on 10.1% for F2014 and 9.6% for F2015.

In instances where the group's client issues an instruction to increase pay or offer additional benefits to that of sectoral agreements, we adopt this as a variation order to our construction contract and implement accordingly. We have been found to be compliant with labour regulations on all sites.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The remco reviews the annual increases of non-executive directors' fees and recommends these to the board. The board of directors in turn recommend the fees for approval by shareholders at the AGM. The F2015 fees were approved at the November 2014 AGM and the recommended fee schedule for F2016 is disclosed on page 131 and presented to shareholders for consideration and approval with the form of proxy ahead of the November 2015 AGM. The remco proposed an increase of 6.5% for the F2016 non-executive directors' fees.

The chairperson of the board is remunerated based on a fixed fee for the year. The remainder of the non-executive board members receive a base fee for their main board membership and an attendance fee per meeting. In addition, the chairpersons of each sub-committee of the board receive a fixed fee for this role. Members of sub-committees receive an attendance fee per meeting. All non-executive board members are invited attendees to all sub-committee meetings. Where a non-executive board member attends a sub-committee meeting as an

invitee, they receive the same attendance fee as members.

Board members only receive fees for meetings in which they are in attendance.

A third of non-executive directors are required to retire on an annual basis, but can offer themselves for re-election. The determination of candidates for retirement is informed by the longest-standing serving director. Therefore, depending on the size of the board, this may translate to retirement on a two- or three-year basis.



EMPLOYEE AND DIRECTOR CONTRACTS OF EMPLOYMENT

Permanent employees sign an employment contract that complies with the labour law requirements of the country of employment. The CEO, CFO, group executive committee members, cluster, segment and corporate directors of the organisation have a retirement age of 60, which is reflective of working conditions and market benchmarking at senior and executive levels. All other employees are required to retire at 65.

NOTICE PERIOD OF EMPLOYEES

EMPLOYEES:

One month

SEGMENT DIRECTORS:

Two months

GENERAL MANAGERS, MANAGING DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVES, COMMITTEE MEMBERS AND EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS:

Three months

LOOKING FORWARD

Our core focus in the year ahead will continue to be on the **Engineering & Construction cluster** due to the work required to ensure greater alignment across the cluster's segments.

This will result in further amendment of remuneration practices to assist improved cohesion on multi-disciplinary sites, especially those in the rest of Africa. Furthermore, an aligned bonus scheme for all employees that drive contract delivery across segments within this cluster will be a key focus area, rather than an orientation towards individual business segment delivery.

In the Manufacturing cluster we will work on further matching remuneration to the manufacturing sector benchmarks and focusing on retention strategies. In the Investments & Concessions cluster we will align our remuneration practices with the cluster's international expansion plans to ensure expatriate mobility across a wider geography in Africa and Eastern Europe.

It is expected that negotiations with labour unions will remain challenging, as the trend continues for significantly higher increase demands than what is affordable to companies. Unions are also likely to demand that public sector clients become involved in negotiations due to their ability to instruct increases higher than legislated minimums on contracts of national strategic importance. This will require careful management to prevent precedents being set that become difficult to manage on other contracts.

With changes envisaged in legislation, especially with respect to "equal pay for equal work" within the Employment Equity Amendment Act of 2013, it is critical that there is a regular review of our remuneration guidelines. While we have addressed this, we will ensure that a documented audit trail is in place to support justifiable differences and to remove any newly-identified inappropriate differences where they exist.

A revised STI plan that accelerates bonuses for performance above plan was tabled to the remco for consideration. The objective is to award good bonuses for outstanding performance relative to prevailing market conditions, whilst at the same time penalising segments that do not meet planned targets.

F2016 LTIP AWARDS

The award mix for F2016 will be as follows:

		LTIP REWARD STRATEGY – INCENTIVE PAY MIX	ALLOCATED AS FOLLOWS: (RECOMMENDED POLICY – FACE-VALUE GRANTS)		
Grouping per participant types	Participant numbers	(Expected value expressed as a % of CTC*)	Share appreciation rights	Performance shares	Bonus shares
Face value as a % of CTC					
1	2	72.0%	32.0%	28.0%	12.0%
2	2	62.0%	32.0%	18.6%	11.4%
3	5	62.0%	32.0%	10.0%	11.4%
4	13	52.0%	32.0%	10.0%	10.0%
5	16	52.0%	32.0%	10.0%	10.0%
6	67	42.0%	32.0%	–	10.0%

* After three-year vesting period.

07

BREAKDOWN OF REMUNERATION PACKAGES

ERIC VEMER CEO



ELEMENTS OF REMUNERATION		APPLICABLE PERIOD	COST TO COMPANY R'000 IN F2015	TIMING OF PAY-OUTS ⁽¹⁾					
LONG TERM INCENTIVE PLAN	Share appreciation rights (SARs)	→ SARs granted from F2011 to F2015 → Performance and bonus shares granted in F2014 and F2015	1 070 ⁽²⁾	F2015	F2016	F2017	F2018	F2019	F2020
	Performance shares			33% of SAR award in F2011, F2012, F2013, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2012, F2013, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2013, F2014, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2014, F2015, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2014, F2015, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2015, exercisable
	Bonus shares					100% of performance share award in F2014, exercisable assuming performance criteria met	100% of performance share award in F2015, exercisable assuming performance criteria met		
						100% of bonus share award in F2014	100% of bonus share award in F2015		
The remco approved a standard allocation of SARs, performance shares and bonus shares in line with the LTIP policy.									
SHORT TERM INCENTIVE	Annual short term incentive	F2014 ⁽³⁾	4 116						
The current CEO's previous portfolio as head of the Investments & Concessions cluster delivered extremely well against set targets. As such, remco awarded a bonus that reflected this achievement.									
BASE PAY	Guaranteed total cost to company	March 2014 – Feb 2015 ⁽⁴⁾	3 472	4 139 ⁽⁵⁾					
		March 2015 – Feb 2016 ⁽⁴⁾	4 750						
The base pay of the CEO was determined in line with our remuneration policy and takes into account his promotion to the CEO role in December 2014.									

TOTAL REMUNERATION PAID IN F2015 8 255⁽⁶⁾

- 1 Refers to the financial period in which the remuneration awarded is actually paid to the employee/employee receives the benefit.
- 2 Refers to the cost to the company of awarding the employee a share appreciation right, determined by the IFRS 2 cost for the specific allocation.
- 3 Refers to the short term incentive awarded, relating to the most recent financial year completed.
- 4 Refers to the remuneration award granted annually, effective at the start of the group's remuneration year in March.
- 5 Any difference between guaranteed cost to company and remuneration actually paid is due to variable benefits paid, as well as ad hoc long service-related awards.
- 6 The F2015 pay-out reflects the total value paid to the employee whereas page 132 reflects the value for the period in office only as required by the Companies Act.

CRISTINA FREITAS TEIXEIRA CFO



ELEMENTS OF REMUNERATION			APPLICABLE PERIOD	COST TO COMPANY R'000 IN F2015	TIMING OF PAY-OUTS ⁽¹⁾					
					F2015	F2016	F2017	F2018	F2019	F2020
LONG TERM INCENTIVE PLAN	Share appreciation rights (SARs)	→ SARs granted from F2011 to F2015 → Performance and bonus shares granted in F2014 and F2015	783 ⁽²⁾	33% of SAR award in F2011, F2012, F2013, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2012, F2013, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2013, F2014, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2014, F2015 exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2014, F2015 exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2015, exercisable	
	Performance shares					100% of performance share award in F2014, exercisable assuming performance criteria met	100% of performance share award in F2015, exercisable assuming performance criteria met			
	Bonus shares					100% of bonus share award in F2014	100% of bonus share award in F2015			
	The remco approved a standard allocation of SARs, performance shares and bonus shares in line with the LTIP policy.									
SHORT TERM INCENTIVE	Annual short term incentive	F2014 ⁽³⁾		2 965						
Based on the improvement in the F2014 performance, a bonus equal to the target bonus was awarded. Greater controls and centralised processes were put in place and were starting to show benefits.										
BASE PAY	Guaranteed total cost to company	March 2014 – Feb 2015 ⁽⁴⁾	3 021	3 137 ⁽⁵⁾						
		March 2015 – Feb 2016 ⁽⁴⁾	3 324							
Based on the performance of the CFO and consideration of the market comparison for similar CFO roles, the CFO's package was reviewed and adjusted accordingly.										

TOTAL REMUNERATION PAID IN F2015 6 102

1 Refers to the financial period in which the remuneration awarded is actually paid to the employee/employee receives the benefit.

2 Refers to the cost to the company of awarding the employee a share appreciation right, determined by the IFRS 2 cost for the specific allocation.

3 Refers to the short term incentive awarded, relating to the most recent financial year completed.

4 Refers to the remuneration award granted annually, effective at the start of the group's remuneration year in March.

5 Any difference between guaranteed cost to company and remuneration actually paid is due to variable benefits paid, as well as ad hoc long service-related awards.

TEAM REMUNERATION

continued

07

BREAKDOWN OF REMUNERATION PACKAGES continued

PRESCRIBED OFFICER 1



ELEMENTS OF REMUNERATION		APPLICABLE PERIOD	COST TO COMPANY R'000 IN F2015	TIMING OF PAY-OUTS ⁽¹⁾					
				F2015	F2016	F2017	F2018	F2019	F2020
LONG TERM INCENTIVE PLAN	Share appreciation rights (SARs)	→ SARs granted from F2011 to F2015 → Performance and bonus shares granted in F2014 and F2015	845 ⁽²⁾	33% of SAR award in F2011, F2012, F2013, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2012, F2013, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2013, F2014, F2015, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2014, F2015, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2014, F2015, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2015, exercisable
	Performance shares					100% of performance share award in F2014, exercisable assuming performance criteria met	100% of performance share award in F2015, exercisable assuming performance criteria met		
	Bonus shares					100% of bonus share award in F2014	100% of bonus share award in F2015		
	The remco approved a standard allocation of SARs, performance shares and bonus shares in line with the LTIP policy.								
SHORT TERM INCENTIVE	Annual short term incentive	F2014 ⁽³⁾		2 000					
This prescribed officer's portfolio did not meet all the planned targets. The short term incentive awarded, therefore, reflected a shortfall against the target.									
BASE PAY	Guaranteed total cost to company	March 2014 – Feb 2015 ⁽⁴⁾	3 242	3 668 ⁽⁵⁾					
		March 2015 – Feb 2016 ⁽⁴⁾	4 000						
The restructure within the group resulted in a substantial increase to the portfolio under the leadership of this prescribed officer. The base pay was, therefore, adjusted accordingly.									

TOTAL REMUNERATION PAID IN F2015 5 668

- 1 Refers to the financial period in which the remuneration awarded is actually paid to the employee/employee receives the benefit.
- 2 Refers to the cost to the company of awarding the employee a share appreciation right, determined by the IFRS 2 cost for the specific allocation.
- 3 Refers to the short term incentive awarded, relating to the most recent financial year completed.
- 4 Refers to the remuneration award granted annually, effective at the start of the group's remuneration year in March.
- 5 Any difference between guaranteed cost to company and remuneration actually paid is due to variable benefits paid, as well as ad hoc long service-related awards.

PREScribed OFFICER 2



ELEMENTS OF REMUNERATION			APPLICABLE PERIOD	COST TO COMPANY R'000 IN F2015	TIMING OF PAY-OUTS ⁽¹⁾					
					F2015	F2016	F2017	F2018	F2019	F2020
LONG TERM INCENTIVE PLAN	Share appreciation rights (SARs)	→ SAR granted from F2011 to F2015 → Performance and bonus shares granted in F2014 and F2015	852 ⁽²⁾	33% of SAR award in F2011, F2012, F2013, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2012, F2013, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2013, F2014, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2014, F2015 exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2014, F2015 exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2015, exercisable	
	Performance shares					100% of performance share award in F2014, exercisable assuming performance criteria met	100% of performance share award in F2015, exercisable assuming performance criteria met			
	Bonus shares					100% of bonus share award in F2014	100% of bonus share award in F2015			
	The remco approved a standard allocation of SARs, performance shares and bonus shares in line with the LTIP policy.									
SHORT TERM INCENTIVE	Annual short term incentive	F2014 ⁽³⁾		3 160						
			This prescribed officer's cluster exceeded targeted expectations. Based on the strong performance, the appropriate short term incentive was awarded.							
BASE PAY	Guaranteed total cost to company	March 2014 – Feb 2015 ⁽⁴⁾	3 161	3 303 ⁽⁵⁾						
		March 2015 – Feb 2016 ⁽⁴⁾	3 418							
In line with retention policies and based on the strong cluster performance, this prescribed officer's base pay was reviewed and adjusted.										

TOTAL REMUNERATION PAID IN F2015 6 463

1 Refers to the financial period in which the remuneration awarded is actually paid to the employee/employee receives the benefit.

2 Refers to the cost to the company of awarding the employee a share appreciation right, determined by the IFRS 2 cost for the specific allocation.

3 Refers to the short term incentive awarded, relating to the most recent financial year completed.

4 Refers to the remuneration award granted annually, effective at the start of the group's remuneration year in March.

5 Any difference between guaranteed cost to company and remuneration actually paid is due to variable benefits paid, as well as ad hoc long service-related awards.

TEAM REMUNERATION

continued

07

BREAKDOWN OF REMUNERATION PACKAGES continued

PRESCRIBED OFFICER 3



ELEMENTS OF REMUNERATION		APPLICABLE PERIOD	COST TO COMPANY R'000 IN F2015	TIMING OF PAY-OUTS ⁽¹⁾					
				F2015	F2016	F2017	F2018	F2019	F2020
LONG TERM INCENTIVE PLAN	Share appreciation rights (SARs)	→ SARs granted from F2011 to F2015 → Performance and bonus shares granted in F2014 and F2015	606 ⁽²⁾	33% of SAR award in F2011, F2012, F2013, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2012, F2013, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2013, F2014, F2015, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2014, F2015 exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2014, F2015 exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2015, exercisable
	Performance shares					100% of performance share award in F2014, exercisable assuming performance criteria met	100% of performance share award in F2015, exercisable assuming performance criteria met		
	Bonus shares					100% of bonus share award in F2014	100% of bonus share award in F2015		
The remco approved a standard allocation of SARs, performance shares and bonus shares in line with the LTIP policy.									
SHORT TERM INCENTIVE	Annual short term incentive	F2014 ⁽³⁾		2 650					
The cluster of this prescribed officer exceeded expectations. The short term incentive, therefore, reflects this pleasing performance.									
BASE PAY	Guaranteed total cost to company	March 2014 – Feb 2015 ⁽⁴⁾	2 203	2 577 ⁽⁵⁾					
		March 2015 – Feb 2016 ⁽⁴⁾	2 848						
This prescribed officer was recently promoted to the executive committee. As a result, the appropriate increase in base pay was awarded.									

TOTAL REMUNERATION PAID IN F2015 5 227⁽⁶⁾

- Refers to the financial period in which the remuneration awarded is actually paid to the employee/employee receives the benefit.
- Refers to the cost to the company of awarding the employee a share appreciation right, determined by the IFRS 2 cost for the specific allocation.
- Refers to the short term incentive awarded, relating to the most recent financial year completed.
- Refers to the remuneration award granted annually effective at the start of the group's remuneration year in March.
- Any difference between guaranteed cost to company and remuneration actually paid is due to variable benefits paid, as well as ad hoc long service-related awards.
- The F2015 pay-out reflects the total value paid to the employee whereas page 132 reflects the value for the period in office only as required by the Companies Act.

PREScribed OFFICER 4



ELEMENTS OF REMUNERATION			APPLICABLE PERIOD	COST TO COMPANY R'000 IN F2015	TIMING OF PAY-OUTS ⁽¹⁾					
					F2015	F2016	F2017	F2018	F2019	F2020
LONG TERM INCENTIVE PLAN	Share appreciation rights (SARs)	→ SARs granted from F2011 to F2015 → Performance and bonus shares granted in F2014 and F2015	560 ⁽²⁾	33% of SAR award in F2011, F2012, F2013, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2012, F2013, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2013, F2014, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2014, F2015 exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2014, F2015 exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2015, exercisable	
	Performance shares					100% of performance share award in F2014, exercisable assuming performance criteria met	100% of performance share award in F2015, exercisable assuming performance criteria met			
	Bonus shares					100% of bonus share award in F2014	100% of bonus share award in F2015			
	The remco approved a standard allocation of SARs, performance shares and bonus shares in line with the LTIP policy.									
SHORT TERM INCENTIVE	Annual short term incentive	F2014 ⁽³⁾		1 950						
As a result of this prescribed officer's contribution to the group result for F2014 and the traction in the critical areas within his portfolio, a short term incentive commensurate with his contribution was awarded.										
BASE PAY	Guaranteed total cost to company	March 2014 – Feb 2015 ⁽⁴⁾	2 209	2 356 ⁽⁵⁾						
		March 2015 – Feb 2016 ⁽⁴⁾	2 500							
In line with our remuneration policy and a market review, this prescribed officer's base pay was reviewed and adjusted accordingly.										

TOTAL REMUNERATION PAID IN F2015 4 306

1 Refers to the financial period in which the remuneration awarded is actually paid to the employee/employee receives the benefit.

2 Refers to the cost to the company of awarding the employee a share appreciation right, determined by the IFRS 2 cost for the specific allocation.

3 Refers to the short term incentive awarded, relating to the most recent financial year completed.

4 Refers to the remuneration award granted annually effective at the start of the group's remuneration year in March.

5 Any difference between guaranteed cost to company and remuneration actually paid is due to variable benefits paid, as well as ad hoc long service-related awards.

TEAM REMUNERATION

continued

07

BREAKDOWN OF REMUNERATION PACKAGES continued

PRESCRIBED OFFICER 5



ELEMENTS OF REMUNERATION		APPLICABLE PERIOD	COST TO COMPANY R'000 IN F2015	TIMING OF PAY-OUTS ⁽¹⁾					
LONG TERM INCENTIVE PLAN	Share appreciation rights (SARs)	→ SARs granted from F2011 to F2015 → Performance and bonus shares granted in F2014 and F2015	468 ⁽²⁾	F2015	F2016	F2017	F2018	F2019	F2020
	Performance shares			33% of SAR award in F2011, F2012, F2013, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2012, F2013, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2013, F2014, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2014, F2015 exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2014, F2015 exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2015, exercisable
	Bonus shares					100% of performance share award in F2014, exercisable assuming performance criteria met	100% of performance share award in F2015, exercisable assuming performance criteria met		
						100% of bonus share award in F2014	100% of bonus share award in F2015		
The remco approved a standard allocation of SARs, performance shares and bonus shares in line with the LTIP policy.									
SHORT TERM INCENTIVE	Annual short term incentive	F2014 ⁽³⁾		1 585					
Based on the prescribed officer's performance and contribution to the F2014 result, a short term incentive reflecting the contribution was awarded									
BASE PAY	Guaranteed total cost to company	March 2014 – Feb 2015 ⁽⁴⁾	2 000	2 372 ⁽⁵⁾					
		March 2015 – Feb 2016 ⁽⁴⁾	2 500						
In line with our remuneration policy, a market review and individual performance, this prescribed officer's base pay was reviewed and adjusted.									

TOTAL REMUNERATION PAID IN F2015 3 957

- 1 Refers to the financial period in which the remuneration awarded is actually paid to the employee/employee receives the benefit.
- 2 Refers to the cost to the company of awarding the employee a share appreciation right, determined by the IFRS 2 cost for the specific allocation.
- 3 Refers to the short term incentive awarded, relating to the most recent financial year completed.
- 4 Refers to the remuneration award granted annually effective at the start of the group's remuneration year in March.
- 5 Any difference between guaranteed cost to company and remuneration actually paid is due to variable benefits paid, as well as ad hoc long service-related awards.

PREScribed OFFICER 6



ELEMENTS OF REMUNERATION			APPLICABLE PERIOD	COST TO COMPANY R'000 IN F2015	TIMING OF PAY-OUTS ⁽¹⁾					
					F2015	F2016	F2017	F2018	F2019	F2020
LONG TERM INCENTIVE PLAN	Share appreciation rights (SARs)	→ SARs granted from F2011 to F2015 → Performance and bonus shares granted in F2014 and F2015	446 ⁽²⁾	33% of SAR award in F2011, F2012, F2013, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2012, F2013, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2013, F2014, exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2014, F2015 exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2014, F2015 exercisable	33% of SAR award in F2015, exercisable	
	Performance shares					100% of performance share award in F2014, exercisable assuming performance criteria met	100% of performance share award in F2015, exercisable assuming performance criteria met			
	Bonus shares					100% of bonus share award in F2014	100% of bonus share award in F2015			
	The remco approved a standard allocation of SARs, performance shares and bonus shares in line with the LTIP policy.									
SHORT TERM INCENTIVE			Annual short term incentive	F2014 ⁽³⁾	1 381					
As a result of the strong performance of this prescribed officer's cluster, a short term incentive reflecting this was awarded.										
BASE PAY	Guaranteed total cost to company	March 2014 – Feb 2015 ⁽⁴⁾	1 500	1 999 ⁽⁵⁾						
		March 2015 – Feb 2016 ⁽⁴⁾	2 138							
This prescribed officer was recently promoted to the executive committee. As a result, the appropriate increase in base pay was awarded.										

➔ **TOTAL REMUNERATION PAID IN F2015** 3 380⁽⁶⁾

1 Refers to the financial period in which the remuneration awarded is actually paid to the employee/employee receives the benefit.

2 Refers to the cost to the company of awarding the employee a share appreciation right, determined by the IFRS 2 cost for the specific allocation.

3 Refers to the short term incentive awarded, relating to the most recent financial year completed.

4 Refers to the remuneration award granted annually effective at the start of the group's remuneration year in March.

5 Any difference between guaranteed cost to company and remuneration actually paid is due to variable benefits paid, as well as ad hoc long service-related awards.

6 The F2015 pay-out reflects the total value paid to the employee whereas page 132 reflects the value for the period in office only as required by the Companies Act.



MEDTRONICS BUILDING
South Africa

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' FEES

Fees, services expenses (R'000)	F2015			F2014		
	Fees	Expenses	Total	Fees	Expenses	Total
Name						
P Mthethwa	1 324	–	1 324	1 223	–	1 223
LE Bakoro [#]	–	–	–	411	16	427
NJ Chinyanta [*]	439	–	439	121	–	121
JL Job	830	7	837	643	–	643
W Louw [*]	607	–	607	121	–	121
SG Morris	1 183	–	1 183	1 005	–	1 005
KK Mpinga	712	–	712	603	–	603
B Ngonyama [*]	623	–	623	58	–	58
V Rague [*]	475	94	569	98	18	116
DDS Robertson [^]	–	–	–	252	18	270
MR Thompson [*]	520	–	520	103	–	103
	6 713	101	6 814	4 638	52	4 690

[#] Resigned on 11 February 2014.

^{*} Appointed on 1 April 2014.

[^] Resigned on 5 November 2013.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' PROPOSED FEES FOR F2016, SUBJECT TO SHAREHOLDER APPROVAL

	F2016 proposed fees (Rand per annum)	Comment	F2015 fees (Rand per annum)
Main board – chairperson	980 000	Includes all board and committee attendances, paid quarterly	920 000
Lead independent non-executive director	410 000	Includes basic fee plus attendance fee for four meetings, paid quarterly	385 000
Main board – non-executive director	245 000	Includes basic fee plus attendance fee for four meetings, paid quarterly	230 000
Audit committee – chairperson	240 000	Four meetings, paid quarterly	225 000
Audit committee – member and attendee	119 000	Four meetings, paid quarterly	112 000
Remuneration committee – chairperson	163 000	Four meetings, paid quarterly	153 000
Remuneration committee – member and attendee	84 000	Four meetings, paid quarterly	79 000
Risk committee – chairperson	163 000	Four meetings, paid quarterly	153 000
Risk committee – member and attendee	84 000	Four meetings, paid quarterly	79 000
Nominations committee – chairperson [*]	119 000	Two meetings, paid quarterly	112 000
Nominations committee – member and attendee	63 000	Two meetings, paid quarterly	59 500
Social and ethics committee – chairperson	163 000	Four meetings, paid quarterly	153 000
Social and ethics committee – member and attendee	84 000	Four meetings, paid quarterly	79 000
Extraordinary services (per hour)	3 500	Applied for ad hoc and/or non-scheduled meetings.	3 210

A deduction of R21 500 per meeting will apply for non-attendance at a scheduled meeting and R34 000 will be payable for attendance at a special board meeting.

^{*} Included in chairperson's fee.

TEAM REMUNERATION

continued

07

BREAKDOWN OF REMUNERATION PACKAGES continued

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

(R'000)	Salaries		Bonus*		Retention award**		Total	
	F2015	F2014	F2015	F2014	F2015	F2014	F2015	F2014
Name								
MR Upton ⁽¹⁾	2 498	4 747	5 672	5 229	–	722	8 170	10 698
ECJ Vemer ⁽²⁾	2 675	–	2 058	–	–	–	4 733	–
CMF Teixeira	3 137	2 749	2 965	2 731	–	–	6 102	5 480
	8 310	7 496	10 695	7 960	–	722	19 005	16 178

In line with the requirements of the Companies Act of 2008, the group discloses the remuneration paid to prescribed officers who are defined as the group's executive committee.

The three highest paid members of management are also reflected in the table below, as per the recommended practice suggested in 2.26.2 of the King III Code.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBERS (EXCO)

(R'000)	Salaries		Bonus*		Retention award**		Total	
	F2015	F2014	F2015	F2014	F2015	F2014	F2015	F2014
Name								
Prescribed officer 1	3 668	3 058	2 000	2 103	–	–	5 668	5 161
Prescribed officer 2	3 303	3 212	3 160	2 710	–	–	6 463	5 922
Prescribed officer 3	1 633	–	1 325	–	–	–	2 958	–
Prescribed officer 4	2 356	2 177	1 950	1 640	–	230	4 306	4 047
Prescribed officer 5	2 372	1 594	1 585	1 034	–	–	3 957	2 628
Prescribed officer 6	1 344	–	690	–	–	–	2 034	–
Prescribed officer 7 ⁽³⁾	1 544	3 115	1 383	2 620	–	–	2 927	5 735
Prescribed officer 8 ⁽²⁾	1 463	3 345	2 058	3 449	–	647	3 521	7 441
Prescribed officer 9 ⁽³⁾	1 887	3 414	1 000	2 948	–	470	2 887	6 832
	19 570	19 915	15 151	16 504	–	1 347	34 721	37 766

SENIOR MANAGEMENT^ (EXCLUDING CEO, CFO AND EXCO)

(R'000)	Salaries		Bonus*		Retention award**		Total	
	F2015	F2014	F2015	F2014	F2015	F2014	F2015	F2014
Total earnings	29 399	32 379	17 047	21 958	–	1 035	46 446	55 372
	29 399	32 379	17 047	21 958	–	1 035	46 446	55 372

^ With regards to F2015, senior management refers to the individuals depicted within this integrated annual report, excluding the CEO, CFO and exco.

* This indicates the gross bonus paid to the employee in the financial year under review. It does not represent the gross bonus awarded for the year, as the period to which the bonus relates is different to that when the bonus is paid. Bonuses awarded in a year are paid to employees in the financial year following the award period. For a full reconciliation between the bonus awarded per financial year and the timing of payment, for the CEO, CFO and prescribed officers, refer to pages 122 to 129.

** In F2013, the remuneration committee approved a retention award to members of the executive committee and selected members of senior management. Recipients were encouraged to purchase shares in Group Five with the award received. Payments reflected above do not represent the full value awarded to the employee, but rather the value (before taxation) of the award actually paid. Where employees opted to receive their retention award in cash to buy shares, payment was received in November 2012 and shares were required to be purchased by the employee. The employee was only entitled to trade or dispose of 50% of the value of this award after 30 June 2013 and the remaining 50% after 30 June 2014. Employees who opted to receive retention awards in cash only received 50% of their award on 30 June 2013. The balance of the award was made on 30 June 2014.

(1) Retired 28 November 2014.

(2) Appointed as CEO on 1 December 2014.

(3) Resigned from exco on 28 November 2014.

DETAILS OF EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' SHARE OPTIONS AND SHARE APPRECIATION RIGHTS

Name of director	Options granted – opening balance	Options granted during the current year	Strike price	Options exercised and paid	Options lapsed	Options granted – closing balance	Strike price	Options vested – closing balance
ECJ Vemer								
2014								
	34 000	–	54,81	–	–	34 000	54,81	34 000
	150 000	–	50,20	–	–	150 000	50,20	150 000
	81 842	–	34,09	81 842	–	–	34,09	–
	50 564	–	27,70	24 905	–	25 659	27,70	–
	104 600	–	34,42	–	–	104 600	34,42	–
	–	37 316	40,68	–	–	37 316	40,68	–
	–	5 863	41,00	–	–	5 863	41,00	–
	421 006	43 179		106 747		357 438		184 000
2015								
	34 000	–	54,81	–	34 000	–	54,81	–
	150 000	–	50,20	–	150 000	–	50,20	–
	25 659	–	27,70	–	–	25 659	27,70	25 659
	104 600	–	34,42	–	–	104 600	34,42	34 867
	37 316	–	40,68	–	–	37 316	40,68	–
	5 863	11 093	28,44	–	–	16 956	28,44	–
	–	99 609	25,60	–	–	99 609	25,60	–
	357 438	110 702		–	184 000	284 140		60 526
CMF Teixeira								
2014								
	25 000	–	54,81	–	–	25 000	54,81	25 000
	25 000	–	50,20	–	–	25 000	50,20	25 000
	200 000	–	42,84	–	–	200 000	42,84	200 000
	72 000	–	28,63	72 000	–	–	28,63	–
	71 740	–	34,09	–	–	71 740	34,09	71 740
	66 175	–	27,70	21 838	–	44 337	27,70	22 274
	86 600	–	34,42	–	–	86 600	34,42	–
	–	34 828	40,68	–	–	34 828	40,68	–
	–	4 745	41,00	–	–	4 745	41,00	–
	546 515	39 573		93 838	–	492 250		344 014
2015								
	25 000	–	54,81	–	25 000	–	54,81	–
	25 000	–	50,20	–	25 000	–	50,20	–
	200 000	–	42,84	–	–	200 000	42,84	200 000
	71 740	–	34,09	–	–	71 740	34,09	71 740
	44 337	–	27,70	–	–	44 337	27,70	44 337
	86 600	–	34,42	–	–	86 600	34,42	28 867
	34 828	–	40,68	–	–	34 828	40,68	–
	4 745	9 381	28,44	–	–	14 126	28,44	–
	–	59 712	25,60	–	–	59 712	25,60	–
	492 250	69 093		–	50 000	511 343		344 944

TEAM REMUNERATION

continued

07

BREAKDOWN OF REMUNERATION PACKAGES continued

DETAILS OF PRESCRIBED OFFICERS' SHARE OPTIONS AND SHARE APPRECIATION RIGHTS (INCLUDING THREE HIGHEST PAID MEMBERS OF MANAGEMENT)

Prescribed officer	Options granted – opening balance	Options granted during the current year	Strike price	Options exercised and paid	Options lapsed	Options granted – closing balance	Strike price	Options vested – closing balance
Prescribed officer 1								
2014	19 000	–	54,81	–	–	19 000	54,81	19 000
	100 000	–	50,20	–	–	100 000	50,20	100 000
	–	–	28,63	–	–	–	28,63	–
	21 543	–	34,09	21 543	–	–	34,09	–
	38 974	–	27,70	19 196	–	19 778	27,70	19 584
	97 600	–	34,42	–	–	97 600	34,42	–
	–	37 316	40,68	–	–	37 316	40,68	–
	–	3 728	41,00	–	–	3 728	41,00	–
	277 117	41 044		40 739	–	277 422		138 584
2015	19 000	–	54,81	–	19 000	–	54,81	–
	100 000	–	50,20	–	100 000	–	50,20	–
	19 778	–	27,70	–	–	19 778	27,70	19 778
	97 600	–	34,42	–	–	97 600	34,42	32 533
	37 316	–	40,68	–	–	37 316	40,68	–
	3 728	6 328	28,44	–	–	10 056	28,44	–
	–	74 121	25,60	–	–	74 121	25,60	–
	277 422	80 449		–	119 000	238 871		52 311
Prescribed officer 2								
2014	42 000	–	54,81	–	–	42 000	54,81	42 000
	53 000	–	50,20	–	–	53 000	50,20	53 000
	89 762	–	34,09	59 243	–	30 519	34,09	30 519
	82 408	–	27,70	27 195	–	55 213	27,70	27 744
	103 000	–	34,42	–	–	103 000	34,42	–
	–	36 748	40,68	–	–	36 748	40,68	–
	–	4 865	41,00	–	–	4 865	41,00	–
	370 170	41 613		86 438	–	325 345		153 263
2015	42 000	–	54,81	–	42 000	–	54,81	–
	53 000	–	50,20	–	53 000	–	50,20	–
	30 519	–	34,09	–	–	30 519	34,09	30 519
	55 213	–	27,70	–	–	55 213	27,70	55 213
	103 000	–	34,42	–	–	103 000	34,42	34 333
	36 748	–	40,68	–	–	36 748	40,68	–
	4 865	9 998	28,44	–	–	14 863	28,44	–
	–	62 479	25,60	–	–	62 479	25,60	–
	325 345	72 477		–	95 000	302 822		120 065

Prescribed officer	Options granted – opening balance	Options granted during the current year	Strike price	Options exercised and paid	Options lapsed	Options granted – closing balance	Strike price	Options vested – closing balance
Prescribed officer 3								
2014	20 000	–	54,81	–	–	20 000	54,81	20 000
	25 000	–	50,20	–	–	25 000	50,20	25 000
	43 000	–	28,63	43 000	–	–	28,63	–
	39 179	–	34,09	25 858	–	13 321	34,09	13 321
	36 140	–	27,70	11 926	–	24 214	27,70	12 167
	53 000	–	34,42	–	–	53 000	34,42	–
	–	20 924	40,68	–	–	20 924	40,68	–
	–	5 147	41,00	–	–	5 147	41,00	–
	216 319	26 071		80 784	–	161 606		70 488
2015	20 000	–	54,81	–	20 000	–	54,81	–
	25 000	–	50,20	–	25 000	–	50,20	–
	13 321	–	34,09	–	–	13 321	34,09	13 321
	24 214	–	27,70	–	–	24 214	27,70	24 214
	53 000	–	34,42	–	–	53 000	34,42	17 667
	20 924	–	40,68	–	–	20 924	40,68	–
	5 147	8 386	28,44	–	–	13 533	28,44	–
	–	52 653	25,60	–	–	52 653	25,60	–
	161 606	61 039	–	–	45 000	177 645		55 202
Prescribed officer 4								
2014	45 000	–	12,55	–	–	45 000	12,55	45 000
	30 000	–	54,81	–	–	30 000	54,81	30 000
	37 000	–	50,20	–	–	37 000	50,20	37 000
	69 000	–	28,63	–	–	69 000	28,63	69 000
	61 672	–	34,09	–	–	61 672	34,09	61 672
	56 619	–	27,70	–	–	56 619	27,70	37 746
	71 700	–	34,42	–	–	71 700	34,42	–
	–	21 237	40,68	–	–	21 237	40,68	–
	–	3 441	41,00	–	–	3 441	41,00	–
	370 991	24 678		–	–	395 669		280 418
2015	45 000	–	12,55	45 000	–	–	12,55	–
	30 000	–	54,81	–	30 000	–	54,81	–
	37 000	–	50,20	–	37 000	–	50,20	–
	69 000	–	28,63	–	–	69 000	28,63	69 000
	61 672	–	34,09	–	–	61 672	34,09	61 672
	56 619	–	27,70	–	–	56 619	27,70	56 619
	71 700	–	34,42	–	–	71 700	34,42	23 900
	21 237	–	40,68	–	–	21 237	40,68	–
	3 441	7 618	28,44	–	–	11 059	28,44	–
	–	36 241	25,60	–	–	36 241	25,60	–
	395 669	43 859		45 000	67 000	327 528		211 191

TEAM REMUNERATION

continued

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BREAKDOWN OF REMUNERATION PACKAGES continued

Prescribed officer	Options granted – opening balance	Options granted during the current year	Strike price	Options exercised and paid	Options lapsed	Options granted – closing balance	Strike price	Options vested – closing balance
Prescribed officer 5								
2014	17 878	–	16,03	5 368	–	12 510	16,03	–
	24 400	–	34,42	–	–	24 400	34,42	–
	–	14 454	40,68	–	–	14 454	40,68	–
	–	2 680	41,00	–	–	2 680	41,00	–
	42 278	17 134		5 368	–	54 044		–
2015	12 510	–	16,03	5 050	–	7 460	16,03	–
	24 400	–	34,42	–	–	24 400	34,42	8 133
	14 454	–	40,68	–	–	14 454	40,68	–
	2 680	5 015	28,44	–	–	7 695	28,44	–
	–	44 176	25,60	–	–	44 176	25,60	–
	54 044	49 191		5 050	–	98 185		8 133
Prescribed officer 6								
2014	17 020	–	16,03	5 129	–	11 891	16,03	–
	11 000	–	54,81	–	–	11 000	54,81	11 000
	35 300	–	34,42	–	–	35 300	34,42	–
	–	13 919	40,68	–	–	13 919	40,68	–
	–	2 502	41,00	–	–	2 502	41,00	–
	63 320	16 421		5 129	–	74 612		11 000
2015	11 891	–	16,03	–	–	11 891	16,03	4 786
	11 000	–	54,81	–	11 000	–	54,81	–
	35 300	–	34,42	–	–	35 300	34,42	11 767
	13 919	–	40,68	–	–	13 919	40,68	–
	2 502	4 368	28,44	–	–	6 870	28,44	–
	–	39 531	25,60	–	–	39 531	25,60	–
	74 612	43 899		–	11 000	107 511		16 553

DETAILS OF SHARE OPTIONS AND SHARE APPRECIATION RIGHTS ISSUED TO SENIOR MANAGEMENT*
(EXCLUDING CEO, CFO AND EXCO)

	Options granted – opening balance	Options granted during the current year	Strike price	Options exercised and paid	Options lapsed	Options granted – closing balance	Strike price	Options vested – closing balance
2014	75 000	–	31,87	75 000	–	–	31,87	–
	154 000	–	54,81	–	–	154 000	54,81	154 000
	200 000	–	50,20	–	–	200 000	50,20	200 000
	264 000	–	28,63	264 000	–	–	28,63	–
	354 854	–	34,09	296 415	–	58 439	34,09	58 439
	298 007	–	27,70	139 951	–	158 056	27,70	48 660
	654 500	–	34,42	–	–	654 500	34,42	–
	56 819	–	16,03	12 912	–	43 907	16,03	–
	–	218 036	40,68	–	–	218 036	40,68	–
	–	59 961	40,68	–	–	59 961	40,68	–
	–	45 894	41,00	–	–	45 894	41,00	–
	2 057 180	323 891		788 278	–	1 592 793		461 099
2015	109 000	–	54,81	–	109 000	–	54,81	–
	161 300	–	50,20	–	161 300	–	50,20	–
	59 672	–	34,09	5 435	–	54 237	34,09	54 237
	133 122	–	27,70	4 792	–	128 330	27,70	128 330
	464 300	–	34,42	–	–	464 300	34,42	154 767
	13 520	–	16,03	–	–	13 520	16,03	4 507
	218 589	–	40,68	–	–	218 589	40,68	–
	35 316	70 667	28,44	–	–	105 983	28,44	–
	–	410 975	25,60	–	–	410 975	25,60	–
	1 194 819	481 642		10 227	270 300	1 395 934		341 841

* With regards to F2015, senior management refers to the individuals depicted within this integrated annual report, excluding the CEO, CFO and exco.

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DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

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REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR





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DIRECTORS'
REPORT



**SUMMARY
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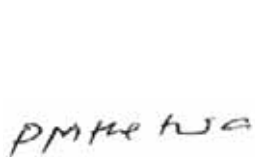
DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

for the year ended 30 June 2015

The board acknowledges its responsibility to ensure the integrity of the integrated annual report. The board has applied its mind to the integrated annual report and believes that it addresses all material issues, and presents fairly the integrated performance of the organisation and its impacts.

The integrated annual report has been prepared in line with best practice and the recommendations of King III.

The integrated annual report was approved by the board on 7 August 2015 and is signed on its behalf:



P (Philisiwe) Mthethwa
Chairperson

7 August 2015



ECJ (Eric) Vemer
Chief executive officer

7 August 2015



CM (Cristina) Freitas Teixeira
Chief financial officer

7 August 2015

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

for the year ended 30 June 2015

ON THE SUMMARY CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GROUP FIVE LIMITED

The summary consolidated financial statements, which comprise the summary consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2015, and the summary consolidated income statement, statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and related notes, as set out on pages 148 to 158, are derived from the audited consolidated financial statements of Group Five Limited for the year ended 30 June 2015. We expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those consolidated financial statements in our report dated 14 August 2015. Our auditor's report on the audited consolidated financial statements contained an Other Matter paragraph (refer below).

The summary consolidated financial statements do not contain all the disclosures required by International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa as applicable to annual financial statements. Reading the summary consolidated financial statements, therefore, is not a substitute for reading the audited consolidated financial statements of Group Five Limited.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE SUMMARY CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The company's directors are responsible for the preparation of a summary of the audited consolidated financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the JSE Limited's requirements for summary financial statements, set out in the basis of preparation note to the summary consolidated financial statements and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa as applicable to summary financial statements.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the summary consolidated financial statements based on our procedures, which were conducted in accordance with International Standard on Auditing (ISA) 810, "Engagements to Report on Summary Financial Statements".

OPINION

In our opinion, the summary consolidated financial statements derived from the audited consolidated financial statements of Group Five Limited for the year ended 30 June 2015 are consistent, in all material respects, with those consolidated financial statements, in accordance with the requirements of the JSE Limited's requirements for summary financial statements, set out in basis of preparation note to the summary consolidated financial statements, and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa as applicable to summary financial statements.

The Other Matter paragraph in our audit report dated 14 August 2015 states that as part of our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2015, we have read the Directors' Report, Report of the Audit Committee and the Statement of Compliance by the Company Secretary for the purpose of identifying whether there are material inconsistencies between these reports and the audited consolidated financial statements. These reports are the responsibility of the respective preparers. The Other Matter paragraph states that, based on reading these reports, we have not identified material inconsistencies between these reports and the audited consolidated financial statements. The paragraph furthermore states that we have not audited these reports and accordingly do not express an opinion on these reports. The Other Matter paragraph does not have an effect on the summary consolidated financial statements or our opinion thereon.



PricewaterhouseCoopers Inc.

Director: AJ Rossouw

Registered Auditor

Sunninghill

14 August 2015

SUMMARY CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2015

These consolidated annual financial statements comprise a summary of the audited consolidated annual financial statements of the group for the year ending 30 June 2015 that were approved by the board on 7 August 2015.

The summary consolidated annual financial statements are not the group's statutory accounts and do not contain all the disclosures required by International Financial Reporting Standards. Reading the summary consolidated annual financial statements, therefore, is not a substitute for reading the audited consolidated annual financial statements of the group, as they do not contain sufficient information to allow for a complete understanding of the results and state of affairs of the group. The audited consolidated annual financial statements are available online at www.groupfive.co.za, or may be obtained from the company secretary. The annual financial statements have been audited by the independent accounting firm, PricewaterhouseCoopers Inc. Their unmodified audit report is available for inspection at the group's registered office and their opinion on these summary consolidated annual financial statements is on page 141.

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The summary consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the JSE Limited's (JSE) requirements for summary financial statements, and the requirements of the Companies Act applicable to summary financial statements. The JSE requires summary financial statements to be prepared in accordance with the framework concepts and the measurement and recognition requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards, the SAICA Financial Reporting Guides as issued by the Accounting Practices Committee and Financial Pronouncements as issued by the Financial Reporting Standards Council, and to also, as a minimum, contain the information required by IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. The accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, from which the summary consolidated financial statements were derived, are in terms of International Financial Reporting Standards

and are consistent with the accounting policies applied in the preparation of the previous consolidated annual financial statements.

The summary consolidated annual financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain items, including derivatives, investment in service concessions and investment property that are stated at fair value, and are presented in South African Rand, which is the parent company's presentation currency.

The significant accounting policies and methods of computation are consistent in all material respects with those applied in the previous period. The summary consolidated annual financial statements should be read with the full set of annual financial statements as available on the company's website.

The financial statements were prepared by the Chief Financial Officer CA(SA) and approved by the board of directors on 7 August 2015 and are signed on its behalf by:



P (Philisiwe) Mthethwa
Chairperson



ECJ (Eric) Vemer
Chief executive officer



CM (Cristina) Freitas Teixeira
Chief financial officer

7 August 2015

DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the year ended 30 June 2015

NATURE OF BUSINESS

Group Five Limited is an investment holding company with interests in the building, infrastructural and engineering sectors. The company does not trade and all of its activities are undertaken through its subsidiaries, joint arrangements and associates. The group operates in South Africa, rest of Africa, and Eastern Europe. The company has its primary listing on the JSE Limited.

GROUP RESULTS

Headline earnings per share (HEPS) of 205 cents represents a decrease of 49.7%, and fully diluted HEPS (FDHEPS) of 204 cents per share a decrease of 49.0%, compared to the HEPS and FDHEPS of 407 cents and 399 cents per share respectively for F2014.

Earnings per share (EPS) of 222 cents and fully diluted EPS (FDEPS) of 221 cents per share represents a 44.7% and 43.9% decrease respectively over the 401 cents per share and 394 cents per share for F2014.

The difference between earnings and headline earnings in the period is mainly as a result of a profit on a fair value adjustment of an investment property held by associate company of R13,8 million (net of tax) and a net profit on disposal of an investment in associate including a reversal of an impairment of R2,6 million (net of tax).

Group revenue decreased by 9.7% from R15,4* billion to R13,9 billion, as a result of the comparatively large order book traded in the prior period in Energy and Civil Engineering segments.

The group's core operating profit decreased by 46.4% from R650,2* million to R348,4 million as a result of weaker operating results from the Engineering & Construction cluster mostly due to contract losses within the Civil Engineering and Projects segments and the reduced rate of trade in the Civil Engineering and Energy segments, reducing the group's overall core operating margin from 4.2*% in the prior year to 2.5%. The group's total operating margin also reduced to 2.6% (F2014: 4.2*%). Most segments, other than the Civil Engineering and Projects segments, performed in line with the most recent margin guidance provided.

The core operating profit does not include a surplus on the group's pension fund of R18,9 million (F2014: R6,9 million) as a result of an actuarial valuation assessment. This gain is included in total earnings. This gain was offset by a share-based payment expense of R8,1 million (F2014: R30,0 million) as a result of the

group's BBBEE ownership transaction, which was approved by shareholders in F2013.

Included in operating profit is fair value net upward adjustments of R115,7 million (F2014: R83,8 million) relating to the group's interests in Eastern European road transport concessions. This positively affected the group's results in the year. The group values its investments in service concessions at fair value at the time of investing or making an irrevocable commitment to invest. Fair values are determined using the discounted cash flow method of valuation using anticipated future cash flow based on market-related exchange and inflation rates. The relevant Euro ZAR exchange rate used was 13,64 (2014: 14,46). The cash flows are discounted at appropriate rates that take into account the relevant market and project risks. Discount rates ranging between 9% to 14% was used for both F2015 and F2014.

The financial statements on pages 148 to 153 set out the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the group for the financial year ended 30 June 2015. Segmental information as approved by the directors relating to the business of the group is set out on pages 154 to 156.

During the year the group transferred the remaining business within its discontinued cluster of Construction Materials into continuing operations. This operation now trades within the Manufacturing cluster. In terms of IFRS 5 – Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations, the group is required to restate its prior year reported income statement and statement of cash flow to reflect the result of the change.

Financial performance

The group delivered a disappointing result in F2015 as a result of the group's Engineering & Construction cluster under-performance. Firm action has been taken to address underlying contract challenges.

The weak result was mainly as a result of:

- › significant losses incurred on a previously reported South African contract that impacted both the Civil Engineering and Projects segments
- › retrenchment and holding costs incurred in relation to the rightsizing of the Civil Engineering segment
- › a weak performance in the Energy segment due to delayed new contract start-ups and lower revenues over the prior year

The Building & Housing segment was the strongest performer in the Engineering & Construction cluster, delivering a steady result on the back of increased

* Restated for the application of IFRS 5 – Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations, as a result of the decision to transfer the remaining business within the discontinued cluster of Construction Materials into continuing operations within the Manufacturing cluster.

revenues compared to the prior year, underpinned by sturdy order intake in the South African private and public sector markets.

As a result of incurring significant losses on a local contract, experiencing very low levels of new order intake, and having to implement a rightsizing and associated retrenchment program, Civil Engineering delivered incredibly weak results. The actions taken during the year have placed the business on a more stable platform, and positioned it for recovery in F2016.

Projects reported a lower F2015 result, directly as a result of losses incurred on the same local contract that impacted Civil Engineering. Whilst Projects core target market in mining and resources remains subdued, the business has been successful in securing new work, notably in the power sector.

Revenue and earnings declined in the Energy segment off the comparatively high levels recorded in the prior year and impacted by delays in commencement of new projects. As previously disclosed, the finalisation costs incurred in H1 F2015 at completion of certain contracts also had a negative impact on full year results.

The Investments & Concessions cluster was the best performer for the group delivering a strong result. This cluster delivered a strong financial performance primarily due to an excellent result from the Eastern European operations of Infrastructure Concessions.

The Manufacturing team was able to deliver an acceptable, albeit lower result despite a flat market, the negative business impact of power outages, and the rapid decline of steel prices which impacted our steel cluster operations particularly during the second half of the financial year. The team continues to innovate to drive production efficiencies and is selectively developing new traded products that are complementary to our core light-weight dry building materials markets.

In line with expectations, group net finance costs of R1,6 million were recorded for the year compared to the net finance costs of R1,8* million in the prior year.

The effective tax rate of 28% (F2014: 34%) is the same as the South African statutory tax rate. This was mainly due to a prudent approach adopted to the raising of deferred taxation assets and an increase in under-provided taxation from the past year which was offset by liabilities in jurisdictions with lower taxation rates.

Financial position

It is pleasing to note that the group's statement of financial position continues to be sound, with a nil net

gearing ratio and an increase in the bank and cash balance to R3,4 billion as at 30 June 2015 (F2014: R2,9 billion and H1 F2015: R3,1 billion).

Cash flow

The group generated R425,1 million (F2014: R902,7* million) cash from operations before working capital of R118,9 million (F2014: R530,7* million absorbed). This resulted in a net cash inflow from operating activities of R238,1 million (F2014: R150,6 million) after settlement of taxation liabilities of R218,4 million (F2014: R139,5 million) and the dividend to shareholders of R85,7 million (F2014: R80,2 million).

After a net cash investment of R69,7 million (F2014: R151,1 million) in plant and equipment and investment property and net borrowings raised of R145,5 million (F2014: net R68,5 million repaid), and net proceeds on repayment of service concessions loans of R153,2 million (F2014: R22,9 million), a net inflow of R468,8 million was realised (F2014: R44,9 million outflow).

Capital expenditure

Details on capital expenditure is set out on page 151 of this report.

SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT ARRANGEMENTS AND ASSOCIATES

The interest in subsidiaries, joint arrangements and associated companies, are set out on Annexures 3 to 6 of the audited group annual financial statements available online at www.groupfive.co.za.

BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

There were no business combinations during the current reporting period.

As previously communicated, approval from the Department of Mineral Resources (DMR) is awaited on the sale of two quarries to finally fulfil the sale conditions precedent. However, the sale agreements reached with the new owners allowed for the transfer of operational control immediately on concluding the sale agreements, including transfer of operating profits and losses. This was achieved on the two quarries sold in F2013. Proceeds on the sale of these businesses were received as expected. During the year the group transferred the remaining business within its discontinued cluster of Construction Materials into continuing operations. This operation now trades within the Manufacturing cluster.

STATED CAPITAL

The movement in the number of shares during the year under review is summarised in the statement of changes in

* Restated for the application of IFRS 5 – Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations, as a result of the decision to transfer the remaining business within the discontinued cluster of Construction Materials into continuing operations within the Manufacturing cluster.

equity on pages 152 to 153 of this report. The authorised and issued share capital is as follows:

Authorised:

150 000 000 ordinary shares of no par value.

Issued:

112 206 869 ordinary shares of no par value (F2014: 112 104 493).

All shares have been fully paid up.

11 081 964 shares (F2014: 11 305 707) are held as treasury stock in terms of the trust deeds.

The group's ownership transaction comprises two components, namely:

- a Black Professionals Staff Trust; and
- the Izakhiwo Imfundo Bursary Trust

The implementation of the Black Professionals Staff Trust and Izakhiwo Imfundo Bursary Trust was approved by shareholders on 27 November 2012. The transaction was concluded on 16 January 2013 following the fulfilment of all conditions precedent.

The share-based payment benefit provided to the Izakhiwo Imfundo Bursary Trust was recognised as a non-recurring equity-settled share-based payment. The full charge of R16,8 million (originally estimated at R12,7 million as per the circular to shareholders) was recognised fully on grant date in H2 F2013.

The estimated share-based payment benefit with respect to the Black Professionals Staff Trust at period-end date was R86,4 million (June 2014: R149,9 million, December 2014: R87,0 million) and is recognised as a cash-settled share-based payment transaction over the life of the scheme from the effective date of this transaction to the assumed end date of November 2020. An amount of R8,1 million (F2014: R30,0 million) was charged to earnings in F2015.

The implementation of the Izakhiwo Imfundo Bursary Trust portion of the revised transaction resulted in a two million share increase in prior years. The implementation of the Black Professionals Staff Trust at the effective date did not increase the weighted average number of shares in issue, as these remain anti dilutive at 30 June 2015. However, this is required to be reassessed at each reporting period.

SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

Other than the authorisation to repurchase shares, approval of non-executive directors' remuneration and authority to

provide financial support to subsidiary companies, no special resolutions relating to the capital structure, borrowing powers or any other material matter that affects the understanding of the Group were passed.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties to the group are identified as the group's directors, prescribed officers, senior management, subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates. Disclosure of transactions with these parties during the year is provided in the audited group annual financial statements available online at www.groupfive.co.za.

SHAREHOLDER SPREAD

Details of shareholder categories are set out on pages 159 to 161 of this report.

DIVIDEND DECLARATION

The group has previously disclosed that the company has adopted an approximate four times basic earnings per share dividend cover policy. This policy is subject to review on a semi-annual basis, prior to dividend declaration, as distributions will be influenced by business growth or movements in earnings as a result of fair value accounting adjustments.

Details of the dividend declaration is set out on page 158 of this report.

DIRECTORS AND SECRETARY

The names and CVs of the directors appear on pages 12 to 15 and on the online integrated annual report under the corporate governance review, available at www.groupfive.co.za. Further information on the directors, including their interest in the shares of the company and share-based remuneration schemes are provided on pages 122 to 123, 133 and 160.

No contracts in which the directors share an interest were entered into.

The policy detailing the procedures for appointment to the board is detailed within the review from the company secretary that can be found on the online section of the integrated annual report at www.groupfive.co.za.

Appointments to the board are recommended by the nominations committee and considered by the board as a whole. This involves evaluating the existing balance of skills and experience against the needs of the group.

MR Upton, the group's previous Chief Executive Officer, retired from the board of directors and from the group on

DIRECTORS' REPORT

continued

28 November 2014. We thank him for his hard work and valuable contribution over the years he was with us.

In terms of the company's memorandum of incorporation, Ms PM Mthethwa (nee Buthelezi), Messrs NJ Chinyanta, and SG Morris are obliged to retire by rotation at this annual general meeting in accordance with the provisions of clause 24.6.2 of the company's memorandum of incorporation. Having so retired and being eligible, Ms PM Mthethwa, Messrs NJ Chinyanta, and SG Morris offer themselves for re-election. The board of directors has assessed the performance of the directors standing for election and re-election, and has found them suitable for appointment and reappointment. Refer to pages 122 to 123 and 131 to 132 for disclosure on non-executive and executive directors' remuneration.

DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS

At 30 June 2015, the number of ordinary shares held beneficially and non-beneficially by the current directors was 46 370 and 1 000 respectively (F2014: 311 984 and 1 000 respectively). There has been no material change in their holdings between the year-end and the date of this report.

BORROWING POWERS

In terms of the memorandum of incorporation, the company has unlimited borrowing powers. The revised memorandum of incorporation was approved by the shareholders at the previous annual general meeting held in November 2014.

GOING CONCERN

The directors believe that the group has adequate financial resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The board is not aware of any new material changes that may adversely impact the group. The board is not aware of any material non-compliance with statutory or regulatory requirements. The board is not aware of any pending changes in legislation in any of the major countries in which it operates that may affect the group.

EVENTS AFTER REPORTING DATE

Other than the declaration of the final dividend for the 2015 financial year on 7 August 2015, the board is not aware of any matter or circumstance arising since the end of the reporting period not otherwise dealt with in the

consolidated annual financial statements which significantly affects the financial position of the group as at 30 June 2015 or the results of its operations or cash flows for the year then ended.

INDUSTRY MATTERS

Management have continued to engage with the Competition Commission of South Africa ("the Commission") in an attempt to responsibly settle on any outstanding matters on reasonable terms, while conscious of its accountability to conclude this matter for the benefit of all its stakeholders.

As reported previously, the group has secured conditional leniency from the Commission in terms of the Commission's Corporate Leniency Policy in return for full disclosure of all matters that the group was able to uncover during its internal investigation process.

The group was implicated in four contracts which had not been detected through its internal investigation. During the year the Commission confirmed that its investigation into two of the four implicated contracts has been concluded, and the cases have been dropped.

Settlement on the remaining two contracts has not been concluded due to a lack of evidence and factual discrepancies which remain. During the year the Commission referred the alleged collusive tendering on these two remaining contracts to the Competition Tribunal. This was anticipated. The group continues to retain a co-operative stance with the Competition Authorities on these two long outstanding matters so that it may be expeditiously concluded and in so doing bring certainty to shareholders, employees and all other stakeholders.

Based on legal counsel assessment, any settlement or liability would be adequately covered by the provision raised in F2013.

The group continues to drive industry transformation priorities through its own internal strategy and work-plan, under the leadership of the CEO and a newly appointed dedicated senior transformation director. The group views addressing the issues of company and sector transformation as fundamental to re-aligning the interest of government with the priorities of the sector, as a precursor to, and in support of, the national agenda for the roll out of the much needed infrastructure programmes embodied in government's National Development Plan (NDP), and in support of our African focused growth plan.

BOND ISSUE UNDER THE BOND EXCHANGE OF SOUTH AFRICA (BESA) DOMESTIC MEDIUM TERM NOTES (DMTN) PROGRAMME

The JSE Limited granted a listing to the group in respect of two senior unsecured notes issued under the group's R1 billion Domestic Medium Term Note Programme.

Two unsecured bonds were issued on 11 April 2012 as follows:

- GFC03: R220 million, three-year, 7.87% floating (three-month JIBAR) interest rate payable quarterly. The bond settlement due date was 10 April 2015.
- GFC04: R280 million, five-year, 9.4850% fixed interest rate payable semi-annually. The settlement date for this bond is 11 April 2017. The primary application of these funds is intended to finance equity investments in Power, Transport, Real Estate opportunities and concessions.

The GFC03 bullet payment was settled in April 2015.

Global Credit Ratings agency awarded the group a long term National A- credit rating and a short term National A1- credit rating.

BORROWINGS

During the year, in addition to trade asset backed capital equipment finance leases and property backed finance the group entered into the following borrowing transactions:

- A revolving credit facility for USD20 million bearing a variable interest, linked to LIBOR, at year end of 2.03%. This loan is repayable in September 2015.
- A revolving credit facility for R250 million bearing a variable interest, linked to JIBAR, at year end of 8.6%. The revolving credit facility is available for a period of two years with the option to extend for one year. This loan replaces the funding previously made available by the domestic medium term note which was settled in April 2015.

AUDITORS

The policy with regard to the non-audit services provided by the external auditors is detailed within the review from the company secretary that can be found on the online section of the integrated annual report at www.groupfive.co.za. It confirms that the approval of non-audit work to be carried out by the external auditors is the responsibility of the audit committee and this is included within the committee's terms of reference.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Inc. will continue in office in accordance with section 90(6) of the Companies Act. At the annual general meeting shareholders will be requested to appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers Inc. as the group's auditors for the 2016 financial year and it is noted that M Naidoo will be the individual registered auditor who will undertake the audit.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (AGM)

The AGM will be held at 11:00 on 3 November 2015. Refer to pages 162 to 166 of this report for further details of the ordinary and special business for consideration at this meeting.

DOMICILE, COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION AND REGISTERED OFFICE

The company is incorporated in the Republic of South Africa, its domicile and registered offices are No 9 Country Estate Drive Waterfall Business Estate, Jukskei View, Johannesburg, 1662.

GROUP INCOME STATEMENT

for the year ended 30 June 2015

(R'000)	GROUP AUDITED	
	2015	2014 Restated*
Construction and related revenue	11 943 497	13 499 363
Revenue from goods and services supplied	1 852 519	1 831 617
Property sales and development fees	79 554	29 464
Revenue	13 875 570	15 360 444
Cost of material	(2 281 605)	(2 235 792)
Cost of subcontractors	(5 835 872)	(6 545 898)
Direct payroll cost	(3 454 480)	(3 417 574)
Other staff cost	(327 581)	(394 305)
Depreciation	(187 138)	(267 143)
Plant costs	(813 269)	(738 274)
Manufacturing distribution cost	(152 152)	(159 669)
Site administration costs	(340 657)	(654 952)
Other administration cost	(232 066)	(387 723)
Operating expenses	(13 624 820)	(14 801 330)
Operating profit before fair value adjustments	250 750	559 114
Fair value adjustment relating to investment in service concessions	115 726	83 840
Operating profit	366 476	642 954
Share of equity accounted profits	24 592	28 095
Finance cost – net	(1 622)	(1 779)
Finance cost	(64 255)	(66 504)
Finance income	62 633	64 725
Profit before taxation	389 446	669 270
Taxation	(109 045)	(229 738)
Profit for the year	280 401	439 532
Profit attributable to:		
Equity shareholders of Group Five Limited	223 884	401 421
Non-controlling interest	56 517	38 111
	280 401	439 532
Earnings per share – [Rand]	2,22	4,01
Fully diluted earnings per share – [Rand]	2,21	3,94

* Restated for the application of IFRS 5 – Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations, as a result of the decision to transfer the remaining business within the discontinued cluster of Construction Materials into continuing operations within the Manufacturing cluster.

GROUP STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended 30 June 2015

(R'000)	GROUP AUDITED	
	2015	2014
Profit for the year	280 401	439 532
Other comprehensive income		
<i>Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss</i>		
Exchange difference on translating foreign operations	131 114	78 391
<i>Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</i>		
Re-measurements of pension fund	20 440	53 503
Tax on re-measurement of pension fund	(5 723)	(14 981)
Other comprehensive income for the year	145 831	116 913
Total comprehensive income for the year	426 232	556 445
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Equity shareholders of Group Five Limited	369 715	518 334
Non-controlling interest	56 517	38 111
Total comprehensive income for the year	426 232	556 445

DETERMINATION OF GROUP HEADLINE EARNINGS

for the year ended 30 June 2015

(R'000)	GROUP AUDITED	
	2015	2014
Attributable profit	223 884	401 421
Adjusted for (net of tax)	(17 331)	5 399
– (Profit)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(918)	3 397
– Loss on impairment of investment in associate including a loss on acquisition of interest in subsidiary	–	2 002
– Profit on fair value adjustment on investment property held by associate company	(13 787)	–
– Net profit on disposal of an investment in associate including a reversal of impairment of investment in associate	(2 626)	–
Headline earnings	206 553	406 820

GROUP STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at 30 June 2015

(R'000)	GROUP AUDITED	
	2015	2014
Assets		
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	850 547	908 575
Investment property	103 544	95 607
Equity accounted investments	210 335	170 753
Investments in service concessions	384 095	421 563
Pension fund surplus	268 815	229 498
Deferred taxation	40 385	46 361
Non-current trade receivables	210 182	195 630
Total non-current assets	2 067 903	2 067 987
Current assets		
Inventories	357 614	345 766
Contracts in progress	884 305	637 719
Derivative financial instruments	–	5 146
Trade and other receivables	3 565 303	3 914 521
Cash and cash equivalents	3 389 936	2 912 240
Total current assets	8 197 158	7 815 392
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	–	49 671
Total assets	10 265 061	9 933 050
Equity and liabilities		
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent		
Stated capital	1 281 275	1 256 531
Retained earnings	1 450 104	1 297 259
Foreign currency translation reserve	196 999	65 885
Equity – shareholders	2 928 378	2 619 675
Non-controlling interest	58 969	73 298
Total equity	2 987 347	2 692 973
Non-current liabilities		
Interest-bearing borrowings	477 234	505 834
Provision for employment obligations	69 407	73 957
Provision for environmental rehabilitation	6 291	4 000
Deferred taxation	44 424	34 750
Non-current trade payables	–	17 363
Total non-current liabilities	597 356	635 904
Current liabilities		
Excess billings over work	938 614	1 428 136
Trade and other payables	4 977 797	4 500 938
Contract-related provisions	45 633	39 987
Current taxation payable	75 078	190 300
Current portion of interest-bearing borrowings	585 111	350 440
Short term borrowings	58 125	70 772
Total current liabilities	6 680 358	6 580 573
Liabilities associated with non-current assets classified as held for sale	–	23 600
Total liabilities	7 277 714	7 240 077
Total equity and liabilities	10 265 061	9 933 050

GROUP STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

for the year ended 30 June 2015

(R'000)	GROUP AUDITED	
	2015	2014 Restated*
Cash flow from operating activities		
Cash from operations before working capital changes	425 144	902 679
Working capital changes	118 838	(530 692)
Cash generated from operations	543 982	371 987
Finance income received	62 633	64 725
Finance costs paid	(64 255)	(66 504)
Taxation paid	(218 453)	(139 462)
Dividends paid	(85 756)	(80 166)
Cash effects of operating activities	238 151	150 580
Cash flow from investing activities		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(117 681)	(167 409)
Acquisition of investment property and associates	(1 841)	(25 154)
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment	49 773	41 448
Cash effects of investing activities	(69 749)	(151 115)
Cash flow from financing activities		
Distribution to non-controlling interest	(70 846)	(36 461)
Loans to equity accounted investments	(14 990)	(10 053)
Proceeds on service concessions investments	153 194	22 961
Interest-bearing borrowings raised	493 128	–
Interest-bearing borrowings repaid	(347 596)	(68 501)
Net proceeds from share options	4 753	6 660
Cash effects of financing activities	217 643	(85 394)
Effects of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	82 794	41 069
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	468 839	(44 860)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2 921 097	2 965 957
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	3 389 936	2 921 097
– Included in cash and cash equivalents per statement of financial position	3 389 936	2 912 240
– Included in non-current assets classified as held for sale	–	8 857
	3 389 936	2 921 097

* Restated for the application of IFRS 5 – Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations, as a result of the decision to transfer the remaining business within the discontinued cluster of Construction Materials into continuing operations within the Manufacturing cluster.

GROUP CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND DEPRECIATION

for the year ended 30 June 2015

(R'000)	GROUP AUDITED	
	2015	2014
– Capital expenditure for the year	148 596	261 593
– Capital expenditure committed or authorised for the next year	376 496	258 723
– Depreciation for the year	187 138	267 143

GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the year ended 30 June 2015

	Number of ordinary shares issued	Number of shares held by share trust	Net shares issued to public	Stated capital R'000	Foreign currency translation reserve R'000	Retained earnings R'000	Equity share- holders R'000	Non- controlling interest R'000	Total R'000
Balance at 30 June 2013	111 149 510	(11 643 098)	99 506 412	1 229 568	(12 506)	937 482	2 154 544	75 325	2 229 869
Issue of shares to share trust in terms of share scheme	954 983	(954 983)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issue of shares from share trust	-	1 292 374	1 292 374	6 660	-	-	6 660	-	6 660
Share-based payment expense	-	-	-	20 303	-	-	20 303	-	20 303
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	78 391	439 943	518 334	38 111	556 445
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	401 421	401 421	38 111	439 532
Pension fund re-measurement	-	-	-	-	-	53 503	53 503	-	53 503
Tax on pension fund re-measurement	-	-	-	-	-	(14 981)	(14 981)	-	(14 981)
Exchange differences arising from foreign operations	-	-	-	-	78 391	-	78 391	-	78 391
Distribution to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(36 461)	(36 461)
Acquisition of interest in subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3 677)	(3 677)
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-	(80 166)	(80 166)	-	(80 166)
Balance at 30 June 2014	112 104 493	(11 305 707)	100 798 786	1 256 531	65 885	1 297 259	2 619 675	73 298	2 692 973
Issue of shares to share trust in terms of share scheme (i)	102 376	(102 376)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issue of shares from share trust	-	326 119	326 119	4 753	-	-	4 753	-	4 753
Share-based payment expense	-	-	-	19 991	-	-	19 991	-	19 991
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	131 114	238 601	369 715	56 517	426 232
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	223 884	223 884	56 517	280 401
Pension fund re-measurement	-	-	-	-	-	20 440	20 440	-	20 440
Tax on pension fund re-measurement	-	-	-	-	-	(5 723)	(5 723)	-	(5 723)
Exchange differences arising from foreign operations	-	-	-	-	131 114	-	131 114	-	131 114
Distribution to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(70 846)	(70 846)
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-	(85 756)	(85 756)	-	(85 756)
Balance at 30 June 2015	112 206 869	(11 081 964)	101 124 905	1 281 275	196 999	1 450 104	2 928 378	58 969	2 987 347

The following movement in the number of shares took place in the year:

(i) Issue of shares in terms of share scheme:

Date	Price	Number of shares
September 2014	R41,50	1 414
October 2014	R12,55 – R40,89	68 896
March 2015	R25,30 – R25,75	26 899
May 2015	R31,00	5 167
Total		102 376

Non-controlling interest

Non-controlling interest mainly relates to profit share of controlled joint arrangements by the entity.

Foreign currency translation reserve

Non-distributable reserve arising from the translation of the assets and liabilities attributable to foreign operations to the presentation currency.

GROUP SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS

for the year ended 30 June 2015

SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segments reflect the management structure of the group for the period under review and the manner in which performance is evaluated and resources allocated as managed by the group's chief operating decision-maker, defined as the executive committee members (exco) of the group.

These operating segments for the year under review are defined as:

Operating segment	Revenue source
 ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION - Building & Housing - Civil Engineering - Projects - Energy	› Building and housing contractor for large real estate and related infrastructure contracts › Civil engineering contractor for roads, ports, airports, pipelines and large structures in the mining and industrial sectors › Engineering project contractor for structural, mechanical, piping and electrical engineering, as well as complete plant construction solutions › Multi-disciplinary project delivery from feasibility through to supporting bankability and front-end design, as well as project management of contracts during execution to completion, with a focus on the energy sector, including power plant construction and nuclear construction services › Industrial services contractor
 INVESTMENTS & CONCESSIONS	› Equipment supply, operations and maintenance revenue in concession contract developments in the transport sector › Rental and development sales of A-grade property assets generating development and investment returns
 MANUFACTURING	› Manufacture and sale of fibre cement products – exterior and interior walling, ceiling boards, roof tiles and pipes, fibre cement-clad, steel-framed modular housing systems › Manufacture and sale of steel products, including scaffolding, formwork and steel reinforcing for use in concrete structures, fabricated steel structures and large bore steel pipes

The group is focused by discipline and each discipline is led by an executive committee member.

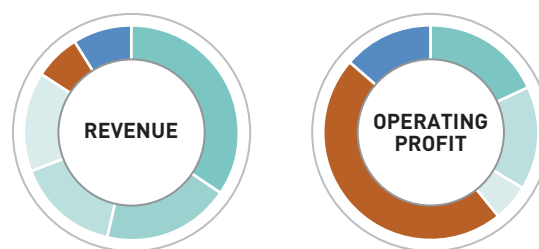
During the current year, the Construction cluster, which housed the Building & Housing, Civil Engineering and Projects segments, was consolidated with the previously named Engineering & Construction cluster, now named Energy, and renamed Engineering & Construction.

The role of exco is to drive the strategic intent of the group per segment. The executive committee members meet monthly to review the group's performance. Of primary focus to exco is the revenue, operating profit, capital expenditure and current assets per segment. Exco assesses the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of adjusted operating profit. This measurement basis excludes the effects of non-operational income and expenditure from the operating segments such as pension fund re-measurements, profit/loss on sale or impairment of subsidiaries and re-measurement of employment obligations. Gains or losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment, as well as investment property and fair value adjustments on service concessions and investment property are not adjusted as these are deemed to be in the segments' core operational control. The operating profit does not include any impairment adjustments. As exco reviews operating profit, the results of discontinued operations are not included in the measure of operating profit.

Management do not believe that there are any additional segments that require separate reporting. The reportable operating segments derive their revenue as described above. The group is also considered by geographical segment due to the extensive geographic footprint maintained by the group. The geographies are grouped into regions for reporting purposes as the group moves towards establishing operational hubs for management of regions.

The segmental information presented includes the reconciliation of IFRS measures presented on the face of the income statement to non-IFRS measures which are used by management to analyse the group's performance.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE: GROUP REVENUE AND OPERATING PROFIT



Note: Graphs represent F2015 values only.

	Gross revenue	Internal revenue	External revenue	Operating profit
2015 (R'000)				
Operational segments				
■ Engineering & Construction	11 967 481	(92 124)	11 875 357	43 836
■ Building & Housing	4 920 265	(34 314)	4 885 951	91 383
■ Civil Engineering	2 723 561	(57 810)	2 665 751	(96 263)
■ Projects	2 213 758	–	2 213 758	20 411
■ Energy	2 109 897	–	2 109 897	28 305
■ Investments & Concessions	995 125	–	995 125	236 638
■ Manufacturing	1 232 929	(174 134)	1 058 795	67 894
	14 195 535	(266 258)	13 929 277	348 368
Joint arrangements equity accounted and joint arrangements wholly consolidated			(53 707)	(11 313)
			13 875 570	337 055
<i>Adjustment for non-operational items</i>				18 874
Pension fund valuation surplus				
Net profit on an disposal of an investment in associate including a reversal of impairment of investment in associate				2 626
Re-measurement of employment obligation				7 921
Operating profit per income statement				366 476
2014 (R'000)				
Restated*				
Operational segments				
■ Engineering & Construction	13 768 521	(316 428)	13 452 093	370 860
■ Building & Housing	4 475 547	(45 034)	4 430 513	90 817
■ Civil Engineering	4 031 537	(271 394)	3 760 143	66 567
■ Projects	1 740 812	–	1 740 812	119 661
■ Energy	3 520 625	–	3 520 625	93 815
■ Investments & Concessions	905 013	–	905 013	197 021
■ Manufacturing	1 260 263	(200 186)	1 060 077	82 289
	15 933 797	(516 614)	15 417 183	650 170
Joint arrangements equity accounted and joint arrangements wholly consolidated			(56 739)	(9 138)
			15 360 444	641 032
<i>Adjustment for non-operational items</i>				6 944
Pension fund valuation surplus				
Loss on impairment of investment in associate including a loss on acquisition of interest in subsidiary				(2 002)
Re-measurement of employment obligation				(3 020)
Operating profit per income statement				642 954

Sales between segments are carried out of arm's length and are reflected above.

* Restated for the application of IFRS 5 – Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations, as a result of the decision to transfer the remaining business within the discontinued cluster of Construction Materials into continuing operations within the Manufacturing cluster.

GROUP SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS

continued

FINANCIAL POSITION: CURRENT ASSETS AND CAPITAL EXPENDITURE



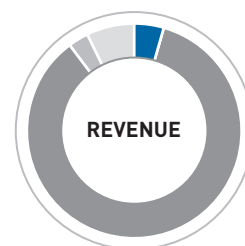
Note: Graphs represent F2015 values only.

(R'000)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Operational segments				
■ Engineering & Construction	4 046 432	4 193 043	104 694	207 025
■ Building & Housing	1 241 925	828 623	7 620	21 978
■ Civil Engineering	1 471 338	1 568 433	52 245	143 962
■ Projects	658 873	550 361	40 509	19 218
■ Energy	674 296	1 245 626	4 320	21 867
■ Investments & Concessions	305 216	301 051	15 301	16 223
■ Manufacturing	449 374	444 724	32 594	39 201
	4 801 022	4 938 818	152 589	262 449
Joint arrangements equity accounted and joint arrangements wholly consolidated	6 200	(35 666)	(3 993)	(856)
Bank balances and cash	4 807 222	4 903 152	148 596	261 593
	3 389 936	2 912 240	–	–
Total current assets per statement of financial position	8 197 158	7 815 392	–	–
Property, plant and equipment – additions	–	–	148 596	261 593

The measures of current assets and capital expenditure have been disclosed for each reportable segment as these are regularly provided to exco.

GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION

South Africa is regarded as the group's country of domicile. As described, the various geographies are monitored via operational hubs and thus disclosed as such below.



Note: Graphs represent F2015 values only.

(R'000)	2015	2014 Restated*
Geographical regions		
■ Eastern Europe	623 083	581 860
■ Eastern Africa	11 763	143 781
■ Southern Africa	11 895 079	12 966 788
■ Central Africa	419 977	1 447 380
■ Western Africa	979 375	277 374
	13 929 277	15 417 183
Joint arrangements equity accounted and joint arrangements wholly consolidated	(53 707)	(56 739)
	13 875 570	15 360 444
Per income statement	13 875 570	15 360 444

* Restated for the application of IFRS 5 – Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations, as a result of the decision to transfer the remaining business within the discontinued cluster of Construction Materials into continuing operations within the Manufacturing cluster.

GROUP STATISTICS

as at 30 June 2015

	GROUP AUDITED	
	2015	2014
Number of ordinary shares	101 124 905	100 798 786
– Shares in issue	112 206 869	112 104 493
– Less: shares held by share trusts	(11 081 964)	(11 305 707)
Weighted average number of shares ('000s)	100 895	100 053
Fully diluted weighted average number of shares ('000s)	101 298	101 897
Total operations		
EPS – R	2,22	4,01
HEPS – R	2,05	4,07
Fully diluted EPS – R	2,21	3,94
Fully diluted HEPS – R	2,04	3,99
Dividend cover (based on earnings per share)	4,0	4,0
Dividends per share (cents)	55,0	100,0
– Interim	30,0	45,0
– Final	25,0	55,0
Net asset value per share – R	28,96	25,99
Net debt to equity ratio	–	–
Current ratio	1,2	1,2

EPS: Earnings per share.

HEPS: Headline earnings per share.

ESTIMATES AND CONTINGENCIES

The group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future, particularly with regard to construction contract profit taking, provisions, arbitrations and claims and various fair value accounting policies.

Accounting estimates and judgements can, by definition, only approximate results, as the actual results may differ from such estimates. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Stakeholder attention is drawn to the contingent risk of civil claims possibly being lodged against the group, and all construction companies which were implicated in anti-competitive behaviour, following the Competition Commission release of its findings in June 2013 and the public interest reported in recent months. To date, no claim has been instituted against the group.

Total financial institution guarantees given to third parties on behalf of subsidiary companies amounted to R7 144 million as at 30 June 2015, compared to R7 298 million as at 31 December 2014 and R3 643 million as at 30 June 2014.

DIVIDEND DECLARATION

DIVIDEND DECLARATION

On 7 August 2015, the directors declared a gross dividend of 25 cents per ordinary share (cents per ordinary share net of dividend withholding tax) (H2 F2014: 55 cents).

- › The dividend has been declared from income reserves.
- › In terms of dividend withholding tax, the following additional information is disclosed:
 - › The dividend is subject to dividend withholding tax at 15% (3,75 cents per share)
 - › The net dividend will, therefore, be 21,25000 cents per share for shareholders who are not exempt from dividend withholding tax
 - › The amount of shares in issue at the date of this declaration is 112 206 869 (101 124 905 exclusive of treasury shares) and the company's tax reference number is 9625/077/71/5

In order to comply with the requirements of STRATE, the relevant details are:

Event	Date
Last date to trade (cum dividend)	Thursday, 17 September 2015
Shares to commence trading (ex-dividend)	Friday, 18 September 2015
Record date (date shareholders recorded in books)	Friday, 25 September 2015
Payment date	Monday, 28 September 2015

No share certificates may be dematerialised or rematerialised between Friday, 18 September 2015 and Friday, 25 September 2015, both dates inclusive.

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDERS

At 30 June 2015

	No of shareholders	%	No of shares	%
1. SHAREHOLDER SPREAD				
1 – 1 000 shares	3 436	73.17	875 903	0.78
1 001 – 10 000 shares	813	17.31	2 856 468	2.55
10 001 – 100 000 shares	326	6.94	11 361 369	10.13
100 001 – 1 000 000 shares	100	2.13	29 638 669	26.41
1 000 001 shares and over	21	0.45	67 474 460	60.13
Totals	4 696	100.00	112 206 869	100.00
2. DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDERS				
Banks	53	1.13	11 978 986	10.68
Close corporations	20	0.43	94 722	0.08
Empowerment	3	0.06	13 055 259	11.64
Endowment funds	26	0.55	287 402	0.26
Government	2	0.04	121 469	0.11
Individuals	3 847	81.92	4 653 771	4.15
Insurance companies	40	0.85	4 743 518	4.23
Investment companies	11	0.23	490 409	0.44
Medical schemes	20	0.43	231 913	0.21
Mutual funds	130	2.77	39 080 521	34.82
Other corporations	6	0.13	16 930	0.01
Private companies	59	1.26	3 539 703	3.15
Public companies	5	0.11	21 262	0.02
Retirement funds	220	4.68	32 768 971	29.20
Share trust	1	0.02	26 705	0.02
Trusts	253	5.39	1 095 328	0.98
Totals	4 696	100.00	112 206 869	100.00
3. PUBLIC/NON-PUBLIC SHAREHOLDERS				
Non-public shareholders	16	0.34	13 330 916	11.88
Directors of the company	1	0.02	47 370	0.04
Executive committee members of the company	5	0.11	119 423	0.11
Senior management of the company	6	0.13	82 159	0.07
Empowerment trusts	3	0.06	13 055 259	11.64
Share trusts	1	0.02	26 705	0.02
Public shareholders	4 680	99.66	98 875 953	88.12
Totals	4 696	100.00	112 206 869	100.00

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDERS

continued

	No of shares	%
4. BENEFICIAL SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING 5% OR MORE		
Government Employees Pension Fund	17 574 605	15.66
Group Five Limited Black Professionals Staff Trust	12 356 865	11.01
Sanlam	11 615 617	10.35
PSG Konsult	10 228 579	9.12
Allan Gray	8 170 697	7.28
Totals	59 946 363	53.42
5. DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY		
CMF Teixeira	47 370	0.04
Totals	47 370	0.04
6. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBERS OF THE COMPANY		
J Doorasamy	6 099	0.01
JW Hillary	3 838	0.00
GD Mottram	25 703	0.02
JA Wallace	82 150	0.08
WI Zeelie	1 633	0.00
Totals	119 423	0.11
7. SENIOR MANAGEMENT OF THE COMPANY		
SRAL de la Motte	36	0.00
PJ de Vries	5 904	0.01
FH Enslin	26 423	0.02
NM Humphreys	30 276	0.03
NC Katamzi	3 593	0.00
SH Ryninks	15 927	0.01
Totals	82 159	0.07
8. EMPOWERMENT TRUSTS		
Group Five Limited Black Professionals Staff Trust	12 356 865	11.02
Group Five Black Management Scheme	677 045	0.60
Group Five Black Management Scheme – exiting participants	21 349	0.02
Totals	13 055 259	11.64
9. SHARE TRUST		
Rivonia Share Scheme Services (Pty) Limited	26 705	0.02
Totals	26 705	0.02

		No of shares	%
10. TOP 20 BENEFICIAL SHAREHOLDERS			
Rank	Name of shareholder		
1	Government Employees Pension Fund	17 574 605	15.66
2	Group Five Limited Black Professionals Staff Trust	12 356 865	11.01
3	Sanlam	11 615 617	10.35
4	PSG Konsult	10 228 579	9.12
5	Allan Gray	8 170 697	7.28
6	Investment Solutions	3 505 695	3.12
7	Ellerine Brothers	2 144 991	1.91
8	Mines Pension Fund	1 983 316	1.77
9	Fidelity	1 754 352	1.56
10	Prudential	1 411 063	1.26
11	Transnet Pension Fund	1 072 361	0.96
12	Public Service Pension Fund	978 853	0.87
13	Vanguard	920 865	0.82
14	Metal & Engineering Industries	875 571	0.78
15	Coronation Fund Managers	783 058	0.70
16	Old Mutual	738 484	0.66
17	Telkom Retirement Fund	688 663	0.61
18	Citadel	684 685	0.61
19	Absa Group Pension Fund	639 947	0.57
20	MMI Holdings Limited	593 911	0.53
Totals		78 722 178	70.15
11. TOP TEN COUNTRIES BASED ON BENEFICIAL SHAREHOLDERS			
Rank	Name of country		
1	South Africa	86 267 150	76.88
2	USA	9 889 531	8.81
3	UK	1 889 158	1.68
4	Luxembourg	1 771 655	1.58
5	Swaziland	844 799	0.75
6	Sweden	521 000	0.46
7	Namibia	371 191	0.33
8	Netherlands	213 966	0.19
9	Ireland	58 762	0.05
10	Switzerland	23 000	0.02
Totals		101 850 212	90.75

NOTICE OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

GROUP FIVE LIMITED

(Registration number 1969/000032/06)
(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)
Share code: GRF ISIN code: ZAE000027405
[“Group Five” or “the company” or “the group”]

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the annual general meeting of shareholders of the company will be held at the registered office of Group Five, No 9 Country Estate Drive, Waterfall Business Estate, Jukskei View, Johannesburg, on Tuesday, 3 November 2015 at 11:00, to consider and, if deemed fit, pass, with or without modification, the ordinary and special resolutions set out below and to deal with such other business as may be lawfully dealt with at the meeting.

PRESENTATION TO SHAREHOLDERS OF:

- › The consolidated annual financial statements of the company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 30 June 2015
- › Directors’ report
- › Independent auditor’s report
- › Audit committee report
- › Social and ethics committee report

The complete annual financial statements are available on www.groupfive.co.za

RESOLUTIONS FOR CONSIDERATION AND ADOPTION

1. ORDINARY RESOLUTION NUMBER 1: Re-election of directors

Ms PM Mthethwa (nee Buthelezi), Messrs NJ Chinyanta, and SG Morris are obliged to retire by rotation at this annual general meeting in accordance with the provisions of clause 24.6.2 of the company’s memorandum of incorporation. Having so retired and being eligible, Ms PM Mthethwa, Messrs NJ Chinyanta, and SG Morris offer themselves for re-election.

- 1.1 **ORDINARY RESOLUTION NUMBER 1.1**
“RESOLVED that PM Mthethwa be and is hereby re-elected as a director of the company with effect from 3 November 2015.”
- 1.2 **ORDINARY RESOLUTION NUMBER 1.2**
“RESOLVED that NJ Chinyanta be and is hereby re-elected as a director of the company with effect from 3 November 2015.”
- 1.3 **ORDINARY RESOLUTION NUMBER 1.3**
“RESOLVED that SG Morris be and is hereby re-elected as a director of the company with effect from 3 November 2015.”

The board of directors has assessed the performance of the directors standing for re-election and has found them suitable for reappointment. A brief CV in respect of each director standing for re-election appears on pages 12 to 15 of this integrated annual report, as well as in the online section of the integrated annual report.

2. ORDINARY RESOLUTION NUMBER 2: Election of group audit committee members subject, where necessary, to their reappointment as directors of the company in terms of the resolutions in paragraph 1 above.

To elect by separate resolutions a group audit committee comprising independent non-executive directors, as provided in section 94(4) of the Companies Act and appointed in terms of section 94(2) of the Companies Act to hold office until the next annual general meeting to perform the duties and responsibilities stipulated in section 94(7) of the Companies Act and the King III Report on Governance for South Africa 2009 and to perform such other duties and responsibilities as may from time to time be delegated by the board of directors for the company and all subsidiary companies.

2.1 ORDINARY RESOLUTION NUMBER 2.1

“RESOLVED that SG Morris be and is hereby elected as a member and chairperson of the group audit committee of the company with effect from 3 November 2015.”

2.2 ORDINARY RESOLUTION NUMBER 2.2

“RESOLVED that JL Job be and is hereby elected as a member of the group audit committee of the company with effect from 3 November 2015.”

2.3 ORDINARY RESOLUTION NUMBER 2.3

“RESOLVED that KK Mpinga be and is hereby elected as a member of the group audit committee of the company with effect from 3 November 2015.”

2.4 ORDINARY RESOLUTION NUMBER 2.4

“RESOLVED that B Ngonyama be and is hereby elected as a member of the group audit committee of the company with effect from 3 November 2015.”

2.5 ORDINARY RESOLUTION NUMBER 2.5

“RESOLVED that VM Rague be and is hereby elected as a member of the group audit committee of the company with effect from 3 November 2015.”

2.6 ORDINARY RESOLUTION NUMBER 2.6

“RESOLVED that MR Thompson be and is hereby elected as a member of the group audit committee of the company with effect from 3 November 2015.”

3. **ORDINARY RESOLUTION NUMBER 3: Approval of remuneration policy**

“**RESOLVED** through a non-binding advisory vote, the company’s remuneration policy (excluding the remuneration of non-executive directors for their services as directors and members of the board or statutory committees) and its implementation, as set out in the remuneration report contained on pages 108 to 121 of this integrated annual report be and is hereby approved.”

This ordinary resolution is of an advisory nature only and although the board will take the outcome of the vote into consideration when determining the remuneration policy, failure to pass this resolution will not legally preclude the company from implementing the remuneration policy as contained in the integrated annual report.

4. **ORDINARY RESOLUTION NUMBER 4: Re-appointment of auditors**

As set out in the group audit committee report in the audited group annual financial statements available online at www.groupfive.co.za, the group audit committee has assessed PricewaterhouseCoopers Incorporated’s performance, independence and suitability and has nominated them for reappointment as independent external auditors of the group, to hold office until the next annual general meeting.

“**RESOLVED** that PricewaterhouseCoopers Incorporated, with the designated audit partner being Megandra Naidoo, be and is hereby reappointed as independent external auditors of the group for the ensuing year. Further, that the term of engagement and fees be determined by the audit committee.”

5. **ORDINARY RESOLUTION NUMBER 5: Control of authorised but unissued shares**

“**RESOLVED** that the authorised but unissued shares in the capital of the company be and are hereby placed under the control and authority of the directors of the company and that the directors of the company be and are hereby authorised and empowered to allot, issue and otherwise dispose of such shares to such person or persons on such terms and conditions and at such times as the directors of the company may from time to time and at their discretion deem fit, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, the memorandum of incorporation of the company and the JSE Limited (JSE) Listings Requirements, when applicable. The issuing of shares granted under this authority will be limited to Group Five’s existing contractual obligations

to issue shares, including for purposes of the Group Five Share Appreciation Rights Scheme (SARS) approved on 13 October 2010, the Group Five Long Term Share Incentive Plan (LTIP) approved on 27 November 2012, any scrip dividend and/or capitalisation share award, and shares required to be issued for the purpose of carrying out the terms of the SARS and LTIP employee schemes.”

6. **ORDINARY RESOLUTION NUMBER 6: Authority to sign all documents required**

“**RESOLVED** that any one of the directors and/or the group secretary be and is hereby authorised to do all such things and sign all documents and procure the doing of all such things and the signature of all such documents as may be necessary or incidental to give effect to all ordinary and special resolutions to be proposed at the annual general meeting at which this resolution will be proposed.”

7. **SPECIAL RESOLUTION NUMBER 1: Authorisation of non-executive directors’ remuneration**

“**RESOLVED** that the proposed remuneration of non-executive directors for the year ended 30 June 2016 be approved as follows:

	F2015 (actual)	F2016 (proposed)
Main board – chairperson	R920 000	R980 000
Main board – non-executive director	R230 000	R245 000
Lead independent director	R385 000	R410 000
Audit committee – chairperson	R225 000	R240 000
Audit committee – member	R112 000	R119 000
Remuneration committee – chairperson	R153 000	R163 000
Remuneration committee – member	R79 000	R84 000
Risk committee – chairperson	R153 000	R163 000
Risk committee – member	R79 000	R84 000
Nominations committee – chairperson*	R112 000	R119 000
Nominations committee – member	R59 500	R63 000
Social and ethics committee – chairperson	R153 000	R163 000
Social and ethics committee – member	R79 000	R84 000
Extraordinary services – per hour	R3 210	R3 500

* Included in chairperson’s fee.

8. SPECIAL RESOLUTION NUMBER 2: General authority to repurchase shares

“RESOLVED that, subject to compliance with the JSE Listings Requirements, the Companies Act and the memorandum of incorporation of the company, the directors of the company be and are hereby authorised at their discretion to procure that the company or subsidiaries of the company acquire by repurchase on the JSE ordinary shares issued by the company provided that:

- › the number of ordinary shares acquired in any one financial year shall not exceed 20% (twenty percent) of the ordinary shares in issue at the date on which this resolution is passed;
- › this must be effected through the order book operated by the JSE trading system and done without any prior understanding or arrangement between the company and the counterparty;
- › this authority shall lapse on the earlier of the date of the next annual general meeting of the company or 15 months after the date on which this resolution is passed; and
- › the price paid per ordinary share may not be greater than 10% (ten percent) above the weighted average of the market value of the ordinary shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date on which a purchase is made.

RATIONALE FOR THE AUTHORITY

The rationale for this special resolution is to authorise the directors, if they deem it appropriate in the interests of the company, to procure that the company or subsidiaries of the company acquire or repurchase ordinary shares issued by the company subject to the restrictions contained in the above resolution. At the present time the directors have no specific intention with regard to the utilisation of this authority which will only be used if the circumstances are appropriate. The directors, after considering the effect of a repurchase of up to 20% (twenty percent) of the company's issued ordinary shares, are of the opinion that if such repurchase is implemented:

- › the company and the group will be able to pay their debts in the ordinary course of business for a period of 12 months after the date of this notice;
- › the recognised and measured assets of the company and the group in accordance with the accounting policies used in the latest audited annual group financial statements, will exceed the liabilities of the company and the group for a period of 12 months after the date of this notice;
- › the ordinary capital and reserves of the company and the group will be adequate for the purposes of the business of the company and the group for a period of 12 months after the date of this notice; and
- › the working capital of the company and the group will be adequate for the purposes of the business of the company and the group for a period of 12 months after the date of this notice.

The directors undertake that:

- › the company or the group will not repurchase securities during a prohibited period as defined in paragraph 3.67 of the JSE Listings Requirements unless the company has a repurchase programme in place where the dates and quantities of securities to be traded during the relevant prohibited period are fixed (not subject to any variation) and full details of the programme have been disclosed to the JSE prior to the commencement of the prohibited period;
- › an announcement will be made when the company has cumulatively repurchased 3% (three percent) of the initial number of the relevant class of securities, and for each 3% (three percent) in aggregate of the initial number of that class acquired thereafter;
- › the company will only appoint one agent to effect any repurchase(s) on its behalf; and
- › prior to entering the market to repurchase the company's securities, a company resolution to authorise the repurchase will have been passed in accordance with the requirements of section 48 of the Companies Act, and stating that the board has acknowledged that it has applied the solvency and liquidity test as set out in section 4 of the Companies Act and has reasonably concluded that the company will satisfy the solvency and liquidity test immediately after completing the proposed distribution.

DISCLOSURES REQUIRED IN TERMS OF THE JSE LISTINGS REQUIREMENTS

The following information is provided in accordance with paragraph 11.26 of the JSE Listings Requirements and relates to special resolution number 2 above.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

The directors, whose names are given on pages 12 to 15 of this integrated annual report, collectively and individually accept full responsibility for the accuracy of the information given in special resolution number 2, and certify that to the best of their knowledge and belief there are no facts that have been omitted which would make any statements false or misleading and that all reasonable enquiries to ascertain such facts have been made and that this resolution and additional disclosure in terms of paragraph 11.26 of the JSE Listings Requirements pertaining thereto contain all information required by law and the JSE Listings Requirements.

MATERIAL CHANGES

Other than the facts and developments reported on in these annual financial statements, there have been no material changes in the affairs, financial or trading position of the group since the signature date of this integrated annual report and the posting date thereof.

The following disclosures required in terms of the JSE Listings Requirements are set out in accordance

with the reference pages in this integrated annual report of which this notice forms part:

- major shareholders of the company (pages 159 to 161); and
- share capital of the company (page 152).

9. **SPECIAL RESOLUTION NUMBER 3: General authority to provide financial assistance to related and inter-related companies**

“RESOLVED as a special resolution in terms of the Companies Act that the provision by the company of any direct or indirect financial assistance as contemplated in section 45 of the Companies Act to any 1 (one) or more related or inter-related companies of the company, be and is hereby approved, provided that:

1. (i) the specific recipient or recipients of such financial assistance;
- (ii) the form, nature and extent of such financial assistance;
- (iii) the terms and conditions under which such financial assistance is provided are determined by the board of directors of the company from time to time;
2. the board has satisfied the requirements of section 45 of the Companies Act in relation to the provision of any financial assistance;
3. such financial assistance to a recipient thereof is, in the opinion of the board of directors of the company, required for the purpose of:
 - (i) meeting all or any of such recipient's operating expenses (including capital expenditure); and/or
 - (ii) funding the growth, expansion, reorganisation or restructuring of the businesses or operations of such recipient; and/or
 - (iii) any other purpose, which in the opinion of the board of directors of the company, is directly or indirectly in the interests of the company; and
4. the authority granted in terms of this special resolution shall end 2 (two) years from the date of adoption of this special resolution.”

RATIONALE FOR THE AUTHORITY

The rationale for special resolution number 3 is to grant the directors of Group Five the authority to provide direct or indirect financial assistance through the lending of money, guaranteeing of a loan or other obligation and securing any debt or obligation, to its subsidiaries, associates and inter-related companies.

10. **TO TRANSACT SUCH OTHER BUSINESS AS MAY BE TRANSACTED AT AN ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.**

RECORD DATE

The board of directors of the company have set Friday, 23 October 2015, as the record date for determining which shareholders are entitled to participate in and vote at the annual general meeting.

IDENTIFICATION, VOTING AND PROXIES

In terms of section 63(1) of the Companies Act, any person attending or participating in the annual general meeting must present reasonable satisfactory identification and the person presiding at the annual general meeting must be reasonably satisfied that the right of any person to participate in and vote (as shareholder or as proxy for a shareholder) has been reasonably verified. Suitable forms of identification will include valid identity documentation, driver's licences and passports.

A form of proxy is attached for the convenience of any certificated or dematerialised Group Five shareholders with own-name registrations who cannot attend the annual general meeting, but wish to be represented. To be valid, completed forms of proxy must be received by the transfer secretaries of the company, Computershare Investor Services (Pty) Limited, Ground Floor, 70 Marshall Street, Johannesburg, 2001 (PO Box 61051, Marshalltown, 2107) by no later than 11:00 on Friday, 30 October 2015.

All beneficial owners of Group Five shares who have dematerialised their shares through a central securities depository participant (CSDP) or broker, other than those with own-name registration, and all beneficial owners of shares who hold certificated shares through a nominee, must provide their CSDP, broker or nominee with their voting instructions, in accordance with the agreement between the beneficial owner and the CSDP, broker or nominee. Should such beneficial owners wish to attend the meeting in person, they must request their CSDP, broker or nominee to issue them with the appropriate letter of representation. Group Five does not accept responsibility and will not be held liable for any failure on the part of a CSDP or broker to notify such Group Five shareholder of the annual general meeting.

ELECTRONIC PARTICIPATION BY SHAREHOLDERS

In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, Group Five intends to offer shareholders reasonable access, through electronic facilities, to participate in the annual general meeting by means of a conference call facility. Shareholders will be able to listen to the proceedings and raise questions should they wish to do so. Shareholders are invited to indicate their intention to make use of this facility by applying in writing (including details on how the shareholder or representative (including proxy) can be contacted) to the transfer secretaries, at the address above. The aforesaid application is to be received by the transfer secretaries at least 7 (seven) business days prior to the annual general meeting, namely Friday, 23 October 2015.

NOTICE OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

continued

The transfer secretaries will, by way of e-mail, provide information enabling participation to those shareholders who have made such application. Voting will not be possible via the electronic facility and shareholders wishing to exercise their voting rights at the annual general meeting are required to be represented at the meeting either in person, by proxy or by letter of representation as provided for in the notice of annual general meeting.

The company reserves the right not to provide for electronic participation at the annual general meeting if it determines that it is not practical to do so, or an insufficient number of shareholders (or their representatives or proxies) request to participate in this manner.

By order of the board



N (Nonqaba) Katamzi

Company secretary

7 August 2015

Registered office

Group Five Limited
No 9 Country Estate Drive
Waterfall Business Estate
Jukskei View
Johannesburg 1662

Postnet Suite 500
Private Bag X26
Sunninghill
2157

Transfer secretaries

Computershare Investor
Services (Pty) Limited
70 Marshall Street
Johannesburg 2001

PO Box 61051
Marshalltown
2107

FORM OF PROXY

GROUP FIVE LIMITED

(Registration number 1969/000032/06)
 (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)
 Share code: GRF ISIN code: ZAE000027405
 ("Group Five" or "the company" or "the group")

For use at the annual general meeting of the holders of ordinary shares in the company ("Group Five shareholders") to be held at the registered office of Group Five, No 9 Country Estate Drive, Waterfall Business Estate, Jukskei View, Johannesburg on Tuesday, 3 November 2015 ("the annual general meeting") at 11:00. Group Five shareholders who have dematerialised their Group Five shares through a CSDP or broker must not complete this form of proxy and must provide their CSDP or broker with their voting instructions, except for Group Five shareholders who have elected own-name registration in the sub-register through a CSDP or broker and certificated shareholders, which shareholders must complete this form of proxy and lodge it with the transfer secretaries. Holders of dematerialised Group Five shares wishing to attend the annual general meeting must inform their CSDP or broker of such intention and request their CSDP/broker to issue them with the relevant authorisation to attend.

I/We

of (address)

being the registered holder(s) of ordinary shares in the capital of the company, hereby appoint (see note 1):

1. or,	failing him/her
2. or,	failing him/her
3. or,	failing him/her

the chairperson of the annual general meeting as my/our proxy to act for me/us at the annual general meeting for the purposes of considering and, if deemed fit, passing, with or without modification, the resolutions to be proposed thereat and at each adjournment thereof and to vote for and/or against the resolutions and/or abstain from voting in respect of the ordinary shares registered in my/our name(s) in accordance with the instructions/notes on the reverse side hereof.

Proposed ordinary/special resolutions	In favour	Against	Abstain
Ordinary resolutions			
1. Ordinary resolution number 1: Re-election of directors			
1.1 Election of PM Mthethwa as a director			
1.2 Election of NJ Chinyanta as a director			
1.3 Election of SG Morris as a director			
2. Ordinary resolution number 2: Election of group audit committee members			
2.1 Election of SG Morris as member and chairperson of the group audit committee			
2.2 Election of JL Job as member of the group audit committee			
2.3 Election of KK Mpinga as member of the group audit committee			
2.4 Election of B Ngonyama as member of the group audit committee			
2.5 Election of VM Rague as member of the group audit committee			
2.6 Election of MR Thompson as member of the group audit committee			
3. Ordinary resolution number 3: Approval of remuneration policy, through a non-binding advisory vote			
4. Ordinary resolution number 4: Re-appointment of auditors			
5. Ordinary resolution number 5: Control of authorised but unissued shares			
6. Ordinary resolution number 6: Authority to sign all documents required			
Special resolutions			
7. Special resolution number 1: Authorisation of non-executive directors' remuneration			
8. Special resolution number 2: General authority to repurchase shares			
9. Special resolution number 3: General authority to provide financial assistance to related or inter-related companies			

A member entitled to attend and vote at the annual general meeting may appoint one or more proxies to attend, vote, speak and act in his stead.

A proxy need not be a member of the company.

Signed at _____ on _____ 2015

Signature _____

assisted by me (where applicable)

(State capacity and full name) (see note 10). Please use block letters.

Please read the notes on the reverse side hereof.

NOTES TO THE FORM OF PROXY

1. This form of proxy must only be used by certificated ordinary shareholders or dematerialised ordinary shareholders who hold dematerialised ordinary shares with “own-name” registrations.
2. Dematerialised ordinary shareholders are reminded that the onus is on them to communicate with their CSDP or broker.
3. A Group Five shareholder may insert the name of a proxy or the names of two alternative proxies of his/her choice in the spaces provided, with or without deleting “the chairperson of the general meeting”, but any such deletion must be initialled by the Group Five shareholder concerned.
4. If two or more proxies attend the meeting, then that person attending the meeting whose name appears first on the form of proxy, and whose name is not deleted, shall be regarded as the validly appointed proxy.
5. The authority of a person signing a form of proxy in a representative capacity must be attached to the form of proxy unless that authority has already been recorded by the company’s transfer secretaries or waived by the chairperson of the annual general meeting.
6. In order to be effective, forms of proxy must reach the registered office of the company or the company’s transfer secretaries at least 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays).
7. Any alteration or correction made to this form of proxy must be initialled by the signatory/(ies).
8. If this form of proxy is returned without any indication as to how the proxy should vote, the proxy will be entitled to vote or abstain from voting as he thinks fit.
9. The delivery of the duly completed form of proxy shall not preclude any member or his duly authorised representative from attending the meeting, speaking and voting instead of such duly appointed proxy.
10. A minor must be assisted by his/her parent or guardian unless the relevant documents establishing his/her legal capacity are produced or have been registered by the company.
11. Where there are joint holders of any shares:
 - any one holder may sign this form of proxy; and
 - the vote(s) of the senior shareholders (for that purpose seniority will be determined by the order in which the names of shareholders appear in the company’s register of members) who tenders a vote (whether in person or by proxy) will be accepted to the exclusion of the vote(s) of the other joint shareholder(s).

Registered office

Group Five Limited
No 9 Country Estate Drive
Waterfall Business Estate
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Johannesburg 1662

Postnet Suite 500
Private Bag X26
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2157

Transfer secretaries

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www.groupfive.co.za